The Courier-Journal.

VOL. CXI. NEW SERIES—NO. 14,790. LOUISVILLE, TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1909.—10 PAGES. PRICE {THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

The Weather.

Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

Kentucky—Local showers Tuesday; Wednesday partly cloudy and somewhat lower temperatures.

Tennessee—Local showers Tuesday and Wednesday.

Indiana—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday; slightly lower temperature; light to moderate north and northeast winds.

THE LATEST.

County Prosecutor Hunt's spectacular raiding campaign against the bucket shops of Cincinnati was continued yesterday when he and ten deputies overpowered two armed watchmen and raided the offices of the Consolidated Stock and Grain Company. C. A. Acton and C. B. Fox were arrested and all the books of the concern were taken and the wires cut.

J. P. Morgan & Co., who have been designated to represent the American syndicate in the matter of the Chinese loan of $27,500,000 for the construction of the Hankow-Sze-Chuen railroad, have opened negotiations with the bankers in London, Paris and Berlin concerned in the negotiations.

The Woodill murder is a closed case as far as the Maryland authorities are concerned. The State's Attorney said he was convinced that Eastman alone committed the crime, though four members of the Coroner's jury thought there were grounds for believing that others were implicated.

Attorneys for Broughton Brandenburg in defending him against the charge that he had committed grand larceny by selling the Grover Cleveland letter to the New York Times, placed their final witnesses on the stand yesterday and closed the case for the defense.

Prince von Buelow authorized the announcement that he intends to retire from the chancellorship of the German empire in any event so soon as the pending finance reform measure is disposed of in one way or another. The prince remains in office only temporarily in an endeavor to pass the bill.

A resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution authorizing an income tax without apportionment among the States, was reported to the Senate by Chairman Aldrich, of the Finance Committee. Senator Borah objected to immediate consideration.

A settlement of the Pittsburg street car strike was effected at a hastily called conference of union men and car company officials at a late hour last night at the Mayor's office. The cars will be put in operation at 5 o'clock this morning.

Attorney General Wickersham refused to send to the Senate the file in the Department of Justice relating to the trial of Dr. E. B. Perrin, charged with conspiracy to defraud the Government in California timber land cases.

State Senator Israel W. Durham, one of the Republican leaders of Philadelphia and prominent in State politics, died suddenly at his summer residence in Atlantic City yesterday afternoon. He had been ailing for several years.

The Indiana Refining Company's oil tanks at Torrent, Ky., were destroyed by lightning. The blazing oil set fire to surrounding buildings and the loss is estimated at $50,000.

George W. Ristine, president of the Tennessee Central railroad, with headquarters in Nashville, has resigned and the resignation will take effect on July 1, when Mr. Ristine will return to Chicago.

On motion of the Commonwealth's Attorney eighty-five indictments charging Mueller, Wathen & Kabert, distillers, with retailing whisky were dismissed in the Marion Circuit Court.

The number of cholera cases recorded during the past twenty-four hours at St. Petersburg shows a diminution. Sixty-one cases were removed to hospitals and there were thirty deaths.

A dozen persons were injured in a collision on the Berlin branch of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railway between a passenger train and a work train at Berlin, Conn.

The Senate voted to put cotton bagging on the free list, but declined to allow the planters free ties. The debate on the tariff schedules was completed yesterday.

At a meeting of the Evansville striking car men the dynamiting of cars was denounced, and Ben Commons said the perpetrators should be brought to justice.

Prof. Ernest von Halle, the political economist, died at Berlin of pleurisy. He was born in 1868. Prof. von Halle was well known in the United States.

Joseph B. Hamilton, a farmer living east of Salem, Ind., committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart with a shotgun.

The report of the new ginners' association issued late yesterday gives the cotton average up to June 24 as 75.6.

The Senate agreed to the conference report on the census bill and it now awaits the President's signature.

There were ten deaths from the heat in Chicago yesterday. Two deaths were reported in Indiana.

BIG SHAKE-UP TO COME SOON

Whittaker and Others At Reformatory To Go.

One Or Two Trustees' Heads Expected To Fall.

Dr. Peyton, of Jeffersonville, May Be Superintendent.

CALLS ON GOV. MARSHALL.

Indianapolis, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—There will be a shake-up in the Indiana Reformatory within the next few days, and it looks to-night like not only Superintendent Will H. W[illegible]ker, but one or two of the trustees [illegible]d be asked by Gov. Marshall to ha[illegible] their resignations. That Superi[illegible]nt Whittaker will go is certain, but [illegible] Gov. Marshall does not know who [illegible]cceed him for the reason that he w[illegible]ve that matter solely with the board [illegible]ustees.

Kentucky State Library

It is believed here th[illegible]r. D. C. Peyton, of Jeffersonville, [illegible]ave the position of superintendent [illegible] wants it. He had a long conference with the Governor this afternoon in company with Dr. Harry C. Sharp, the newly appointed trustee, who is a Clark conunty man, like Dr. Peyton. It is said to be the view of Trustee Sharp that inasmuch as Jeffersonville has to bear the odium of having a penal institution within its borders that it ought to have some of the usufruct. However, all applicants for the position will have to show the board evidences of capability before the appointment is made. Nothing will be done hastily, the Governor says.

* * *

Gov. Marshall Wants Change.

Gov. Marshall is plainly displeased with the management of the Indiana Reformatory, and he does not hesitate to say so. He is not displeased with Superintendent Whittaker because he is a Republican, but for other causes, one reason being that he has not devoted all of his time to the management of the reformatory. It seems Mr. Whittaker is interested in a coal company in Indianapolis and has been going about the country too much to suit the Governor. There is no charge of malfeasance or misfeasance against the superintendent, but now since the officials have begun to make charges against each other the Governor believes it is about time to take action.

* * *

Charges Against Barnard.

Sensational charges were made yesterday morning by Superintendent Whittaker against Assistant Superintendent Merris M. Barnard, the inside manager of the reformatory, who has to do with the assignment of inmates to contractors and who can make it pleasant or unpleasant for a contractor if he desires to do so. Superintendent Whittaker told the Governor that it came to his knowledge recently that the Indiana Manufacturing Company, which has the lease of about 300 inmates, has been giving Mr. Barnard a present of $100 a month, and that on one occasion Barnard borrowed $1,000 from the corporation.

* * *

Not a Criminal Offense.

Superintendent Whittaker suggested to the Governor that if these charges are true the assistant superintendent should be prosecuted. The Governor told Mr. Whittaker that he knew of no law making it a criminal offense to accept presents, but it looked mighty bad for an official to be guilty of such practices. The Governor told Superintendent Whittaker to get all of the facts and lay them before the Prosecuting Attorney of Clark county at Jeffersonville.

The fact that Mr. Barnard has been the assistant of Superintendent Whittaker for six years and such things have been allowed to go on greatly surprised the Governor, assuming that the charges are true. The friends of Barnard were astounded at the charges and also over the announcement that Barnard had resigned without asking for an investigation. The Governor would have been glad to have given him a hearing.

* * *

Story About An Organ.

The Governor is not pleased with the manner in which a large organ was procured for the chapel in the Reformatory, and he says the $875 contributed by the inmates to help pay for this organ must be returned to them. It appears that one Sunday morning Gov. J. Frank Hanly appeared at the Reformatory chapel exercises. Gov. Hanly is a devout Methodist, and in the course of the meeting he observed that there was no music.

"Boys," said Gov. Hanly, "you cannot worship the Lord properly without good music. You ought to have a large organ in this chapel, and I will give $100 toward its purchase."

The other officials of the Reformatory arose, among them Supt. Whittaker and Asst. Supt. Barnard, and said they would each give $100. It appears that Gov. Hanly never paid but $75 of his $100 subscription. In this connection, it was reported to the Governor that one inmate had $4 saved up to send to his wife to buy shoes for his children. He said to the guard:

"I intended to send this money home, but here you take it and put it in the organ fund, for if I do not contribute I never will get out of here."

The man had been sent up for from two to fourteen years, and he felt that if he did not contribute to the organ fund he would never be paroled, or at least he told his guard that. Gov. Marshall said to-night:

"Every dollar of that $800 or more collected for that organ must be returned to those poor men. The State has no right to take it from them."

* * *

Alleged Favoritism.

Another charge which Gov. Marshall will investigate this week against the management of the Reformatory is that the award for the heating plant was improperly made and given to a favorite. Theodore Weinshank, of Indianapolis, agent for Warren Webster & Co., of Chicago, says he was asked to make plans for the plant, which is to cost about $8,000, and for which the last Legislature appropriated $10,000. He says that as soon as it was ascertained by the trustees that the Legislature had appropriated the money, someone organized the Indiana Engineering Company, a corporation which, he charges, has no standing in the mechanical field, and this new company was given the contract. The Governor says this investigation will be public, and the members of the press can hear the testimony if they so desire.

Supt. Whittaker said yesterday that there was no truth in the charges made by Mr. Weinshank, and he defended the course of the board in awarding the contract to the Indiana Engineering Company.

* * *

Law Governing Subordinate Appointments.

The board of trustees of the Indiana Reformatory is supposed to be bi-partizan, that is that not more than two members of the board shall be of the same political faith. The Governor in his discretion may appoint two Democrats, one prohibitionist and one Republican.

The board that was in power under Governor Hanly seems to have been of one political faith, for up to lately, of the seventy-seven officers and employes seventy-two were Republicans and only five Democrats. Since the Legislature adjourned six other Democrats have been appointed, making eleven in all.

There are some good positions at the Indiana Reformatory. The law does not contemplate that the officers and employes shall divided equally between the two parties. All that the law requires is fitness, and that the political or religious affiliation of an applicant for a position under the board shall not be considered.

The following list shows the political affiliations, the salaries and the names of the officers now serving in the reformatory. Of course there will be a scramble for these places, but it is useless to apply to Gov. Marshall for places, for he positively declares he will not interfere with the board of trustees.

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List of Employes.

W. H. Whittaker, R., superintendent, $250 per month.

(Concluded on 5th Page, 5th Column)

PITTSBURG'S STRIKE QUICKLY SETTLED

MAYOR MAGEE BRINGS OPPOSING SIDES TOGETHER.

MEN WILL TAKE OUT CARS AS USUAL TO-DAY.

BUT TWO POINTS AT ISSUE.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 28. — At 10:30 o'clock to-night the street railway strike, which has cost the city of Pittsburg over $200,000 in two days, was officially declared to be at an end. In the private offices of Mayor William A. Magee articles were signed by officials of the Pittsburg Railways Company and an executive committee from the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes, which will for years to come prevent another tie-up of the 400 miles of street railway tracks in and about Greater Pittsburg and Allegheny county.

The strike, it developed to-night, was the outcome of but two points of difference between the street car company and the motormen and conductors, one being the alleged neglect upon the part of the car company to shorten "swing runs" and the other of the refusal of the railway officials to allow discharged men a proper hearing.

All during the day Mayor Magee made vain efforts to bring the two factions of the traffic tangle together. At 6 o'clock to-night no amicable adjustment of the differences of the men and the car company seemed in sight. The Mayor, however, did not give up the fight, and as late as 7 o'clock indited a letter to both the car company officials and the union men, asking their attendance at a conference in his offices at 9 o'clock.

When the warring factions assembled the Mayor stated what he thought was only the just deserts of the residents of Greater Pittsburg and suggested that the temper of the people seemed to indicate they would neither tolerate rioting nor prolonged traffic disturbances. It was only after the Mayor had made his sentiments extremely plain that the car company officials and union men finally agreed to settle their differences. With slight modifications, an agreement, allowing discharged men proper hearings before superintendents and the assurance of the car company that the secretary will shorten "swing runs" 50 per cent., was drawn up and signed. Greater Pittsburg's first street railway tie-up was thereby effectively voided.

There will be no ratification meeting of the men to-night. Union officials were at once notified by the Mayor and executive officials to instruct the pickets at the various car barns to call the men for duty commencing at 5 o'clock. It is said that by 7 o'clock all the 3,500 cars in Greater Pittsburg will be operating on regular schedules.

STREET CAR MEN AGAINST VIOLENCE

EVANSVILLE STRIKERS DENOUNCE DYNAMITE OUTRAGES.

APPEAL TO STATE FEDERATION FOR MONEY.

HEAVY TRAFFIC ON LINES.

Evansville, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—The Street Car Men's Union, in their meeting here to-day, passed resolutions in which they denounced the attempts made Saturday and Sunday nights to wreck cars with dynamite. The resolutions were signed by Henry Reese, president, and Fred Frank, secretary of the union.

"There is no doubt," said Ben Commons, national organizer, after the meeting, "that every act of this kind weakens our cause and throws the sympathy of certain people against us. I hope that the dynamiters will be brought to justice."

The union to-day sent an appeal to the State Federation of Labor asking that financial aid be sent them during the strike. In case the unions of the State do not send in enough money for the strikers appeals will be made to the unions in other States in the West.

Organizer Commons said to-day that he is expecting a telegram from the headquarters of the International Union, at Detroit, Mich., at any time now ordering him away from the city. He believes he will be sent to Pittsburg to help handle the strike in that city.

Traffic on the street car lines was real heavy to-day, especially at the noon hour, and the lines running above Main street were crowded. Several benefit entertainments have been arranged for the striking car men here this week.

NOTHING LEFT BUT THE BARE GROUND

FIRE WIPES OUT NEXT TO LAST ASSETS OF AN ALLEGED LAND SWINDLE.

Logansport, Ind., June 28.—The Ubero plantation, which was promoted by William D. Owen and Fred Borges, of this city, and was the alleged means of fleecing thousands of people out of millions, making Owen a fugitive from justice and Berges an inmate of a Massachusetts prison, has gone up in smoke.

Logansport stockholders in the United States Plantation Company, which was organized after Owen fled and Borges was sent to prison, have received a letter from the Boston headquarters saying a fire had wiped away everything that the company owned in Mexico; that nothing was saved but the bare ground.

The letter wishes to know whether the stockholders will advance more money and make another start or sell or lease the land.

BIG CROWD IS DISAPPOINTED

Wrights Prevented From Flying by High Wind.

Orville Declined Risk In New Machine.

Aeroplane Slightly Smaller Than Last Year's.

TO WAIT FOR GOOD WEATHER.

Washington, June 28.—Owing to a strong wind prevailing this afternoon the Wright brothers failed to make their expected initial aeroplane flight of the year at Ft. Myer. They thus gave further evidence of their disregard for public criticism when the caution they exercise in all of their aviation work dictates such a course.

Although the Senate had set aside the tariff bill to allow its members to witness a flight of the aeroplane, and together with several thousand others sizzled in the hot sun on the Fort Myer drill grounds, the Wrights decided that the wind was too strong and too uncertain for a flight with a new, untried machine.

* * *

Big Crowd Assembles.

Fully expecting to make a preliminary trial of the flying machine, Orville Wright early to-day notified Gen. James Allen, the chief signal officer, that he intended to make an unofficial trial flight after 4 o'clock this afternoon. As a result, long before the hour named, a large crowd went out to the army post on the Potomac, opposite Washington. At 3:30 o'clock the field was cleared by a squad of cavalry and everything made ready for a flight. A little earlier Orville had come to Washington to meet his father, Bishop Milton Wright, of Dayton, and his brother, Reuchlin Wright, of Kansas, who has never seen his brothers "fly."

Wilbur Wright carefully inspected the starting track and the two brothers, with their aeroplane mechanic, Taylor, made a final examination of the machine, which was then wheeled across the field from the shed to the starting apparatus at the northern end of the field.

* * *

Wind Springs Up.

It was then 5 o'clock and a brisk wind had sprung up from the west. Heavy storm clouds appeared upon the horizon and when a few scattering drops of rain fell the crowd began to fear that conditions were not favorable for a flight. The word came, however, that Orville did not mind flying in the rain, but that the wind was the objectionable feature.

Then the clouds veered to the south and the wind died out. Everything appeared to be in readiness for the trial when a fresh wind began blowing from the south.

Orville Wright, who had been walking about rather nervously, at this point expressed the opinion that the unsettled weather conditions would prevent a flight. The officers of the signal corps, the balloon detachment and the cavalry guard were the only persons permitted on the field with the exception of a corps of photographers who had obtained the consent of the Wrights to snap the machine as it went down to the starting track.

* * *

Senators Ask To See Machine.

Wilbur Wright, in looking for the operator of a moving-picture machine, the use of which he desired to prevent, neared the impatient crowd. In his peculiar jocund manner he remarked that he usually put his machine away when the crowds in France were fretful. But a number of Senators requested him to let them examine the machine at closer range, and that was the opening wedge for a large number of Senators, Representatives and other distinguished spectators to inspect it closely.

To avoid being questioned the Wrights retired to the aeroplane shed until the privileged few had again been ordered off the field.

The wind having shown no signs of abating at 6:30 o'clock Wilbur turned to Taylor, the Wrights' mechanic, and said: "Well, I guess you had better run her back to the shed."

Greatly disappointed the crowd then dispersed.

* * *

Afraid of New Machine.

Wilbur explained that the machine was a new one and that they never made a flight in an untried machine until it had been tested in the best possible weather.

"Unless the air is calm you can't tell whether the machine is erring or whether some little fault is caused by the wind," he added.

He said they would make a flight as soon as ideal weather conditions presented an opportunity. Both the Wrights expressed regret at the necessity of disappointing the crowd.

"I don't like to see Orville make a flight in a wind like this with a brand-new machine," said Taylor.

"Sometimes there are little things you don't know about until you are in the air," he added.

The machine is the same as the one used last year as far as construction is concerned, but it is a trifle smaller.

"The planes are not as long, nor as far apart," he said, "but the machine is faster. It has as much lifting power and greater speed."

JURY SWORN FOR NIGHT RIDER TRIAL

TENNESSEE PREPARED TO PROCEED AGAINST ALLEGED MURDERERS.

Clarksville, Tenn., June 28.—[Special.]—The jury for the trial of Marcellus Rinehart, James Davis, Lem Adkins, Jesse and Will Nicholson for the murder of Rufe Hunter was completed this afternoon and sworn in. There was an effort on the part of the State to not have the jury sworn until Tuesday morning, but the attorneys for the defendants protested and the twelve men who are to sit in what promises to be one of the most famous night rider trials of this section took the oath. A few minutes before the jury was sworn the prisoners were formally arraigned by State's Attorney Lyle to the question of "guilty or not guilty," each man answering with distinct words "not guilty."

Before noon twelve jurors were in the box, but two of these, J. L. Fambrough and Sam Mimms, were challenged by the State and dismissed. The former was disqualified by being related to Jesse and Will Nicholson in the sixth degree. A few minutes after he was dismissed Sam Mimms, another juror, was challenged by the State, it being alleged in an affidavit that Mimms had discussed the case. The affiant was summoned and went into details of the general statement made in the affidavits and Mimms was dismissed. Two other jurors were then qualified to fill their places.

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Negotiations Opened.

London, June 28.—J. P. Morgan & Co., who have been designated to represent the American syndicate in the matter of the Chinese loan of $27,500,000 for the construction of the Hankow-Sze-Chuen railroad, have opened negotiations with the bankers in London, Paris and Berlin concerned in the negotiations.

FORMER FIRE CHIEF OF SEYMOUR DEAD.

Seymour, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—Emil O. Krueger, former chief of the Seymour fire department, died here at the age of 59 years. He was a native of Germany, but had been a resident of Seymour almost forty years. He was a shoemaker and harnessmaker and was one of the trustees of the German Lutheran church here. He leaves a widow, two sons and a daughter.

DUG HIS GRAVE BEFORE KILLING HIMSELF.

Salem, Ind., June 28.—To-day Joseph B. Hamilton, a farmer living east of Salem, committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart with a shotgun. He seated himself on a stump near the spring-house, and adjusted his gun and tripped the trigger with his toe. It has been learned since his death that he had dug his own grave in the family burying grounds.

TEN DIE FROM HEAT IN CHICAGO

TORRID TEMPERATURE MAKES MAN JUMP INTO LAKE.

LIGHTNING FOLLOWS WATER FROM PAIL, CAUSING DEATH.

NEW YORK STORM SWEPT.

Chicago, June 28.—Ten deaths, superinduced by the excessive heat, were reported to the police to-day and numerous cases of heat prostration were cared for at the hospitals.

The last fatality reported was the death of Police Sergeant Bernard Beckholz, who died at his home. Carl Sommers jumped into Lake Michigan while temporarily insane. He was rescued, but died at a hospital.

A cooling breeze swept over the city to-night and brought temporary relief.

DEATH FOLLOWS WATER.

Brooklyn Man Killed By Electricity While Putting Out Fire.

New York, June 28.—The second of a series of cooling local thunderstorms which was promised to heat-oppressed New Yorkers by the United States forecasters broke with the violence of a cloudburst late this afternoon. The downpour and the accompanying electrical display lasted only fifteen minutes, but in that time it was responsible for the death of one man and the injury of several persons.

At the Polo grounds the game between New York and Brooklyn was about to be called when the storm broke. As the 5,000 fans rushed for shelter a blinding flash struck the flagpole in center field, smashing the upper portion of the staff into splinters and tearing down the pennant flag which the Giants won in 1905. When the rain ceased the diamond was a lake and the game was postponed.

In Brooklyn John Freeman tried to put out a fire which had been started by lightning in a pile of rubbish around an iron telephone pole. Freeman threw a pail of water on the fire and fell back dead, killed by the electricity which traveled back to him on the water from the pole.

There was a sudden drop in the temperature with the approach of the wind and rain and the weather man gave assurances that the heat wave had passed. The mercury to-day climbed up around 86, although the humidity was high, and two deaths were added to the long list of temperature victims. There also were a score or more of prostrations.

RAILS TWISTED BY HEAT.

Eight Persons Injured In a Wreck In Colorado.

Denver, June 28.— Two trains in Colorado met accidents yesterday as a result apparently of the intense heat, which is believed to have twisted the rails. Eight persons were hurt, none fatally, when three coaches of the eastbound Denver and Rio Grande passenger train No. 6, known as the San Francisco Limited, went into the ditch at Sedalia, twenty miles from Denver.

The wreck was caused by the displacement of rails. Among the injured were Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Jackson and Vida Jackson, of West Lafayette, Ind., who were slightly bruised. A few hours later the engine and two coaches of a Colorado Midland train were derailed inside the city limits of Denver, presumably the result of heat-twisted rails. The passengers and crew escaped with a shaking up.

Yesterday was the hottest day in ten years in Denver, the thermometer reaching 98.

COOLER WEATHER PROMISED.

"Heat Wave On Its Last Lap," Forecast From Washington.

Washington, June 28.—"The heat wave is on its last lap and to-morrow will mark its end in the Atlantic States," was the optimistic forecast of the Weather Bureau officials to-night.

The temperature also will be less intense in the New England States, and thunder showers, which are promised for the section west of the Rocky Mountains will produce cooler weather generally.

Two Deaths In Indiana.

Indianapolis, Ind., June 28.—Two deaths and many prostrations resulted from the intense heat in Indiana to-day. Henry Bureiman, of this city, fell dead as he was walking along the street. The other fatality was at Matthews, Ind., where Thomas Beeson, 80 years old, dropped dead. The maximum temperature in this city was 88.6 degrees, but from Southern Indiana come reports of the mercury reaching 97 degrees.

Philadelphia Reports Nine Deaths.

Philadelphia, Pa., June 28.—Nine more deaths were added to the list of heat victims in this city. This makes the total for the present hot spell more than two score. The humidity to-day was 91, while the maximum temperature was 90.

May Die From Prostration.

Evansville, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—William Edwards, engineer at the Evansville cotton mills, was prostrated by the heat while at work in his engine-room to-day and may die.

MARRIED TO HIS DIVORCED WIFE

SYRIAN COULD NOT STAND TO BE SEPARATED FROM WOMAN AND CHILD.

Newport, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—The love for his child and the constant yearning for the company of his divorced wife and little one again caused F. G. Mosey, a rug dealer, to return from his native home in Syria to America and renew his marriage to Hattie Newton, which was celebrated in Newport by Magistrate Donelan to-day.

The couple were divorced a year ago in Cincinnati and the mother was given the custody of their child. Later Mosey left for his home in Syria and his divorced wife and child returned to her home in Blanchester, O. The thought of the child being away from him, he told Squire Donelan, and the returned love for its mother, made him yearn to be with them again, so he returned to America several weeks ago and opened correspondence with his wife. She also had lost all the bitterness that caused the divorce and a reconciliation was soon effected.

FIND EASTMAN ALONE GUILTY

Maryland Authorities Decide To Drop Case.

Coroner's Jury Returns Compromise Verdict.

Four Members Think Others May Be Implicated.

WIDOW AT MURDERER'S GRAVE

St. Michaels, Md., June 28.—With the compromise verdict of the Coroner's jury that Robert E. Eastman either killed or was accessory to the murder of Edith May Woodill and the declaration of State's Attorney Taylor that he was through with the case, the strange dual tragedy which has for nearly a week focused the eyes of the entire country upon this little out-of-the-way hamlet of Maryland's famous eastern shore became a closed incident to-day.

Four of the twelve jurors who listened to the testimony at the reopened inquest refused to sign the verdict, and the words "or accessory to the crime" bluntly accused Eastman of the murder. None of the four dissenting jurymen would say that any other person than Eastman was responsible for the girl's death. They merely wished to protest, they said, against the manner in which the inquiry was conducted, declaring that much available evidence was not adduced.

* * *

Letter Not Produced.

The letter left by Eastman for his wife, in which he declared that Mrs. Woodill had been killed by a woman in a jealous frenzy, was not read to the jury. The officials seemed to take it for granted that all of the evidence unearthed since the finding of the body was well known to the residents of the community and that it was unnecessary that it should again be rehearsed. There was just a bit of petty politics mixed up in the verdict, too, for some of the members of the jury have been bitter political enemies in Talbot county affairs.

The jury sat for a time to-day in the lonely bungalow itself, within sight of Eastman's unmarked grave not fifty feet away. Mrs. Eastman had visited the place earlier in the day and had stood dry-eyed for a time beside the new-made mound. Someone with ill-judged humor had planted a tomato vine on the grave. Mrs. Eastman, thinking the vine a native flower, asked what it was.

No one had the temerity to tell her. She stood by the grave until at last a convulsive shudder shook her shoulders. Then she was led away.

* * *

Some Points Cleared Up.

Much of the testimony given before the jury was deeply interesting, and made clear many points in the tragedy which heretofore have been matters of conjecture. The mysterious launch which was reported as having been seen near the bungalow on the Sunday following the disappearance of Mrs. Woodill did not materialize in the evidence adduced. Residents of the neighborhood of the bungalow were plied with questions as to the launch, but no one had seen it.

No one was seen about the bungalow on the Sunday when Mrs. Woodill was slain. There was absolutely no evidence that any other than Eastman could have been responsible for the crime.

* * *

The Authorities' Version.

And the final theory of the authorities is this:

That Eastman was in need of money; that he probably had been getting money from Mrs. Woodill for some time; that he undoubtedly knew something of her past life, and that he had been blackmailing her; that he attempted to continue this practice and that the woman rebelled, intimating that she, too, had found out certain things about Eastman, and that if driven to it would expose him.

Eastman's dread of serving a term in the penitentiary was well known. His wife has said that he told her he would rather commit suicide than be confined in prison. The pawning of the jewelry the authorities set down to the desire of Eastman to get away. When cornered the man decided that his race had been run and that he had better make an end to it all. As to why Mrs. Woodill went to the bungalow there was no evidence.

* * *

Scraps of Torn Letter Found.

An interesting development of to-day was the finding of scraps of a torn letter in the cracks of the bungalow floor. Little of sense could be made from the fragments of the letter, but the writing was identified as that of Mrs. Woodill. The letter evidently was about the visit of some one to some place, to be "chaperoned or not, as she saw fit." Whether or not the letter could have had any bearing upon the case there was no way of telling.

Sitting first in the bungalow, the Coroner's jury adjourned to McDaniel and then to St. Michael's, where the verdict was announced. It was to the effect that on Sunday, June 20, in his bungalow, on Broad Creek, "Robert E. Eastman feloniously killed, or was accessory to the crime of murdering Edith May Thompson Woodill, wife of Gilbert Woodill, of Los Angeles, Cal."

The four jurymen who dissented were Alexander Radcliffe, the foreman, who is an undertaker; John H. Jones, Jr., an insurance agent; George Carey, butcher, and Charles Hamilton, dry goods clerk. These men were deeply impressed when the first read Eastman's letter, giving his story of the crime, and while they morally believed him alone guilty they desired that every other possible factor in the case should be eliminated.

* * *

Coroner and Foreman Rivals.

They complained that no testimony showing that Mrs. Woodill and Eastman met at Royal Oak station on Saturday and were last seen together in a motor-boat was officially presented.

Coroner Sparks, who conducted the inquest, and Mr. Radcliffe, the foreman of the jury, both undertakers, are business rivals and the natives commented to-night upon the fact that they usually "disagreed about everything."

There was talk to-day of having an analysis made of the contents of the bottle found in the shack on yesterday and which is believed to have contained narcotic drugs, which may have been used upon Mrs. Woodill prior to her murder. But the analysis was regarded as unnecessary in view of the finding of the jury and the Coroner remarked that the county already had spent enough money upon the lamentable case.

Mrs. Eastman was granted letters of administration to-day and all of her husband's real and personal property will be turned over to her. She will go back to New York soon and return to the stage.

William Sutton, Judge Powell and Robert Setheall, near neighbors of Eastman, were the important witnesses of the day. It was Sutton who went to visit the bungalow to ask Eastman, or Roberts as he was then known, to attend a religious meeting. Sutton fixed the time of his visit definitely for the first time as between 5 and 6 o'clock in the afternoon. His testimony also fixed the time of the murder positively as Sunday night. Sutton said as he drew near the bungalow he heard voices within and knew that Eastman had a visitor or two. He could not say how many voices there were, but he recognized that of Mrs. Woodill.

* * *

Went Quickly Away.

"I knew then that it was no place for me," said Sutton, "and I went away.

"I saw George Taylor's horse and buggy standing outside, however, and stopped to pick up a rein which had fallen beneath the horses's feet."

Sutton declared that Mrs. Woodill was speaking in an ordinary conservational tone and there was nothing to indicate that a quarrel was or had been in progress.

George Powell, who was next to be sworn, said that he had spent practically the entire day of Sunday at Sutton's place which commanded an uninterrupted view of the bungalow and he saw no one enter or leave the place. He did see the horse and buggy which Sutton had testified to.

"If you had noticed a splendidly-equipper $5,000 or $6,000 motorboat in the neighborhood you certainly would have paid some attention to it, wouldn't you?" asked the State's Attorney.

"I saw no launch near the place on Sunday," replied Powell.

The witness then went on to relate a long conversation he had with Eastman in front of the bungalow on Wednesday morning.

* * *

Girls Get "Cold Feet."

"Usually when I passed he invited me in," said Powell, "but Wednesday he did not, and I thought it a little strange. Eastman said he had just returned from the greatest time of his life and that his experience would make 'great reading.' He said he had met some girls over at St. Michaels and had asked them if they

(Concluded On 2d Page, 5th Column)

REQUEST OF SENATE IS TURNED DOWN

WICKERSHAM WILL KEEP PERRIN FILES SECRET.

SAYS IT IS INEXPEDIENT TO MAKE THEM PUBLIC.

DEVILIN MATTER GOES OVER.

Washington, June 28.—Attorney General Wickersham refused to send to the Senate the file in the Department of Justice relating to the trial of Dr. E. B. Perrin, charged with conspiracy to defraud the Government in California timber land cases. This data was demanded in connection with the nomination of Robert T. Devilin to be United States Attorney for the Northern district of California. The Senate Committee on Judiciary to-day decided to put over the Devilin nomination until the next regular session of Congress.

It would be "inexpedient" to supply the information, reported Mr. Wickersham to the committee, as the Perrin case is still on the docket subject to retrial. Several members of the Judiciary Committee to-day expressed dissatisfaction with Mr. Wickersham's response, especially as Assistant Attorney General Harr had reported to former Attorney General Bonaparte that proceedings against Perrin should be dismissed. The committee decided it would not be wise to become involved in a controversy with the Department of Justice at the present time. Reappointment of Mr. Devilin will be necessary if he continues to serve as District Attorney after the present session adjourns.

Members of the committee assert that the information will have to be produced if President Taft reappoints Devilin during the recess of Congress and the nomination again comes before the committee for action next session.

Devilin prosecuted one case against Perrin which resulted in conviction. The Superior Court reversed the case and remanded it for a new trial on the ground that perjured testimony had been admitted. The chief opposition to the confirmation of Devilin relates to his failure to bring action against the alleged perjured witness.

REWARD OF $3,000 FOR BOMB-THROWERS

FINANCE COMMITTEE OF CHICAGO COUNCIL GRANTS REQUEST.

Chicago, June 28.—Mayor Busse was to-day authorized by the finance committee of the city council to offer a reward of $3,000 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of persons responsible for the explosion of last night. Assistant Chief of Police Schuettler appeared before the finance committee and asked for the offering of the reward because of the difficulty his department has had in finding the guilty ones. The reward applies only to the last explosion.

Inspector Patrick J. Lavin will take charge of the explosion investigation, succeeding Assistant Chief Schuettler, who will act as chief during Chief Shippy's absence from the city. Chief Shippy has been in poor health for some time and will take a long rest.

Thomas Courtney, who was arrested charged with complicity in an explosion which occurred at the Coliseum some months ago and exonerated after being held a week, will be questioned by the police in regard to his knowledge of the last explosion. Courtney is under indictment on another charge and his trial has been called for next week after pending for nearly a year. It is said the police have been searching for Courtney, who is out on bail, and have been unable to find him. Accordingly, State's Attorney Wayman has been asked to hurry his trial so the police can get him into court as soon as possible and question him.

PARENTS SURPRISED SON IS IN PRISON

OLIVER SNYDER WAS SENT UP FROM SCOTTSBURG UNDER AN ASSUMED NAME.

Columbus, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. George Snyder, of this place, received a letter to-day from their son, Oliver Snyder, a school teacher, aged 20 years, informing them that he was serving a sentence of from ten to twenty years in the Indiana Reformatory at Jeffersonville. The letter was the first intimation they had received of their son's trouble. He left his home here ten days ago and went to Scottsburg, where he entered and robbed fifteen houses in one night, securing $76 and five watches. He was arrested at Scottsburg. When the arrest was being made a scuffle ensued, in which the Marshal of Scottburg was accidentally shot by his own revolver and he is still in a serious condition from his wound.

Young Snyder pleaded guilty to burglary and within six hours after his arrest he was on his way to prison. He was sentenced under an assumed name and this accounts for the fact of his parents and other relatives here not knowing of his escapade.

A short time before the Scottsburg burglaries about twenty houses were entered and robbed here, and now the local officers are convinced that they were entered and robbed by Snyder, for precisely the same methods that he employed at Scottsburg were employed here. An effort is now being made by the local officers to identify watches found on the prisoner at the time of his arrest as some of those stolen here during the recent numerous burglaries.

SCHEDULE TALK DRAWS TO CLOSE

Corporation and Income Tax Questions To-day.

Cotton Bagging On Free List; Tax On Ties.

Aldrich May Take Rest On the Water.

DEPENDS ON THE DEBATE.

Washington, June 28.—After seventy days of almost continuous debate, the Senate to-day at 3:45 p. m. concluded its discussion of the schedules of the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill. Five minutes afterward the Senate adjourned for the day to permit the slight preparation possible in so short a time for the debate on the corporation and income tax questions, which will begin soon after the Senate convenes to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

The early adjournment afforded the tired Senators a little much-needed relaxation from long hours in the overheated Senate chamber. Many of them embraced the opportunity to go to Fort Myer for the purpose of witnessing the airship tests, and others attended the baseball game at American League Park. Senator Aldrich was among those who went to Fort Myer. He has been greatly interested in the flights made by the Wright brothers and very much desired to see their machine in action.

Those who went to Fort Myer were disappointed, however, for, owing to an unfavorable wind, no flight was attempted to-day by the Wrights.

* * *

Aldrich May Take a Rest.

Mr. Aldrich told some of his friends that he would take a few days off duty for a water trip if it develops that the discussion of the income tax is likely to be an extended one. In this event Senator Flint will take charge of the bill, and Senator Root, who aided Attorney General Wickersham in drafting the corporation tax amendment, will take charge of the measure. There has been some discussion of postponing the income tax and the corporation tax amendments until the next regular session, but this suggestion has not met with favor. Senate leaders take the position that a movement of this character would embarrass President Taft.

* * *

One More Tariff Vote.

It is now expected that only one vote will intervene between the assembling of the Senate to-morrow and the taking up of these questions of internal taxation. Senator Tillman has pending an amendment providing for a tax of 10 cents a pound on tea, and it is believed that this provision will not lead to further debate. No intimation has been given of other amendments, and the discussion probably will be shifted immediately from the tariff to the internal revenue, and it is understood the opening speech will be made by Senator Cummins, of Iowa, in support of an income tax amendment as a part of the tariff bill in contradistinction to the movement for a corporation tax and an independent resolution looking to the imposition of an income tax through the instrumentality of a constitutional amendment. The Finance Committee income tax constitutional provision was presented to-day, and, as the corporation tax amendment was introduced some days ago, both are now before the Senate in regular order.

* * *

Free Bagging; Protection For Ties.

To-days proceedings consisted of a general and final clearing up of the passed-over provisions in both the dutiable and free lists of the tariff bill. Cotton bagging and cotton ties and incidentally binding twine, occupied much of the Senate's time. Early in the day Senator McLaurin moved to place bagging on the free list, and contrary to the general expectation, the motion prevailed. The Southern Senators were, however, not so fortunate with cotton ties, which they also desired to have made free of duty. Senator Culberson proposed the change in ties. He came within seven votes of winning, the vote standing 31 to 38.

* * *

Raise On Steel and Iron.

The duty on structural iron and steel, valued at more than 9-10 of a cent a pound, was increased from 3-10 to 4-10 of a cent per pound, being an addition to the House rate of 1-10 of a cent. The rate on steel of lower value was left unchanged. On zinc in pigs there was also an addition of half a cent a pound over the House rate of 1 cent.

Ineffectual efforts were made to have school books and salt placed on the free and Egyptian cotton on the dutiable list. Senator Bacon, who offered the amendment for a duty on cotton, said that at the same rates placed on wool cotton would produce a revenue of $9,000,000 a year. He proposed 4 cents a pound. Senator Tillman also declared that by the adoption of his 10-cent rate on tea another $9,000,000 could be added to the Treasury receipts.

* * *

Picnic Clothing In Evidence.

Intense hot weather brought a variety of picnic clothing when Senators assembled to-day to take up the tariff bill, in the hope of soon concluding consideration of the dutiable schedules and free lists. Vice President Sherman was attired in white from head to foot. He used a big palm leaf fan.

Vests were generally discarded by the Senate membership. Senators Scott, Money, Cummins, Hughes, Bacon, Nixon and Dick were conspicuous in white clothing. Nearly every Senator had a fan on his desk and most of the fans were kept in motion.

* * *

Bagging Concession To Save Time.

Without debate the Senate to-day placed cotton bagging on the free list and agreed to the House rate of 3-10 of a cent a pound on cotton ties. The concession on bagging was made to save time. The item will still have to run the gauntlet of conference.

Before schedules could be taken up, Mr. Clapp gained the floor and with a view to eliminating from the corporation tax amendment any authority by which corporations may own the stock of other companies, introduced a modified form of the original text of the measure.

In connection with the same amendment, Mr. Culberson proposed a modification by which the information gathered by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue concerning corporations shall at any time be available to either the House or Senate or any committee of either body.

* * *

Aldrich Impatient.

Manifesting some impatience over the delay, Senator Aldrich forced the taking up of the schedules at the first moment. "Cotton bagging" was the first item to be considered, and to the surprise of almost everybody it was disposed of in very brief time. The secret of this dis-

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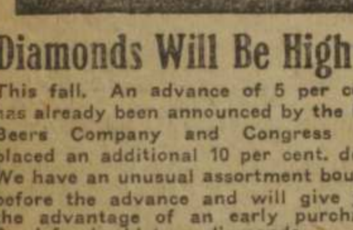
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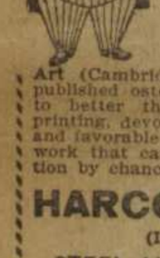
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patch was the fact that Mr. Aldrich accepted an amendment placing it on the free list.

The amendment was offered by Senator McLaurin and covered bagging for cotton. It had been expected that the Southern Senators would demand much time for the discussion of this question, and there is no doubt that if he accomplished nothing else the chairman of the Finance Committee vastly expedited the final disposal of the schedules when he permitted the amendment to prevail, as he did by making no objection.

* * *

Binding Twine Free.

The amendment was agreed to without debate, and it was immediately followed by agreement to the entire paragraph, which also included binding twine, upon the free list.

The Senate made a slight increase in the duty on structural steel and iron, when valued at more than 9-10 of a cent per pound. A motion by Mr. Stone to put structural iron and steel on the free list was voted down, as was a motion by Mr. Cummins to reduce.

The action by the Senate will merely have the effect of throwing the rate of cotton bagging into conference, the House rate being 6-10 of a cent per square yard.

Action on cotton ties followed quickly, there being at the time no effort to place them on the free list. The House bill levies a duty of 3-10 of one cent a pound on these ties and the Conference Committee did not change it. The Southern Senators have been demanding that they should be free, but when the paragraph was reached it was allowed to go through. Senator Culberson announcing that before the bill is finally acted upon he would offer an amendment placing cotton on the free list.

* * *

Death Blow To Joke.

Mr. Overman gave notice that he would propose a change in the law by which there should be a drawback of duties on cotton ties when imported.

The various articles known as catgut, whipgut and wormgut were, on motion of Mr. Aldrich, consolidated under the one name of "animal intestines," and left on the free list. There was no debate upon this change in the bill, but laughter was heard on both sides of the chamber. Mr. Aldrich did not seem to realize what a death blow he was striking to a standard Congressional joke. He never smiled during the exhibition of mirth.

The Senate then returned to the iron and steel schedule, and upon motion of Mr. Aldrich the paragraph relating to structural iron and steel was slightly changed, so that such products valued at less than 9-10 of a cent a pound shall pay a duty of 3-10 of one cent a pound, and when valued at more than 9-10 of a cent a duty of 4-10 of a cent a pound. The House rate was 3-10 of a cent a pound on all structural iron and steel. The rates agreed to by the Senate are lower than the Dingley rates.

* * *

Steel and Iron Duties.

Ineffectual efforts were made by Senator Stone to have structural iron and steel and many products of steel placed upon upon the free list, and by Senator Cummins to obtain slightly lower duties upon nearly all of the important products of iron and steel. Mr. Stone was satisfied with a viva voce vote, by which his amendment was rejected. Mr. Cummins, demanding an aye and no vote, met defeat by 31 to 40. Senators Borah, Bristow, Brown, Crawford, Cummins, Curtis, Dolliver, Gamble, La Follette and Nelson, Republicans, voted with the Democrats for the lower rates.

A duty of 1½ cents per pound upon zinc in pigs instead of 1 cent a pound as provided in the House tariff bill, was agreed to.

Southern Senators to-day ineffectually endeavored to take long staple or Egyptian cotton off the free list and to place upon it a duty of 4 cents a pound, which Senator Bacon, the author of the amendment, declared was a revenue duty only.

"If," he said, "we were to place the same duty on long staple cotton that is placed upon wool it would bring into the Treasury $9,000,000 of revenue annually."

* * *

No Duty On Cotton.

As a means of revenue, he said the 210,000 bales of Egyptian cotton imported into the United States annually should not be overlooked. Mr. Bacon estimated that the low duty proposed by him in ten years would bring into the Treasury $40,000,000. The fact that this class of cotton is used in the making of laces and high-grade goods, on which the duties had been increased in the pending bill, Mr. Bacon said, was an assurance that the duty would not add to the prices of the article made from the long staple product.

An interesting colloquy occurred between Mr. Bacon and Mr. Aldrich when the latter charged the Georgian with the advocacy of a protective duty. Mr. Aldrich insisted that the duty proposed would add 4 cents to every pound of such cotton grown in only three States of the Union.

Senators Talliaferro and Fletcher, of Florida, declared that the people of their State wanted the duty on long staple cotton, and Mr. Talliaferro admitted that they wanted it for the protection of the Sea Island cotton industry. By a viva voce vote the amendment to remove long staple cotton from the free list was rejected.

After a prolonged debate concerning the terms on which the cotton planter sells his product the Culberson amendment was defeated by 31 to 38. The Republicans who voted with the Democrats for the amendment were Beveridge, Bristow, Brown, Clapp, Crawford, Cummins, Dupont, Johnson, La Follette and Nelson. In a plea for free ties Mr. Smith, of South Carolina, charged that the South had been discriminated against in this matter. Closing he said: "The time will come when we will come into our own and we will remember our friends."

* * *

Aldrich the Senate, Says Tillman.

An earnest speech in favor of a tariff on tea to protect the South Carolina tea industry was made to-day by Senator Tillman, who declared there was in his proposition for a duty of 10 cents a pound on this product $9,000,000 of revenue and $1,200 of protection.

Addressing himself to Mr. Aldrich as the embodiment of the United States Senate, Mr. Tillman was interrupted by the Rhode Island Senator, who suggested there were some things that ceased to be jokes. "He is the Senate of the United States and he knows it," declared Mr. Tillman, pointing to Mr. Aldrich, who was sitting just across the aisle from him. Mr. Aldrich made no further reply.

* * *

Tribute To South Carolina Product.

Senator Smith, of Michigan, said he had been greatly surprised to find that South Carolina to-day is raising fifteen times more tea than did the island of Ceylon in 1875. This discovery had, he said, caused him to be very friendly toward any suggestion looking toward the protection of that industry. Senator Heyburn added that he had used South Carolina tea for six or seven years, preferring it for its superior flavor. He agreed with Senator Tillman that the area over which tea could be raised was from South Carolina to the Mississippi River, wherever the rainfall was sufficient.

The amendment was offered late in the day and Mr. Tillman said he preferred having a vote taken on his amendment to-morrow with a full Senate present.

The last amendment to the tariff bill agreed to to-day was one increasing the duty on bleaching powder of chlorate of lime from one-fifth to one-half cent per pound.

* * *

Income Tax Amendment.

A joint resolution proposing an income tax amendment to the Constitution was to-day reported to the Senate by Mr. Aldrich from the Finance Committee and ordered to be printed and lie on the table.

The proposed amendment is as follows: "Article XVI. The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several States and without regard to any census or enumeration."

Mr. Aldrich said he thought this amendment might be passed by the Senate without debate, but Mr. Borah replied that he could not give his assent until the income tax amendment to the tariff bill should be disposed of.

Mr. Aldrich made no further effort to obtain action. The conference report on the bill providing for the Thirteenth Census was agreed to by the Senate later in the day, leaving only the President's signature necessary for it to become a law.

The Senate adjourned at 3:50 p. m.

THE CENSUS BILL.

Important Provision Relates To General Civil Service.

Washington, June 28.—An agreement on all the disputed points in the bill providing for the thirteenth census was reached by the conferees of both houses of Congress to-day and their report was accepted by the House, leaving nothing but the action of the Senate and the signature of the President necessary to make it law.

The most important provision of the bill is one pertaining to the general civil service and not especially to the census.

This provision requires that hereafter all examinations of applicants for positions in the Government service from any State shall be conducted in the State in which such applicant resides, and that persons taking the examinations shall have been actually domiciled in the State in which such applicant resides, and that persons taking the examinations shall have been actually domiciled in the State for at least a year previous to examination.

The provision is intended to prevent the appointment of residents of Washington upon indorsements obtained through the mails, a practice which, it is claimed, has been carried on to such an extent as to make an abuse of it.

Competitive examinations are provided for, but this requirement is not made applicable to supervisorships and admitted under the examination and this provision is made general to all branches of the civil service. A geographical apportionment also is provided for.

The appointment of emergency employes for a period not longer than sixty days is authorized, but it is required that these appointments shall be made from the eligible list. The provisions authorizing the construction of the turpentine industry as connected with naval stores at Savannah, Ga., were stricken out.

Dinner At White House.

Washington, June 28.—President Taft entertained at dinner to-night at the White House a company of prominent public men, including members of the Cabinet, Senators and Representatives in Congress. The gathering was wholly nonpartisan in character, being equally distributed among Republicans and Democrats. A notable number of Democrats from the South were present.

Quiet Day In House.

Washington, June 28.—After adopting the conference report on the census bill the House adjourned at 12:35 p. m. to-day until Thursday. No other business except the introduction of bills and resolutions was attempted.

DEATH OVER TELEPHONE WIRE

PROF. PHELPS KILLED BY LIGHTNING AT SHARPE.

TALKING TO WOMAN, WHO ESCAPED INJURY.

TWO SHOCKED IN HARDIN.

Paducah, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—While he was talking over the telephone to a young woman lightning struck the wire and instantly killed Prof. Samuel B. Phelps at Sharpe, Marshall county. The young woman was not hurt.

Prof. Phelps was 26 years old and principal of a public school at Albion, Okla. He was spending the summer with his mother. He was engaged to be married to Miss Pearl Roper, of Fulton, Ky., and was to have taken her back to Albion with him. She arrived too late for the funeral and is grief-stricken.

VICTIMS IN HARDIN.

Two Men Seriously Shocked By Lightning.

Elizabethtown, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—A terrific rain and wind storm, the severest for years, swept over portions of Hardin, Larue and Hart counties yesterday evening. Roads were washed out, wheat and oats were blown flat to the ground and streams flooded. The L. and N. railroad track between Upton and Bonnieville was washed away for about 400 feet, seriously interfering with traffic, which was not resumed until a late hour this morning. All early passenger trains were sent over the Illinois Central.

Mr. Claud Hunt, a son of the Rev. J. B. Hunt, president of Lynnland College, was struck by lightning during the storm and seriously, if not fatally, injured. He did not recover consciousness until this morning.

Thomas Coakley, who lives near the Bullit and Hardin line, was struck by lightning Saturday evening and dangerously injured. He was still unconscious at last reports and his recovery is considered doubtful. A horse which he was driving at the time of the stroke was killed.

The stock barn of Mr. Lev Purcell, of near Colesburg, this county, was struck by lightning Saturday and a mule and a horse were killed.

NEGRO USES KNIFE AND A BRICK.

Dave Rutenberg Badly Injured and Now Lies At the Jewish Hospital.

Dave Rutenberg, an employe of the Falls City Bottling Works, and Will Generals, colored, had an argument whose temperature was in keeping with the weather yesterday afternoon, and as a result Rutenberg now lies at the Jewish hospital with a stab in the temple and sundry contusions and bruies on his head. Generals is in jail on a charge of malicious assault with intent to kill. It is said Generals attacked Rutenberg because he objected to a little negro girl taking a bottle. The negro pulled a knife and stabbed Rutenberg in the temple. Imy Kohen, the friend of the victim, took a hand and chided Will. The assailant made a move toward Kohen, it is claimed, and the latter caught the knife arm and tried to get the weapon. Generals jerked loose and picking up a brick, threw it and struck Rutenberg in the head, knocking him unconscious. Kohen grappled with the negro and held him until the head. General is in jail on a charge of Stark, who placed Generals under arrest and had Rutenberg taken to the hospital.

MRS. MARY CLARK COOKE DIES OF HEART DISEASE.

End Comes Suddenly At Her Home In the Belgravia Apartments.

Mrs. Mary Clark Cooke, widow of Dr. George E. Cooke, died suddenly at 11 o'clock last night at her home in Belgravia apartments of heart disease, induced by an attack of indigestion. She was the daughter of the late Dr. William Clark. She is survived by her sister, Mrs. Ellen C. Milton; her nephews, Frank C. Milton, of Memphis, Tenn., and Karl Jungbluth, Jr., of Louisville, and two nieces, Mrs. Harry Whitaker, of Wheeling, W. Va., and Mrs. John C. Doolan, of Louisville.

VON BUELOW ANNOUNCES INTENTION TO RESIGN.

Berlin, June 28.—Prince von Buelow has authorized the announcement that he intends to retire from the Chancellorship of the Empire in any event so soon as the pending finance reform measure is disposed of in one way or another. The Prince remains in office only temporarily in an endeavor to pass the bill.

The semi-official Nord-deutsche Allegemeine Zeitung, commenting to-day on the various reports published tending to weaken the significance of Chancellor von Buelow's statement, says:

"Prince von Buelow besought the Emperor to permit him to go at once, but his majesty, in the warmest terms, expressed the wish that the Prince remain in office until the finance proposals had been put through the Reichstag."

FEAR OF PUNISHMENT CAUSES SUICIDE OF BOY.

Elwood, Ind., June 28.—Chester Robbins, 12 years old, committed suicide to-day by taking carbolic acid when he was reprimanded for taking a bicycle pump from a neighbor's home. The boy's father, it is said, directed him to return the pump and to get a buggy whip from the barn. The boy found the acid in the barn, swallowed it and fell dead almost at his father's feet.

TAFT TAKES UP WHISKY CASES

Hears Rectifiers' Side of Labeling Controversy.

"Straight" Men To Have Their Say To-day.

Decision As To What Is the Real Article

TO BE MADE BY PRESIDENT.

Washington, June 28.—[Special.]—The rectifiers had their inning before the President this morning, Lawrence Maxwell, of Cincinnati; Joseph H. Choate and State Senator Armstrong, of New York, making arguments to further modify the opinion of the Solicitor General in the interest of the rectifiers. So much time was consumed that the President found that he could not give further time to the hearing of the arguments, and adjourned the meeting without hearing the advocates of the "straight" whiskies. They will have an opportunity to present their views to-morrow, former Secretary Carlisle, Edmund W. Taylor and John B. Thompson appearing for them.

Warwick M. Hough, of Cincinnati, will close the argument. The principal argument to-day was made by Mr. Maxwell. An analysis of the case of the rectifiers as made before the President follows:

* * *

Mr. Maxwell's Contentions.

"Whisky made by the continuous process has been known as whisky for more than thirty years. Whisky refined as highly as that made by the continuous process, and containing no greater amount of congeners, has been known as whisky for more than fifty years. The continuous process did not produce a new article, but an old and well-known article in a new way. The act of Congress providing for continuous distillation treats the process as a substitute for the redistillation therefor done by rectifiers in making what was well known as redistilled whisky.

"The name whisky has not been extended since 1870 to an article importantly different from what was known as whisky before 1870. There was no inconsistency in calling neutral spirits by that name when sold as raw material at high proof to rectifiers and by the name whisky when reduced to potable proof and made ready for consumption as a beverage.

* * *

Merely Trade Names.

"'Neutral spirits' and 'high wines' are manufacturers' distinctive trade names for raw materials. That is the only reason why retailers and consumers, not being familiar with the terms, did not know that "in fact they were using a mere neutral spirit given under the name whisky.

"With equal truth the Solicitor General might have found that retailers who dealt in straight whisky and consumers who drank it did not know that they were in fact getting 'high wines' reduced to potable proof. Neutral spirits as commercially produced in the United States is not pure ethyl alcohol. If those who drink whisky made by the continuous process are satisfied with its taste and flavor, who shall complain? Every consumer determines for himself whether he is satisfied with the taste and flavor of what is offered to him as whisky. The flavor of American straight whisky is not due to congeners that come over in the distillation, but to added matter. There is no specific whisky taste or flavor apart from the taste and flavor of the water and alcohol, which constitutes 99½ per cent. of all whisky, nor is there any single method of getting flavor.

* * *

As To Fusel Oil.

"The public has never regarded fusel oil as necessary or desirable ingredient of whisky and have not been misled or injured by applying the name to whisky from which the fusel oil has been eliminated. On the contrary the public has always been told that fusel oil was eliminated from straight whisky by the aging process and have bought that kind of whisky believing that was free from fusel oil.

"The fact that continuous whisky does not contain fusel oil in 'substantial amounts' is therefore no reason for taking the name whisky away from it, but rather a reason for regarding it as the only whisky that conforms to the general understanding of what whisky is and should be in respect of fusel oil. Whisky made by the continuous process may be properly called 'redistilled whisky.' That was its name before it was made by that process and truthfully distinguishes it from straight whisky."

* * *

Selection of Dawson Pleases.

Southern Congressman upon whose initiative agents were sent to China three years ago to display samples of American goods, especially cotton, are elated over the intention of the President to appoint former Governor Dawson, of West Virginia, as a commercial agent to work in the Chinese field.

As former Governor of West Virginia, Mr. Dawson's reports will have much prestige. The selection of a man of his caliber for this position is indicative of the fact that the United States intends to enter on a new policy in China. Foreign governments are devoting no end of attention to studying the Chinese field of trade, with its vast possibilities. The Administration proposes to do likewise and to develop a new class of commercial agents to be attached to the legation at Pekin. The same policy will be extended to other countries in which large trade possibilities are seen.

* * *

Southern States Not Affected.

Secretary Nagel's determination to remove clerks in the Department of Commerce and Labor ought not to affect those from Southern States. A table prepared shows all of these States have far below their quotas. Alabama under a fair apportionment would be allowed 183. The State has but 136. Arkansas' quota is 131; it has 98. Kentucky has 195 out of the 215 to which it is entitled. Texas 284 out of 305; Mississippi 123 out of 156; Tennessee has its exact quota, 202.

INDIANA FARM SOLD FOR $15,000.

Seymour, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—The W. A. Harrington farm at Crothersville has been sold to A. H. Harbaugh, of Freetown, for $15,000. The farm contains 195 acres.

C. and O. Changes.

Richmond, Va., June 28.—President George W. Stevens, of the Chesapeake and Ohio railway, to-day announced the following appointments, which have been approved by the board of directors, effective July 1:

Henry T. Wickham, vice president and general counsel; Charles E. Doyle, vice president and general manager, and F. M. Whitaker, vice president and traffic manager.

Hope Almost Abandoned.

The condition of Mrs. Mary Dumesnil, widow of Henry A. Dumesnil, and who has been ill for the past two weeks, continues extremely critical at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. William Cornwall, 513 Park avenue. Hope for her recovery has almost been abandoned.

FIND EASTMAN ALONE GUILTY

(Continued from First Page.)

wouldn't like to go to his bungalow. They said they would and everybody got in the launch and started out. A storm arose, however, and Eastman said the girls got 'cold feet,' as he expressed it, and wanted to go home. Then they ran aground off Bob Seth's place. Eastman said he wanted the girls to take off their shoes and stockings and wade ashore, but they wouldn't do this, and he waded ashore alone to get a boat. Eastman said he told Seth he had two ladies to protect in the launch. After getting the girls ashore, Eastman said he took the girls home. I supposed he meant to their own home. He said he stole Taylor's horse and buggy to take them home and that was why it happened to be at the bungalow on Sunday.

"I also saw Eastman on Monday morning and asked him what he had been doing out on the water at 1 o'clock that morning. He said he had some friends in the shack and had been telling them great stories about the size of the Eastern shore oysters. The friends replied that they were from Missouri and had to be shown."

The witness' eyes twinkled knowingly as he said this. The Missouri joke has penetrated even to the Eastern shore.

* * *

Went Out For Oysters.

"Eastman," he continued, "said he went out and grappled for some oysters and brought them ashore. He said that the party he had had on Sunday kept him busy washing dishes all day Monday."

"You are sure you saw no visitors about the bungalow on Sunday?" interposed the State's Attorney.

"Sure," replied Powell.

On Monday the witness saw Eastman burning some things in the yard. He explained afterward that it was some excelsior.

"But the fire seemed to smolder and make lots of smoke," said Powell, "and Eastman frequently raked it over. I didn't ask Eastman who the girls were in his party. I suppose they came from one of the summer boarding-houses."

Robert Seth told of Eastman's coming ashore at his place when the motorboat ran aground.

* * *

Must Protect the Girl.

"It was about 11 o'clock Saturday night," said the witness. "Eastman told me of the mishap and said he wanted a boat. I told him I would help get the launch off, but he said he had a lady in it he must protect and that he would not have me see her for a thousand dollars. After lending him a boat, I told him I would let him have a team to take the young lady home and would place it at a point where he and the girl could get it without being seen by anyone."

Eastman said nothing to Seth of there being two girls in the party. Evidently he decided not to take any chance of his companion being seen and recognized, for the next morning Seth's team had not been used. Next day Eastman explained that he had thought it best to get a team from Taylor. With Taylor's team he had taken the girl to St. Michaels.

George B. Taylor, the station agent, liveryman, etc., gave his testimony at McDaniel, but added nothing new.

The whole, sad story seems to have been told, and it is more apparent than ever that the last chapter was written when Eastman, cornered on the narrow black waters of Harris Creek last Friday morning, sent a bullet crashing through his heart. The man's career, so far as it has been traced here, led always downward.

HOPE TO CATCH LEON LING IN FEW HOURS

POLICE GET CLEW TO FUGITIVE'S WHEREABOUTS.

DETECTIVES RUSHED TO NEW JERSEY CITIES.

NO ARREST MADE AS YET.

New York, June 28.—It was learned late to-night that half a dozen detectives had been sent to New Jersey, in the neighborhood of Passaic, Hackensack and Paterson, on what was said by Inspector McCafferty to be the best clew yet obtained as to the whereabouts of Leon Ling.

"We may have Leon in a few hours," said McCafferty. "It looks like the best information we have had since we began working on the case."

Up to a late hour, however, no arrest had been reported at police headquarters.

Inspector McCafferty, chief of the New York Detective Bureau, gave out to-night the first authentic statement on the murder of Elsie Sigel that has been made by the police since the discovery of the girl's body on June 18 in a trunk in the bedroom of Leon Ling, an Americanized Chinaman, on Eighth avenue.

"We shall catch the murderer," the inspector said. "Delay does not alter that, although it chafes us. The whole country is one vast rat trap, with every exit guarded.

"The girl was killed between 10 o'clock in the morning and noon of June 9, and we believe Leon Ling is the man who did it, with Chung Sin, his intimate, as a possible accomplice. We have Chung Sin. From his room on Eighth avenue Leon Ling went straight to Washington, and there sent the 'don't worry' telegram signed 'Elsie,' received on the night of the murder by the Sigel family. From Washington he returned to New York, and somewhere about midnight on June 9 took the body in a trunk to Newark, arriving there about 2 a. m. on June 10. We don't know how he took it. The leg of the journey has not been accounted for. All available records of the various taxicab companies have been searched, but there are many privately-owned machines which keep no records. A chauffeur who had made such a trip would be more than likely to have taken hush money. Unable to dispose of his trunk, Leon returned to New York with the body on the afternoon of June 10 and left it in his room. From that moment we lost all trace of him. So far as we know, he had no other possible accomplice than Chung Sin. We do not know what became of the clothes not found on the body. There is no evidence to show that they were ever taken to Harlem.

"No other murder that I can remember has attracted such wide interest or such enthusiastic co-operation on the part of the police of other cities. All the forces of the country are working as one great machine. We have fifty men of our own in the cities of the East.

"The only possible slip on which Leon could have left the country is due to arrive in Yokohama on July 3. She will be watched. The man cannot get out of the country. If he is alive, we shall catch him."

All the Chinese laundries in the city, which are operated by four companies in the name of individual managers, received notice to-day in Chinese from the owners warning employes that they must have nothing to do with women beyond business over the counter on pain of dismissal.

An expressman brought information to headquarters late to-night apparently at variance with Inspector McCafferty's statement. He said that on June 9 he had taken a trunk from the house in which the body was found to a Chinese laundry in Harlem. He could not remember the address, but showed a receipt signed W. H. Lee.

WALKING FROM GOTHAM TO SAN FRANCISCO.

Evansville, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—Footsore and soaked from head to foot with perspiration, William Wayne, husky college graduate, who is walking from New York to San Francisco on a wager of $8,000, arrived here to-day and is spending the night here. He is eight days ahead of his schedule time, which he says will enable him to reach San Francisco October 10 or October 15.

FIRE ON END OF GULFPORT WHARF.

Gulfport, Miss., June 28.—Fire early to-day destroyed the big pavilion at the end of the Gulfport long wharf. The pavilion included a barroom, a theater and the quarters of the Gulfport Yacht Club. The loss amounted to about $20,000.

LAID TO REST

Last Sad Rites For Miss Lizzie O. Haldeman.

MANY FLORAL TRIBUTES COME FROM FRIENDS.

MESSAGES OF SYMPATHY TOUCH PARENTS' HEARTS.

TAPS SOUNDED AT THE LAST.

The singing of sweetly solemn hymns, the reading of a touching passage of Scripture and the recital of the beautiful and impressive funeral service of the Episcopal Church in the hearing of a large gathering of sympathizing friends were the simple ceremonies over the remains of Miss Lizzie Offutt Haldeman at the home of her parents, Col. W. B. Haldeman and Mrs. Haldeman, at 517 West Ormsby avenue, yesterday.

The services began at the home amid a bower of flowers, closing at the grave, where special military honors were a touching feature. At the home, where the casket had been since its arrival from New York Sunday night, hundreds of floral offerings were the beautiful tributes to the memory of Miss Haldeman, and at the grave many were banked high about it.

* * *

Simple Services At House.

At the residence the Rev. J. W. Graybell, pastor of Westminster Presbyterian church, read with much feeling the fifteenth chapter of the First Corinthians, the beautiful resurrection chapter, and the Rev. Dr. Charles Ewell Craik, rector of Christ Church Cathedral and chaplain of the First Kentucky Regiment, read the simple Episcopal funeral service.

At the close of the service, a special escort of honor, selected from the First Kentucky Regiment, and in command of Lieut. Benjamin Offutt, formed in line on east side of the walk and presented arms as the casket was carried from the hearse to the funeral car. The escort then took positions beside the car and proceeded with it to the cemetery.

* * *

"Taps" At the Cemetery.

At the cemetery, where many friends of the family waited for the funeral, the most solemn service took place. A line was formed by the military escort, and as the casket was carried to the grave, about which were banked many beautiful floral designs, the Rev. Dr. Craik moved in advance and recited the burial service. The military escort, lined on either side of the walk-way, stood at rest, while the uniformed officers of the First Regiment stood with bared and bowed heads. At the close of the burial service Sergt. Daniel Barfield, chief trumpeter of the regiment, stepped to the head of the grave and sounded "taps," the solemn requiem that consigns the soldier to his last rest. This same honor was accorded Miss Haldeman, who in life was the Daughter of the First Regiment, and was known and honored by many of its members, and had given her friendship and interest to the boys composing it. It was their flowers woven into a great and beautiful pall that covered the casket.

The active pallbearers were: Maj. Ellis Duncan, Capt. Robert J. McBride, Jr., Capt. Neville S. Bullitt, Capt. Lamar D. Roy, Capt. Charles Hibbitt, Capt. Llewellyn Spears and Lieut. Irvin Lindenberger.

The honorary pallbearers were as follows: Messrs. Egerton Hagan, Charles F. Woolridge, Jr., Rodman Grubbs, Allen Harvey, John Buchanan, Boyd Martin, Tom Fuqua and Lamar Collier.

* * *

Many Messages of Sympathy.

During yesterday many friends of the family called to express their sympathy in the peculiarly sad death of Miss Haldeman. In addition, numerous telegrams and letters were received, one of the first being from the girls and teachers at The Castle, Tarrytown-on-the-Hudson, where Miss Haldeman had attended school and where she was greatly beloved by not only her school companions but by the teachers as well. Their tender message touched the hearts of Col. Haldeman and Mrs. Haldeman keenly.

SYMPATHY FROM FELLOW EDITORS.

Kentucky Press Association Sends a Message To Col. W. B. Haldeman.

Estill Springs, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—The Kentucky Press Association sent its sympathy to Col. W. B. Haldeman and Mrs. Haldeman on the loss of their daughter, Miss Lizzie Haldeman. When the train bearing the delegates arrived, President Tim Needham apointed Lew B. Brown, T. C. Underwood and W. B. Richardson a committee to convey the sympathy of the association to Col. Haldeman and his family. The committee sent the following telegram:

"Col. W. B. Haldeman, Louisville, Ky.: The Kentucky Press Association sincerely mourns with you and your family in the death of your beloved daughter. Our tenderest sympathy goes out to you in your bereavement."

INSURANCE MAN

DISAPPEARS FROM HOME AT 1204 PRESTON STREET.

A. W. Lerch Last Seen Aboard An Interurban Car Bound For Indianapolis.

A. W. Lerch, a trusted collector for an insurance company, and who lives at 1204 Preston street, has disappeared.

Mr. Lerch is about 24 years old and he has been married for three years. Last Wednesday morning he left his home, after kissing his wife good-bye, telling her that he probably would be home for supper, but in the event that he could not that he would telephone.

Mrs. Lerch did not think there was anything wrong when her husband had not arrived home at 6:30 o'clock in the evening, but she became worried when she received no communication at 8 o'clock. She waited until that time before eating supper. Mrs. Lerch was sitting out on the front veranda of her home still waiting at 10 o'clock that night, when one of the agents for the insurance company appeared at the Lerch home and asked for Mr. Lerch.

Mrs. Lerch was much surprised and expressed the opinion that her husband was working late at the office. The agent assured her that he had just come from the office and that Mr. Lerch had not been there during the day.

A short time after that two policemen, who were patroling the beat along Preston street, came along and they were informed of the disappearance. The officers told the anxious wife that if her husband had not come home by the time they passed again, at 11:30 o'clock, that they would notify police headquarters. This was done.

The officials of the insurance company say that Mr. Lerch's books are all right and that he could have had but a small amount of money collected during the day. Mrs. Lerch says that when her husband left home he was in the best of spirits and was suffering from no illness or mental worry.

Members of the detective department who worked on the case learned that among the passengers on an interurban car, bound for Indianapolis, which was wrecked at Chestnut Ridge, Ind., last Wednesday morning, there was a man who gave his name to the conductor as A. W. Lerch, of 1204 Preston street, Louisville. No other clew has been found, and the case has caused a good deal of discussion.

The Byck's Make This Claim—

That the Greatest Shoe Sale in the history of Louisville is now on at our store—220 Fourth avenue. It is a sale with a foundation: the foundation is a cause; and the cause is that

WE HAVE TO MOVE.

Byck's SHOES
Pronounced BIX

Shinola Polishing Sets; brush and dauber; 25c value, at ... 16c
Shinola Polish (not more than 2 boxes to each customer), per box ... 5c

In Our Boy' Shoe Department.

Boys' patent vici, gun-metal calf and tan calf Oxfords in our best grades; $3.50 values, at ... $2.40
Boys' black patent vici, tan calf and vici kid Oxfords; $2.50 and $2 values, at ... $1.68
Boys' black vici kid Oxfords; $2 values, at ... $1.48

In Our Men's Shoe Department.

Patent colt, patent vici and tan Russian and gun-metal Oxfords and Ties; the celebrated Johnson & Murphy and Stacy Adams makes; all the very latest; $7 and $6 values, at ... $4.85
This means choice of the house.
Patent vici, tan Russia calf and gun-metal Oxfords; all styles; $5 values, at ... $3.85
Patent vici, patent kid gun-metal calf; button and lace; all summer '09 styles; $4 and $3.50 values, at ... $2.98
Patent colt, gun-metal calf and tan Russia calf Oxfords, in the approved shapes of the season; $3.50 values, at ... $2.48

In Our Ladies' Shoe Department.

Ladies' patent vici, gun-metal calf, tan Russia calf and kid and suede Oxfords, two-eyelet Ties and Pumps, in light and heavy soles; all the latest effects; $6 and $5 values, at ... $3.65
Our entire stock of $5 and $6 Low Shoes go at $3.65.
Ladies' patent vici kid and patent tip Oxfords; $2 and $2.50 values, at ... $1.48
Ladies' patent vici, gun-metal calf, tan Russia calf and black and brown suede Oxfords and Pumps, including many of our celebrated Josephine styles; $4 and $3.50 values, at ... $2.68
Ladies' patent vici and tan vici kid Oxfords, in light and heavy soles; $3 and $2.50 values, at ... $1.98

In Our Misses' and Children's Shoe Department.

School Heel Oxfords and Pumps, in patent vici, tan calf and kid and gun-metal calf; all new styles; both light and heavy soles; $3 and $3.50 values; sizes 11 to 6, at ... $2.68
Misses' patent vici, tan Russia calf and kid and gun-metal Low Shoes, Pumps and Oxfords, in all the season's best styles and shapes; $3 and $2.50 values, at ... $1.98
School heel Oxfords and Pumps, in patent vici, vici kid and tan calf; all broken lines in our stock; extraordinary values displayed on tables; $3, $2.50 and $2 values, at ... 98c

220 Byck's 4th

MERRY BUNCH

LEAVES ABOARD A SPECIAL TRAIN FOR ESTILL SPRINGS.

Newspaper Men Enjoying Annual Outing At Beautiful Summer Resort.

Scribes on pleasure bent, accompanied by their wives, sweethearts and friends, left over the Southern railway yesterday morning for Estill Springs, where the annual summer outing and business meetings of the Kentucky Press Association are being held this week. A special train of two cars was provided to accommodate the party, which numbered well up into the hundreds. W. Vernon Richardson, secretary of the big association of Kentucky newspaper men and women, was the major general in charge, while the safety of the train was intrusted to Arch R. Cook, local passenger agent, who announced that the special would speed on to the mecca without a single stop.

The delegation from Louisville yesterday was composed chiefly of pen-pushers in the western part of the State, who struck the trail a day or two ago in order to reach here in time to get aboard the special. Their number was augmented considerably by many local newspaper men, who could not resist the temptation of the sojourn at Estill Springs.

Owing to a washout on the Louisville division of the Louisville and Nashville road, a goodly number of delegates from Western Kentucky who started late for Louisville failed to make connections with the special.

Among the pioneer newspaper men of the party are: Charles M. Meacham, of the Hopkinsville Kentuckian; Paul M. Moore, of the Earlington Bee; Judge E. E. Barry, of the Benton Tribune-Democrat, and Thomas C. Underwood, of the Hopkinsville New Era. A telegram was received from two other veterans, John B. Gaines, of Bowling Green, and Harry A. Sommers, of the Elizabethtown News, stating that the Louisville and Nashville washout would delay them for some hours. They will, however, reach Estill Springs to-morrow, heading two big delegations from their districts.

It is said that those who had charge of the preliminaries for the meeting this year made a special effort to perfect the most elaborate programme ever gotten up by the association. Elaborate entertainment is provided for all of the delegates. The big feature of the social part of the programme will be a dance and reception in honor of the visiting scribes by the Eighth District League. The convention will be in session five days.

DR. E. Y. MULLENS ELECTED PRESIDENT.

Louisville Theologian Chosen As the Head of Baptist Young People's Union.

Portland, Ore., June 28.—The Baptist Young People's Union this afternoon elected officers as follows:

President, E. Y. Mullens, Louisville; first vice president, Charles Senior, Toronto, Can.; second vice president, C. M. Carter, Indianapolis; third vice president, the Rev. W. Y. Williamson, St. Louis.

The place of next year's meeting was left to the board of managers.

NEW ORLEANS RAILWAY TO ISSUE $50,000,000 BONDS.

New Orleans, June 28.—A bond issue of $50,000,000 by the New Orleans Railway and Light Company was to-day authorized by a vote of the stockholders. It is understood that $30,000,000 of the issue will be used to retire outstanding obligations and $20,000,000, at the rate of $1,000,000 a year, will be expended in developing the property of the company.

MRS. SARAH M'CONNELL DIES OF PARALYSIS.

Seymour, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—Mrs. Sarah J. McConnell, widow of Samuel McConnell, and a native of Clark county, died at the home of her son-in-law, Henry Wooley. She was 73 years of age and was stricken with paralysis Saturday evening.

MOVES THE CLOCK BACK ONE HOUR

"MORE DAYLIGHT" ORDINANCE FOR SUMMER MONTHS PASSED BY CITY COUNCIL.

Cincinnati, O., June 28.—Official sanction was given to the "More daylight" plan by the city council of Cincinnati to-night by the passage of an ordinance which provides for local operation of the scheme which it is hoped will be taken up by other municipalities and by the Federal Government and will eventually come into common vogue in this country.

The proposed plan was originated some time ago in Cincinnati by heads of commercial and business clubs and contemplates moving the clock back one hour during the months beginning with May 1 and running till October 1 somewhat after the proposed fashion in England and Canada.

So far as known, Cincinnati is the first city in this country to change the working hours during the summer months. The idea, it is stated, has been introduced in England, France, Germany, Australia, Denmark and Belgium.

SURGICAL OPERATION

TO BE PERFORMED ON DR. PEYTON H. HOGE.

Widely-Known Presbyterian Minister Suffering From Tumor—Friends Are Apprehensive.

Dr. Peyton H. Hoge, formerly pastor of Warren Memorial Presbyterian church, is seriously ill at Rochester, Minn., where he went several days ago, upon the advice of a Louisville surgeon. An operation will be performed the latter part of the week by Dr. William Mayo, an eminent surgeon, who is attending Dr. Hoge.

Last Friday Dr. Hoge came to Louisville from his home at Pewee Valley and sought the advice of his physician. He told the physician that he had been ill for several days. The physician made an examination and found that Dr. Hoge was suffering from tumor of the bowels. He advised the patient to leave at once for Rochester, Minn., and it was later decided to perform an operation. Dr. Hoge is 51 years of age and is widely known throughout the religious world.

LOUISVILLE PRESBYTERY HOLDS MEETING TO-DAY.

The Louisville Presbytery of the Southern Presbyterian Church will meet at the First Presbyterian church to-day. The main work of the meeting will be the examination of the Rev. Willis Gregory, now in charge of the Parkland Presbyterian church, preparatory to his ordination as a minister. The Rev. Mr. Gregory is a graduate of the Presbyterian Seminary at Clarksville, Tenn. Other routine matters will be taken up.

Ability and Clear Brains are sure to win—
Grape-Nuts
FOOD
—for Brains!
"There's a Reason."

Flatulence

When every bite you eat seems to turn to gas and your stomach and intestines cause you endless discomfort, it is an unfailing sign that your entire system needs a thorough housecleaning.

Nature's Remedy
REG. U.S. PAT. OFFICE
NR-TABLETS-NR

cures flatulence by eliminating the cause of the disturbance—inactive liver. Take an NR tablet to-night and you'll feel better in the morning.

Better than Pills for Liver Ills 50

Get a 25c Box.

LOUISVILLE HOME TELEPHONE COMPANY ANNOUNCEMENT

The most complete Directory ever furnished by the Home Telephone Co. is now being distributed to its subscribers. Three subexchanges, namely: Crescent, Highland and Parkland have been established and many numbers have been changed; hence all users of telephones are URGED TO REFER TO THE BOOK before calling for connections. Our Long Distance Service is the most modern and efficient to all points indicated in list found on pages 2 to 22 inclusive. Suburban Exchange Lists can be found on pages 281 to 475 inclusive.

PARK GUARD

Given Commutation of Sentence by Governor.

RICHARD RAMSEY CONVICTED OF ACCEPTING BRIBE.

NOT GIVEN SQUARE DEAL SAYS EXECUTIVE.

REFUSES TO GRANT PARDON.

Frankfort, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Because he thought there was discrimination against Richard Ramsey, a park guard, convicted in Louisville of accepting a bribe, and because he claims powerful private influences were arrayed against the guard, Gov. Willson to-day commuted the sentence of Ramsey from two years in the penitentiary to six months in the county jail. The case aroused considerable discussion in Louisville and the two arbitrators, who were asked by the Governor to pass on the application for a full and free pardon, failed to agree, one insisting on a pardon being granted and the other opposing it.

Some facts in the case, especially the one that the lawyers who prosecuted Ramsey defended Charles Pearson and George Krim, charged with the same offense, caused Gov. Willson to believe that Ramsey was not given a square deal. The Governor said he was not willing to pardon Ramsey, as it was shown that he did take the money, but he compromised by commuting the sentence. In discussing the case Gov. Willson has some interesting things to say. His reasons in the case are as follows:

The Governor's Reasons.

"Richard Ramsey was convicted in the Jefferson Circuit Court on the 11th of February, 1909, on the charge of accepting a bribe as a park guard, and sentenced to confinement for two years in the penitentiary and has been in jail ever since. There were three men indicted at the same time for the same offense—Richard Ramsey, Charles Pearson and George Krim. Two eminent criminal lawyers were employed for some reason not shown by the record to prosecute the case as against Ramsey, and a separate trial was had as to him. The Commonwealth's Attorney did not take an active part in the prosecution, which was conducted by Messrs. Kohn and Edwards and resulted in the conviction.

"The same lawyers represented the defense of the two other park guards who were with Ramsey at the time of the transaction. The evidence in the case indicated that the three park guards were together when a couple were discovered in the park at a time and place and under circumstances which exposed them to humiliation, or, at any rate, under circumstances which they regarded as compromising. It will serve no good purpose to add to the sorrow which their conduct brought upon them by giving their names or going into particulars of the transaction, but it was contended for the Commonwealth that 'hush' money was demanded, while it was contended for the defense that a small sum of money, which was afterward paid, was offered by the man in the case out of gratitude to the park guards for not exposing the parties to further public humiliation.

No Condonation of Offense.

"There can be no condonation of the conduct of the guards or any of them in accepting money under such circumstances. Undoubtedly all three deserved such punishment as would make all public officers afraid to accept money under such circumstances, and it is especially necessary for the protection of the public parks where women and children in large numbers visit and are entitled to the protection of men above bribes or dishonorable rewards.

"And it was right that Richard Ramsey should be punished severely for his part in this affair, and for the same reason, those connected with him should have been punished, and their cases should have been prosecuted and not filed away; but I see no reason in the record for discriminating between the three, and the fact that the same counsel secured the filing away of the other indictments of men concerned in the same transaction, shows that Ramsey has not been treated as the others were, but that some powerful influence was behind his prosecution.

"Ramsey is the son of a good old father and mother and greatly respected and beloved by all who knew them, whose sorrow over the plight of their son is, at their advanced age, a serious danger to their happiness if not to their lives.

Judge O'Doherty Asked For Pardon.

"Judge Matt Matt O'Doherty, of the Third Division of the Common Pleas branch of the Jefferson Circuit Court, has made a most earnest appeal for Richard Ramsey's pardon, both by letter and in person. Mr. F. C. Nunemacher, president of the Board of Trade; Rev. J. M. Weaver, a sister of Mr. Ramsey, and many other people of the highest character have interceded for clemency towards him.

"A strong remonstrance against the pardon has been presented to the Governor by an eminent member of the Board of Park Commissioners, acting solely for the public interest and for the protection of the parks, without any personal animus or feeling. I referred the matter to this member of the Board of Park Commissioners and another gentleman, to advise the Governor as to their opinions in the case, and the one presented his earnest belief that the pardon should be granted, and the other maintained his position advising the Governor not to grant it.

Mr. Nunemacher's Report.

"Mr. Nunemacher, president of the Board of Trade, writes that he has known Richard Ramsey for many years as a boy and man, and from his knowledge of his life and the character of his family connections he cannot feel that Ramsey is guilty of any intentional wrongdoing in this matter; but he has made sufficient investigation to satisfy him that some person or persons have had a particular interest in pushing the prosecution, and it has led him to suspect that the whole affair was a prearranged plan to bring about the situation which has developed.

"This means in substance that Ramsey was tempted and fell into the trap. It would not make him innocent, but it would be a circumstance entitled to consideration in deciding upon the extent to which the punishment should be carried. Mr. Nunemacher did not desire him pardoned if the Governor deemed him guilty of an intention to do wrong, but he does not believe that there was such intention as to require punishment and degradation, carrying with it the humiliation and lifelong disgrace of the prisoner, his father, mother, his brothers and sister, all of the highest standing, and he feels that greater justice will be done by pardoning him and saving him the calamity of imprisonment in the penitentiary and the disgrace to his family.

Parents In Distress.

"I asked the Park Commissioner and the other arbitrator if they could not agree to call in a third party, but they have failed to do this. It appears from a letter written by Judge O'Doherty and forwarded to me that Ramsey's parents are in very great distress; that the old father is no longer able to leave his room, and he fears the tragedy of a broken-hearted father sinking to his grave under the load of this affliction. As he views the case, Ramsey and the other guards, one of the latter first, found a man and a woman at night in the park in a compromising situation and should have arrested them or at least driven them from the park, but instead of this treated them with unmerited leniency, for which the man expressed his gratitude and made some proposal to reward the guards, which should have been rejected, but was not, and herein was their offending; but that there is a very wide difference between accepting money offered from gratitude and the crime of blackmailing, and it is his opinion that the trial, with the prominent criminal lawyers who prosecuted Ramsey, and the defense by a young lawyer not experienced in criminal cases, was little more than a farce, which was accentuated by the same lawyers securing the filing away of the indictments as to the other guards equally guilty.

"Two affidavits are filed which indicate that the Commonwealth's Attorney, who did not take an active part in the trial, told the affiants that he thought there was nothing in the cases.

Impossible To Grant Pardon.

"I have given this case a great deal of care and consideration. I cannot adopt it as a rule that the necessary suffering of innocent families should secure a pardon of an offense against the law, and as it is plain that the man and woman were caught in a compromising situation, and that Ramsey did accept money from the man afterward, it is impossible that I should pardon him. I think all who know the family sincerely regret the sorrow which this conduct of Richard Ramsey has brought upon them; but the only question which I am willing to consider in the case is whether the punishment of two years' imprisonment in the penitentiary should be in any part commuted.

Influences Brought To Bear.

"I think the fact of the prosecution by very able criminal lawyers and the defense by a young and inexperienced lawyer would tend to secure a greater punishment than would otherwise be given to the offense, and it seems probable that but for such prosecution, this case would have been filed away with the others, because there was no difference in the criminality of the parties. They were alike guilty of taking the money, and under all the circumstances while I am not willing to pardon Richard Ramsey nor to in any way condone or extenuate an offense of this character, I am constrained, from the facts of this case, to believe that the sentence imposed was greater than it should have been, and that Ramsey should not have been punished any more than the others associated with him in the offense; but they have not been subjected to any punishment except arrest and holding the indictments over their heads, and under the circumstances, I believe that strong private influences were added to the powers of the prosecution against Ramsey and resulted in a punishment which was greater than the offense demanded, and for this reason, I have decided to commute and do hereby commute the sentence of two years in the penitentiary to a sentence of six months in the Jefferson county jail, the six months to begin with the 11th day of February, 1909, since which time he has been in jail; but this commutation is to become null and void and the sentence to be reinstated in full force in the event that Richard Ramsey, before the expiration of his sentence and within two years of the original sentence, should be again guilty of violating the penal laws of this Commonwealth, or should fail to lead an upright, industrious temperate and respectful life.

"AUGUSTUS E. WILLSON,
"Governor of Kentucky.
"Signed this 26th day of June, 1909."

Pardons Militiamen.

Pardons before trial were granted to-day by Gov. Willson to two men in the Kentucky State Guard who saw service during the night-rider troubles and who were indicted, the Governor says, for spite. The pardons were granted to Carl Meacham and W. R. Brashear. The indictments were returned in Todd county and charged the two soldiers with breaking into a railroad car, the charge being a felony. The men were part of the detachment of soldiers on duty at Guthrie during the night-rider troubles. In granting the pardons before trial Gov. Willson says:

"After a careful investigation I found that there was no ground for charging them with any unlawful intent, and I am satisfied that the charges were made against them in the interests of those who were opposed to the soldiers being stationed at Guthrie to uphold the law and protect the liberties of the people."

The Governor's attention was called to the indictments by Col. E. B. Bassett, who was in command of the troops in Western Kentucky during the night-rider troubles.

Clemency Granted.

Clemency was granted this morning by Gov. Willson in two cases. Richard Weston, serving a sentence of two years in the penitentiary on a charge of manslaughter, had the remainder of his sentence pardoned and was released from the penitentiary. He and Arthur Cleveland, both negroes, were convicted of the killing of a negro in Bell county. Cleveland was given a sentence of five years in the penitentiary, and this was commuted by the Governor to two years. It was in this case that the Governor thought letters asking for the pardons had been forged, because it was shown that three letters from different men were written on the same typewriter. It now appears, according to the Governor's statement in passing on the two cases, that the letters were written on the same typewriter by one man, but he was authorized to write these letters by the men who afterward signed their names to the letters.

Frank Ball Must Serve.

Frank Ball, sometimes described as a desperado, but who vigorously denies it, will have to serve his life sentence in the penitentiary so long as Gov. Willson is Chief Executive of the State, at least. The Governor declined to grant a pardon to Ball to-day. Ball killed Jack Bolen, at Middlesboro. Following the killing Ball had all that end of Kentucky in a disturbed condition. A relative of Ball was killed by the posse, which went across the Virginia line to get Ball. Gov. Willson says there is no reason why he should change the verdict of the jury.

Familiar Name.

A prisoner bearing the rather familiar name of Finley Taylor was brought to the penitentiary to-day by Sheriff J. A. L. Jasper, of Pulaski county. Finley will be the guest of Warden Mudd for twenty-one years, having been given that length term for manslaughter. With Taylor were three other prisoners—Ethel Beckner, Dicey Gilpen and Owen Gilpen—all of whom got a year apiece for grand larceny.

Sheriff Dan H. Williams, of Knox county, brought in Calloway Gray to put up a year for malicious shooting and wounding.

On Campaign.

Gov. Willson left his home this morning to spend a week campaigning in the interest of the educational movement in Kentucky. He will be gone until Saturday. Before leaving he offered a reward of $100 for the apprehension of James Daniels, who broke jail in Monroe county, where he has been awaiting trial on a murder charge.

FOR CITY AUDITOR

ADOLPH SCHMITT ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY.

Subject To Will of Democratic Convention To Be Held At Masonic Theater Friday.

Adolph Schmitt, one of the best-known and best-liked young Democrats in Louisville, yesterday announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the office of City Auditor, subject to the will of the Democratic convention. Mr. Schmitt served for two years in the City Treasurer's office under four different men, James B. Camp, "Dick" Schmitt, Harry Wirgman and H. N. Gifford. He is at present employed in the City Controller's office under S. M. Wilhite.

Mr. Schmitt has ever been a Democrat, and has been an earnest worker in the Democratic ranks. He is a young man of ability, and has made a record for himself for accuracy during the time he has been employed at the city hall. Should he receive the Democratic nomination for City Auditor, he doubtless will make a good race for the office against his Republican opponent.

ELEVEN NEW CLERKS FOR LOCAL POST-OFFICE.

John G. Morey, Assistant Postmaster, Back From Business Trip To Washington.

Eleven new clerks will be added to the number now in the Louisville post-office as the result of a ten-days' trip to Washington by Assistant Postmaster John G. Morey, where he went to present the needs of the local post-office for the fiscal year beginning July 1. While Assistant Postmaster Morey entered a strong plea for a number of new carriers, the request was not granted, but there is hopes of the appointment of several in October.

Postmaster Woods thinks that the additional clerks will put the post-office on a much better operating system. When the official notification of the allowances for post-offices is received at the end of this week it will be known what amount of money has been apportioned to be spent in Louisville next year. It is believed that the amount will be cut down for the coming year owing to President Taft's retrenchment policy.

Other improvements that Postmaster Woods had planned will have to be held up temporarily. No new substations will be allowed to Louisville during this time of economy.

Mr. Morey confided to his friends that Louisville was a full-blown summer resort when compared to Washington. He stated that one morning the thermometer registered 104 degrees on the street at 10:30 o'clock. Despite the heat, he managed to get a lot of pleasure out of his visit when he wasn't occupied with business. He visited the Senate and watched the tariff bill in course of construction. Mr. Morey stated that high officials in the postal department are pleased with the increase in postal receipts in Louisville.

DATES FOR HOLDING FAIRS IN KENTUCKY.

Stanford, July 21—3 days.
Henderson, July 27—5 days.
Georgetown, July 27—5 days.
Lancaster, July 28—3 days.
Madisonville, August 3—5 days.
Winchester, August 3—4 days.
Danville, August 3—4 days.
Versailles, August 4—3 days.
Lexington, Bluegrass Fair, August 3—6 days.
Burkesville, August 10—4 days.
Taylorsville, August 10—4 days.
Uniontown, August 10—5 days.
Middlesboro, August 11—4 days.
Harrodsburg, August 12—3 days.
Providence, August 17—5 days.
Lawrenceburg, August 17—4 days.
Leitchfield, August 17—4 days.
Barbourville, August 18—3 days.
Richmond, August 18—3 days.
Brodhead, August 18—3 days.
Shepherdsville, August 18—3 days.
Ewing, August 19—3 days.
Pembroke Horse Show, August 19—3 days.
Shelbyville, August 24—4 days.
Elizabethtown, August 24—3 days.
Springfield, August 25—4 days.
London, August 24—4 days.
Florence, August 25—4 days.
Frankfort, August 31—3 days.
Hardinsburg, August 31—3 days.
Nicholasville, August 31—4 days.
Tompkinsville, September 1—5 days.
Fern Creek, September 1—5 days.
Bardstown, September 1—4 days.
Franklin, September 2—3 days.
Paris, September 7—4 days.
Hodgenville, September 7—3 days.
Monticello, September 7—4 days.
Glasgow, September 8—4 days.
Sanders, September 8—3 days.
Hartford, September 8—3 days.
Louisville, Kentucky State Fair, September 13—6 days.
Scottsville, September 16—3 days.
Mayfield, September 22—4 days.
Morgantown, September 22—4 days.
Louisville Colored Fair, September 22-25.
Glasgow, Colored Fair, September 23—3 days.
Bedford, October 1—2 days.
Owensboro, October 5—6 days.
Elkton, October 7—3 days.
Sulphur, October 8—2 days.

ENDED BY STATE

Mueller, Wathen and Kobert Exonerated.

DISTILLERS CHARGED WITH RETAILING LIQUOR.

EIGHTY-FIVE INDICTMENTS DISMISSED AT LEBANON.

EDUCATIONAL CAMPAIGN ON.

Lebanon, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—At a special term of the Marion Circuit Court, Judge Moss, of Bowling Green, presiding as special Judge dismissed, upon the motion of the Commonwealth's Attorney, L. R. Durham, the eighty-five indictments against the Mueller, Wathen & Kobert distillery, charged with selling whisky by retail.

Ten days ago Judge Moss presided in a similar case against this firm and the jury acquitted in less than ten minutes. The regular Judge, I. H. Thurman, refused to vacate the bench and the defendants filed an affidavit charging him with prejudice. He fined the defendants in two cases, and the defendants appealed, the Court of Appeals reversing.

CHARGED WITH ASSAULT.

Head Peace Officer of Mason County Tried Before Magistrate.

Maysville, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Sheriff James F. Mackey, of the county, was arrested here last week on a warrant sworn out by a negro section hand, charging him with assault and battery. The warrant was issued by Magistrate John W. Boyer, and served by Coroner Fred Dresel. The case came up for trial on Friday, and at the conclusion of the evidence the Squire took the case under advisement and has not yet rendered a decision.

This is perhaps the first time in the history of Mason county that a sheriff has been arrested and the Squire's decision is anxiously awaited.

The case that led up to the alleged assault was at the time when Section Boss Corrigan was knocked off the Chesapeake and Ohio track and injured here. Sheriff Mackey was on hand and had ordered the crowd to stand back in order that fresh air could reach the unfortunate man. The negro, who was working under Corrigan, refused to move, saying Corrigan was his boss and that he was going to stay with him, whereupon it is alleged the Sheriff struck the negro.

CONTRACT LET.

Government Building At Danville Will Cost $63,369.

Danville, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Postmaster E. B. Linney yesterday received official notification from Washington that the contract for the erection of the Government building in Danville had been awarded to John G. Unkerfer & Co., of Minerva, O. The company agrees to complete the building for $63,369. According to the contract, the building must be completed and ready for occupancy by the first day of August, 1910. The contractors, owing to the delay in letting the contract, were given a month extra in which to complete the building, limiting the time to thirteen months. It is presumed by the local authorities that the work on the building will be begun some time during the month of July. There were many bids received by the Government authorities. The building will be used for the post-office and for revenue offices. The building will be erected on the corner of Fourth and Main streets and is to be constructed of cut stone.

NOT CANDIDATE FOR SENATOR.

Statement By Gov. Willson In Speech At London.

London, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Gov. A. E. Willson addressed a large audience at the courthouse to-day, having come here as one of the speakers for the whirlwind educational campaign. He arrived from Frankfort at 4 o'clock and was taken at once to the home of Congressman D. C. Edwards, where he was dined before the speaking began. His speech was well received. Gov. Willson has consented to remain in the city overnight and will be the guest of Congressman Edwards, at whose home he was given a public reception this evening.

In his speech to-day Gov. Willson stated positively that he would not be a candidate for the United States Senate.

BALL AT ESTILL SPRINGS.

Beginning of Festivities In Honor of Kentucky Editors.

Estill Springs, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—About 175 members of the Kentucky Press Association, wives and daughters arrived here this afternoon on a special train to attend the annual convention of the association, which begins to-morrow.

To-night the visitors were guests of the Eighth District Publishers' League at a reception and ball.

Would Feed Paducah Market.

Paducah, Ky., June 28.—William Kershner, vice president and general manager of the American Engineering Company, of Indianapolis, Ind., has made the people of Unionville, Brookport, Metropolis and Joppa, Ill., a proposition to build an interurban road through these towns, to extend from Golconda to Joppa. It is estimated that the line would be sixty miles long and that it would cost $20,000 per mile. He asks the citizens to raise 25 or 40 per cent. of the cost of construction, the funds to be handled by citizens.

The people of these towns have the proposition under consideration. The road would be a big thing for Paducah, as the best market for them in this city, which is only five miles from Brookport and twelve miles from Metropolis.

Educational Campaign In McCracken.

Paducah, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—The whirlwind educational campaign in this county began this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at Reidland and will continue for three days, ending Wednesday evening at Grahamville. The speeches in the county will be made by Prof. E. S. Clark, of Corydon, who will be assisted by local educators.

Dr. R. H. Crossfield, president of Transylvania University, Lexington, will deliver a lecture Wednesday afternoon at the Woman's Club building in the interest of education. He takes the place of McKenzie Moss, of Bowling Green, who could not come.

Increased Salary For Circuit Judge.

Paducah, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Before the election in November the Fiscal Court probably will raise the salary of the Circuit Judge from $3,000 to $4,200 per year. The salary was raised a year or two ago, but the action was knocked out by the Court of Appeals, which held that an officer's salary could not be changed during his incumbency. There is Circuit Court almost the year round in this district and a raise would be justifiable. It probably will be made at the October session of Fiscal Court. Judge W. M. Reed is the incumbent and is the Democratic nominee for re-election.

Fatally Injured By a Harrow.

Paducah, Ky., June 28.—Marcus Moore, who resided in this county until a year ago, is in a serious condition at his home in Gritts, Okla., as a result of a harrow passing over his body. He was working in a field when the team he was driving became frightened and ran away. Moore was thrown to the ground and the harrow passed over his body, frightfully lacerating it. There is no hope for his recovery. His father, George Moore, resides in this county.

Pupils Parade In Bowling Green.

Bowling Green, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—The whirlwind educational campaign started off in enthusiastic shape in Warren county. Every minister in the city spoke on the lines of popular education yesterday. To-day there was a parade of a thousand pupils of the city and Normal schools and speeches were made by Mrs. Riker, of Harrodsburg; Superintendent Mark, of Louisville, and others. To-morrow speeches will be made in all parts of the county.

Cox Speaks At Winchester.

Winchester, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—The educational campaign for Clark county was inaugurated here to-day by a speech at the courthouse by Lieut. Gov. Cox. It will be supplemented by speeches in various parts of the county this week by Kirkpatrick, of Pleasureville, and others.

Rally Day For Education.

Hickman, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—The educational rally day of Fulton county will be held here Wednesday at the courthouse. Prof. M. A. Cassidy, superintendent of Lexington city schools, and Dr. George J. Ramsey, vice president of Central University, of Danville, will be the speakers of the day.

Narrow Escape For Farmer's Family.

Richmond, Ky., June 28.—The residence of James McKinney, a farmer of this county, was destroyed by fire of unknown origin last night, together with all the contents. The family barely escaped with their lives. The loss is $2,500, with no insurance.

Readenour—Donnell.

Hickman, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Vertie Donnell, of this city, and Miss Grace Readenour, of Luzelle, a few miles below Hickman, surprised their friends by going to Union City, where they were quiety married.

COTTON CROP NOT IN GOOD CONDITION

ACREAGE UP TO JUNE 24 WAS 75.6 PER CENT.

REPORT OF THE NATIONAL GINNERS' ASSOCIATION.

SEVEN PER CENT. ABANDONED.

Memphis, Tenn., June 28.—The report of the National Ginners' Association gives the average condition of cotton up to June 24 as 75.6. There has been an abandonment of acreage of 7 per cent., according to the report, making the total acreage 9.8 less than last year. Detailed reports by States are as follows:

Alabama—Condition, 70; acreage abandoned, 14 per cent. Crop very grassy in nearly all sections; plant small and from two to four weeks late.

Arkansas—Condition, 76; acreage abandoned, 4 per cent. Crop very good in west and north; very grassy and small elsewhere; boll weevil in twenty-four counties worse than last season, some fields being abandoned on account of them.

Florida—Condition, 90; very little less in acreage. Most sections good.

Georgia—Condition, 79; acreage abandoned, 5 per cent. Crop grassy; most sections not all chopped yet; plant generally small and from one to two weeks late; some complaints of lice and black rot.

Louisiana—Condition, 56; acreage abandoned, 13 per cent. Some sections very good shape, but so many weevils they are destroying all the squares as fast as they form; much cotton being abandoned or planted in something else on this account; many report nothing will be made in their section.

Mississippi—Condition, 61; acreage abandoned, 14 per cent. Plants generally small; poor stands and grassy.

Missouri—Condition, 86; very little loss in acreage. Crops late, but good.

North Carolina—Condition, 77; acreage abandoned, 4 per cent. Crops grassy in most sections, and from two to three weeks late.

Oklahoma—Condition, 90; acreage abandoned, 1 per cent. Reports from nearly all sections very good.

South Carolina—Condition, 78; acreage abandoned, 4 per cent. Some few sections report good conditions, but most of them report fields grassy and not all chopped yet; plants small and from two to three weeks late.

Tennessee—Condition, 77; acreage abandoned, 7 per cent. Crop small and grassy.

Texas—Condition, 80; acreage abandoned, 5 per cent., principally in the dry section where rains came too late; condition in North and East Texas best in years, but weevils are reported more numerous than usual, and this fine prospect may be changed in a very short time. South Texas had plenty of rain; plants generally small and from four to six weeks late. Weevils reported in large numbers, doing damage already. West Texas still very dry except in a few counties; some places have had no rain in six months. With plenty of rain, this section will produce from 50 to 60 per cent. of a crop.

CHANCE FOR SLIP

Duty May Remain On Cotton Bagging.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE TO BE RECKONED WITH.

ALDRICH'S SHAKE KNOCKS OUT FREE TIES.

BRINGS SENATORS INTO LINE.

Washington, June 28.—[Special.]—After a hard fight to-day on the part of the Senators from cotton producing States the amendment of Senator Culberson, of Texas, placing cotton ties on the free list was defeated by a vote of 38 to 31. The vote promised to be one of the closest yet taken on the tariff bill and there was great hope on the part of the Southern Senators that they would be able to win out. Senator Money, of Mississippi, and Senator Smith, of South Carolina, pleaded eloquently for the removal of the $6 duty, but a mere shake of the head on the part of Senator Aldrich, of Rhode Island, was sufficient to bring into line enough Republican votes to sustain the committee.

Nothing To Be Done.

As Senator Tillman expressed it: "The Finance Committee is the Senate and the committee is the Senator from Rhode Island, so what are you going to do about it?" Cotton bagging was made free, but there are few so sanguine as to believe that it will remain so after the Conference Committee gets through.

Binding twine was also put on the free list and all efforts of Senator Cummins, of Iowa, and Senator Stine, of Missouri, to lower the rates on the metals schedule were voted down.

Senator Aldrich offered an amendment, which was adopted, for a duty of $6 a ton on structural steel valued at $18 a ton or less and $8 a ton when valued at over $18. These constituted the features of the day's debate.

Offered As a Sop.

Before the Senate adjourned Senator Aldrich presented the income tax amendment as agreed upon by the Senate Finance Committee. It provides for submission to the States and is merely offered as a sop to the income tax advocates to make more certain the passage of the corporation tax amendment, thereby upholding the prestige of the organization.

No Change In Tax Amendment.

The Republication organization is unanimous in its determination to adopt the corporation tax and they say it will be adopted without change. A careful poll of the Senate has been made by the leaders who assert that of the sixty Republican members fifty-two are definitely pledged to vote for the proposition while they expect to gain further recruits from the ranks of the Republican insurgents who advocate the adoption of an income tax.

No Material Opposition In House.

The members of the House are so scattered that it is impossible to make anything approximating a poll of the Republican membership on this proposition, but Speaker Cannon, Representative Payne and Representative Dwight, the Republican "whip," are authority for the statement that there will be no material opposition to the amendment in the House.

Senator Root has been chosen as the chief spokesman of the organization to explain the legal phases of the amendment and Mr. Aldrich will probably make a brief statement regarding the revenue phase of the proposition, but the plan of the leaders of the organization is to do as little talking as possible in the hope that the other side will follow suit.

Heat Keeps Senators Away.

Owing to the intense heat and humidity, a number of Senators were absent to-day. The city is going through a record hot spell and having its effect in curtailing debate. At the adjournment of the Senate to-day Senator Aldrich was of the belief that there is a good chance to get through the bill this week. It all depends on whether the advocates of the income tax, realizing defeat, will harbor the hope of winning votes by prolonging the debate against the substitution of the corporation tax for the income tax.

SECOND RAID ON CINCINNATI BROKERS

ARMED WATCHMEN OVERPOWERED AND TRADERS HELD UNNAMES ARE SECURED.

Cincinnati, June 28.—County Prosecutor Hunt's spectacular raiding campaign against the "bucket shops" was continued to-day, when he and ten deputies overpowered two armed watchmen and raided the offices of the Consolidated Stock and Grain Company. C. A. Acton and C. B. Fox were arrested and all the books of the concern were taken and the wires cut. The men were arraigned and held to the grand jury.

Ten days ago this same company was raided by Hunt and his deputies, when Louis W. Foster and W. H. Klausman were arrested and indicted later by a grand jury on the charge of running a "bucket shop" and defrauding the public. Twenty customers of the alleged "bucket shop" were held prisoners behind the locked doors of the concern for several hours to-day in order to secure their correct names for witnesses.

A few days ago Hunt raided the Ryan-Brill Brokerage Company and held a number of customers as witnesses, and one hour later a special grand jury indicted John Ryan, the well-known sporting man, on a charge of conducting a "bucket shop." Ryan hurried back from Atlantic City and gave a $500 bond for his appearance in court.

Thirty creditors of the Consolidated Stock and Grain Company, who are here from a number of towns in the West and South, are trying to effect a settlement of claims. W. H. Klausman, B. H. Morehead and Louis W. Foster are the leading spirits in the alleged "bucket shop." It is said to-day that the concern owes its customers between $100,000 and $150,000.

Foster is one of five who were recently found guilty in the United States District Court here of defrauding the public by using the mails in running a "bucket shop" left to them by O'Dell at his death. They are each under sentence of six months in jail and were fined $200, but are out on a $5,000 bond each pending an appeal.

ITALIANS ARRESTED

ALLEGED BLACK HAND OPERATORS TAKEN INTO CUSTODY.

Federal Authorities At Memphis Believe They Have Unearthed Gang of Criminals.

Memphis, Tenn., June 28.—Charged with writing Black Hand letters to Giovanni and Marie Santoni, from whom they demanded $200 each, Salvadore Rossi and Mrs. Anna Gara, his mother-in-law, were arrested here to-day by Deputy United States Marshal Poole and Post-office Inspector Kline. The Santonis have fled from the city, leaving all of their effects at a cheap lodging-house on Front street. The Federal authorities claim they have unearthed a well-laid scheme, and other arrests are probable.

After searching for hours, the Federal officers effected two more arrests late this afternoon. Felix Constantio and Tony Trabaneo, two alleged ringleaders, are now in custody. It has developed that the Santonis were to leave the money in the old Winchester cemetery last Saturday night. The cemetery was watched by the officers, but the alleged Black Hand members did not appear.

Held To Grand Jury.

Toledo, O., June 28.—At the conclusion of the preliminary hearing here to-day, Salvatore and Sebastian Lima and Salvatore Rizzo, all of Marion, three members of the alleged Black Hand band recently arrested, were bound over to the Federal grand jury.

The bond of Salvatore Lima was increased to $6,000 and that of the others to $5,000 each. As they were unable to furnish the smaller amounts previously exacted, they may have to remain in the county jail.

Sebastian Lima dramatically denounced the action.

Democrats Unable To Agree.

Newport, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Twenty-one Democratic committeemen, who met in Magistrate Donellan's office to-night to settle the manner of naming a local ticket, became involved in such a discussion that all plans fell through. The disorder started when one member declared that pressure should be brought to bear on Tony Reuscher, chairman of the County Committee, to compel him to call a meeting. Then the eligibility of Matt Maschinoff was questioned. He is serving on the committee and is president of the Newport-Covington Bridge Company. The meeting ended in an uproar.

Increase Passenger Rates.

Philadelphia, Pa., June 28.—Following decisions by the Supreme and Common Pleas Courts that the 2-cent a mile rate law passed by the Pennsylvania Legislature was unconstitutional, the Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company to-day announced an increase in passenger rates from 2 to 2½ cents a mile on all one-way tickets, to take effect July 3.

Aged Minister Dies.

Paducah, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—The Rev. J. M. Barfield, aged 78 years, one of the oldest ministers in Western Kentucky, died to-night at his home at Little Cypress, Marshall county, from general debility. He was a member of the Missionary Baptist church and widely known in this section. He is survived by his wife and eight children.

Youth, Health and Ambition

While you have these is the time for you to PROVIDE AGAINST the time when one or all of them will have deserted you. Have a SAVINGS ACCOUNT here. You may start it with A DOLLAR, and get interest, COMPOUNDED twice a year, on every dollar you put into it.

Ky. Title Savings Bank and Trust Co.

Fifth and Court Place.

Open daily until 3 p. m.
Saturdays until 7 p. m.

Before Going Away

for the summer it would be well to let us go over your diamonds and other jewelry to make sure that they are in safe shape for traveling.

Kendrick's

Write for Jewelry Catalog.

FAST TRAIN DASHES INTO AN OPEN SWITCH.

Mansfield, O., June 28.—A. H. Cook, of Akron, O., was seriously injured and a dozen passenger were badly bruised when Erie passenger train No. 9, New York to Chicago, ran into an open switch at Sterling, near here, this afternoon. Cook was brought here and placed in a hospital. The train is one of the fastest on the line. It resumed its trip after a delay of two hours.

CALL FOR JULY 6

To Make Arrangements To Nominate For Railroad Commissioner.

Russellville, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—To-day A. G. Rhea, chairman of the Democratic Committee for the First Railroad Commission district, issued a call for the committee to meet Tuesday, July 6, 1909, at Russellville, to fix time and method of selecting a Democratic nominee for Railroad Commissioner, to be voted for next November for the unexpired term of the late McD. Ferguson. Lawrence B. Finn, of Simpson county, who was the contending candidate for the nomination two years ago against Mr. Ferguson and was only defeated by a few votes in the Henderson convention, and who is a candidate, has the enthusiastic backing of the Third Congressional district in the race.

Free From Bubonic Plague.

Washington, June 28.—La Guaira, Venezuela, has been officially certified free of bubonic plague, according to Consul advices to the State Department to-day. All baggage arriving at Curacao from La Guaira is fumigated, however, and transit passengers are not allowed ashore.

PUTS THE BEE ON LOUISVILLE'S WISE AND WILY CITY HEALTH OFFICER

U. S. Authorities and Royal Commission Declare That Tubercular Milk Causes Pulmonary Tuberculosis, Dr. Baker To the Contrary Notwithstanding.

I may also add that the Courier-Journal speaks of deaths in this city from pulmonary tuberculosis. Every physician knows that pulmonary tuberculosis cannot be caused by milk.—Dr. Thomas H. Baker, City Health Officer of Louisville.

The research of the United States Bureau of Animal Industries, also the British Royal Commission on Tuberculosis, shows that bacilli of tuberculosis easily pass through healthy intestinal mucous membrane into the lymph ducts, thence to the general circulation and finally bring up in the lungs, where infection in the human is most common.—Dr. George M. Randall in the Lowell Magazine.

Dr. Randall, in writing of the danger to the human family from using milk from tubercular cows cites the United States authorities and the Royal British Commission to show that pulmonary tuberculosis results from tubercular milk. Dr. Baker, Louisville's wise health officer, says: "Every physician knows that pulmonary tuberculosis cannot be caused by milk."

It has been suggested that the United States authorities and the Royal Commission made their discoveries while Dr. Baker was serving as postmaster of Louisville.

Much study and research has been made on the transmission of tuberculosis by milk, and the relation between human and bovine tuberculosis. Some differences exist in the minds of eminent scientists as to the relation between the two types. It is pretty universally agreed, however, that the difference is chiefly microscopic and their behavior under the influence of certain strains and reagents. Another important difference is the increased pathogenic virulence of the bovine over the human type. Certain facts relative to bacilli of tuberculosis (T. B. for short) are universally accepted. ... bacilli in milk, and they are often present, insure their presence in cream, butter and cheese and ice cream; we have no satisfactory reason for assuming that T. B. in milk and other dairy products are harmless to human beings.

Tests for T. B. in milk are made in two ways: Microscopic and by inoculation of guinea pigs with a sample of the milk. Inoculation is the more delicate test. If twenty drops of milk injected into the cellular tissue of a guinea pig will cause fatal tuberculosis, as some samples of commercial milk have repeatedly done, it is fair to assume without further evidence that T. B. are present in dangerous abundance.

The manner in which T. B. are expelled from infected cattle has an important bearing on transmission; there may be no immediate communication between a cow's lungs and the milk ducts, nevertheless the milk gets infected. The cow coughs, but does not expectorate. It swallows the sputum and thus contaminates the intestinal contents until the feces swarm with T. B., a sample of milk free from fecal contamination being a rare commodity. Not more than 2 per cent. of tuberculosis cows have tubercular udders.

The research of the United States Bureau of Animal Industries, also the British Royal Commission on Tuberculosis, shows that T. B. easily pass through healthy intestinal mucous membrane into the lymph ducts, thence to the general circulation, and finally bring up in the lungs, where infection in the human is most common.

Dr. Randall also says:

"Milk inspection should be done on a scientific basis, free from pull or politics."

S.S.S. CURES BLOOD POISON

When the blood becomes infected with the virus of Contagious Blood Poison, the symptoms are soon manifested. The mouth and throat ulcerate, copper-colored spots appear, a red rash breaks out, the hair begins to come out, and usually sores and ulcers show themselves on different parts of the body. At the first sign of the disease S. S. S. should be taken, for the trouble is too powerful and dangerous to trifle with. If allowed to run on the tendency is to work down and attack the bones and nerves, and sometimes it makes a complete physical wreck of the sufferer. The disease can make no such headway if S. S. S. is commenced and used according to directions; its progress can be stopped, the poison removed, and health preserved. S. S. S. goes into the blood and removes the insidious virus, cleanses the circulation and makes a complete and permanent cure by driving out the cause. S. S. S. quickly takes effect on the blood, and gradually the symptoms disappear, the health is improved, the skin cleared of all spots, sores and blemishes, and when S. S. S. has thoroughly purified the circulation no trace of the disease is left. S. S. S., a purely vegetable remedy, cures Contagious Blood Poison because it is the greatest of all blood purifiers, tested and proven for more than forty years. Home treatment book and any medical advice free to all who write.

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TUESDAY..............JUNE 29, 1909

"Business."

Monday Evening, June 28.—The New York stock market ruled dull with a firm tone, closing a shade higher.

Money on call was easy at 1¾ to 2 per cent., ruling at 1¾. Time loans were easy at 2 to 3½. Sterling exchange was firm.

The Chicago wheat market was weak on rapid progress of harvesting operations, closing ⅝c to 1⅛c net lower. Corn oats and provisions followed wheat and closed weak.

The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 1 to 10 points and displayed considerable buoyancy most of the day, closing 8 to 16 points higher than first prices.

The Chicago cattle market was steady to 10c higher, the hog market 5c to 10c higher and the sheep market 10c lower.

Hearing From Constituents.

Some of the Democratic Congressmen who have been voting with the Republicans to revise the tariff upward are hearing from their constituents. The voters of Claiborne parish, La., have adopted resolutions strongly censuring the Democratic Representatives from that State who have "as a unit voted for protection on lumber, in repudiation of the Denver platform, and have made speeches in favor of protection on many other articles." The resolutions declare that "our Senators and Representatives no longer represent the party that elected them and they should forthwith tender their resignations."

In this same connection a Democratic newspaper in North Carolina prints the following:

"Wanted—Men to represent North Carolina at Washington who will stand for the same measures that they stand for when they make campaign speeches in Flea Hill township."

Obviously the voters in Claiborne parish and in Flea Hill township are beginning to take note of some of the peculiar proceedings in Washington. There will be trouble in store for Representatives when they return to their districts, as many of them will, to seek re-election.

The farmer knows a good deal about the workings of a protective tariff and he knows that so far as he is concerned the word "protection" is a misnomer and a fraud. In the matter of legislation the farmer is compelled to take his chances with the powers that be. He cannot afford to go to Washington to look after his own interests, and if he could he probably would receive but scant consideration; he cannot maintain a staff of lobbyists at the National Capital; he cannot operate literary bureaus to influence public opinion and he cannot employ lawyers to dance attendance on committee hearings. He is dependent therefore on his Representative. Presumably this Representative, elected by the masses, will act in the interest of the masses, but, too often, such is not the case. Under the persuasive influences of the protected interests, which lose no opportunity to bombard him with arguments, he forgets the speeches made in Flea Hill township and lines up with the enemies of the people when the roll is called.

Under circumstances like this Democratic voters feel that they have been betrayed. For that reason Louisiana Democrats are holding mass meetings and North Carolina newspapers are demanding that Flea Hill statesmen "stand hitched." That is all they can do at present. When another Congressional election rolls around they will be heard from in a more effective way.

Fewer, Not More Taxes.

"Senator Brown also offered a resolution for an amendment to the Constitution as follows:

"'Congress shall have the power to levy and collect direct taxes upon incomes without apportionment among the several States, according to population.'

"The resolution provides for the submission of the question to the Legislatures of the several States for their approval as suggested by the President. It was referred to the Committee on Finance.

"Senator McLauren, of Mississippi, suggested that if the reference to direct taxes was stricken out it would accomplish the object sought and at the same time would permit the levying of other taxes on the same line instead of confining it to incomes alone."—(Washington Dispatch.

But why should Senator McLauren be so desirous of removing all restrictions to taxation? What the American people want is less extravagance on the part of Congress and fewer taxes. If we are to become a tax-burdened population, reeking with a hybrid imperialism and an incongruous militarism, we might just as well have become a monarchy in the first place. One point by which we were to be differentiated from the European Powers was to be our freedom from oppressive taxes, an effect which was to follow from the simplicity of our Government and the economic management of our affairs. If we must begin now, a little over a century since the nation was formed, to devise all sorts of new tax expedients, notwithstanding it is a time of peace, the outlook is not very bright for a century hence. When men in Washington get to talking about more taxes it is time for the masses to look out. The Government's income right now is sufficient for all legitimate purposes. Therefore, the aim should be to cut down expenses, not to increase the tax burdens.

Two Tragedies.

I.

The concurrent murder of two young women under similar and mysterious conditions takes the public by the button-hole at a moment when it has little else to engage its attention and as a consequence the case of Elsie Sigel and that of Edith Woodill are the subjects of universal interest and discussion.

Each is redolent of the untoward and the weird. Each throws a very flashlight upon a phase of contemporary America, which, though lurid, is informing. The disappearance of Mary Rogers, "the beautiful cigar girl" of the Forties, out of which Poe wove one of the best of his detective stories, made a greater impression on the public mind and endured longer in the popular memory than either, or both, of these tragedies is likely to do; which shows how far and fast we have traveled from the provincial to the cosmic state. The murder of Helen Jewett happened a few years later, and, the woman in the case only an obscure and wayward country girl, it became nevertheless the occasion of tremendous excitement. Although one of the principals of these present affairs is the granddaughter of a famous General and the other a so-called ward of an eminent Financier, and though each is attended by every accessory which terror can lend to tragedy, they will scarcely outlast the wonder of the moment. The inquest ended and curiosity sated the dramatis personae laid away and the incidents closed, the world of town and country will go about its business content with the hum-drum sensations provided by yellow journalism for its daily delectation until startled by some fresh call from the deeps of the life about it, Elsie Sigel and Edith Woodill the merest shadows of the past.

Just on the instant, however, the time is all agog, and likewise the newspapers and the constabulary, and, as is usual and natural, there is no lack of invention, the detective, professional and amateur, altogether at the fore to mystify the mysterious and to fuddle and flout the police.

II.

We may dismiss the case of Elsie Sigel with few words as leaving us little room for speculation.

Obviously the poor girl was the victim of a very disordered and ill-regulated household as well as of her own temperament. There seems no reason to doubt that she was an impure girl. Whether a simpleton, or a degenerate; whether she fell under the spell of religious zeal, the ready prey of conditions she was wholly unequal to meeting, or was merely a vain and vulgar wanton, making a cloak of religion, it would be hard to determine without some intimate and personal knowledge. That she was double-dealing is shown by at least two of her letters. That she was inured to vice is rather more than conjectural. Even Chinamen do not kill without strong motive, and what we call "flirtation" is unlikely to provoke such extremities of rage and cruelty.

The great cities are full of loose girls who from their babyhood have lived in the streets, the well-born almost as much exposed as the lowly-born. They are women before they are out of their frocks; women having had no wise, maternal guidance; having had no supervision, or restraints of any sort. The mother of Elsie Sigel appears to have been daft on mission work. The men who led to the killing, the man, or men, who actually did the killing, were welcomed in the Sigel home. Elsie came and went at will. That she should take the pitcher once too often to the well of iniquity which fate, or her own perversity, had provided, arises out of the nature of the adventures on which she had embarked and the long, low rakish craft on which she had put to sea and the queer, desperate company aboard; none to point out the danger, none to say her nay.

Horrible, most horrible! But small pity, or wonder, the moral, let us try to Christianize our own heathens before we waste our time and money on the heathen Chinee! Alas, for Elsie Sigel! She knew not whither she was going nor what she did. The market-places everywhere are crowded with such as she, yet very little mission work, if any, for them!

III.

Turn we from a melodrama revolting in most of its features to a tragedy which, however realistic, is replete with romance.

The Furies bent over the cradle of the girl child whose father in the beginning paid part of the debt of blood which the daughter extinguished by her last accounting; a veritable waif of destiny. Fate leading from the mining camp to the abodes of wealth and culture; traversing the giddy mazes along the trail of art, or demi-art; here getting glimpses of the world, real and great, and there hearing the roar if not looking into the waters of the undercurrents of the unreal, fantastic midnight world; beauty and grace, maybe genius, quite given over to the idealisms to which the feminine nature seems organically susceptible; the ebullition of living; the glory of adventure; the need of constant change and excitement.

Now and then, at rare intervals, one of these children of destiny, highly gifted, hits the nail, as it were, upon the head, and as a result we have a career instead of a tragedy; nor yet the longing satisfied for all its success. Oftener, generally, there is failure; complete, ghastly, heart-breaking failure; the dark stream closing over the unseen, the unknown; merely death and oblivion. This latter was reserved for Edith Woodill.

Through the reports that come to us from the little Maryland hamlet we see a constant and studied effort to spare the sensibilities of a worthy family. Naturally the friends of the murdered girl would have as little inquiry as possible, the cause celebre not to linger upon the stage, and both principal and victim, as far as known, being dead, the officers of the law may not feel it their duty to push their investigation beyond the superficial facts before them.

These facts, indeed, are cumulative. The case against Eastman is certainly overwhelming. That the woman came to her tragic end in his company and through his agency; that he appropriated her money and pawned her jewels; that he hid the crime and fled pursuit, and that, brought to bay, he took his own life, would seem conclusive. They find a narcotic in the bungalow. Therefore, the victim was first drugged and then slain.

Yet, back of all this—listen to your Sherlock Holmes!—there are some curious corroborations of Eastman's letter to his wife; and, in no event, can we acquit Edith Woodill of complicity in a liaison which, according to all the rules of that kind of game, invited the contretemps related by her paramour. It impresses us as far more than the idea of a brutal and deliberate murder.

She had provided for a prolonged absence from the Thompson homestead by a letter full of falsehoods. She knew where she was going when she quitted the station with Eastman. In the bungalow is found a letter speaking of a projected nocturnal visit. There is hearsay of the voices of women and men in the bungalow. There is hearsay of a strange boat in the bay. What more natural, what so natural as a gay party and a yacht—let us surmise, from New York—a debauch and, presto, the stroke of a wine bottle hurled by drunken hands; just as Eastman tells it?

He had been a stock broker in Wall Street. She had been, if not a "fly girl," at least, a lively young woman, about the Hotel Navarre. That their intimacy antedated her second marriage may be taken for granted. They meet—perhaps by chance, for Destiny does not always need accomplices—in a pretty rustic place and the intimacy is renewed, spiced by the circumstance that he is a fugitive living under an assumed name; presently the lonely assignations do not suffice; they grow monotonous; so-and-so has a boat; so-and-so are dying for an outing; such a lark; why not?

There are human beings born to bad luck. Poor Emmet Eastman—"lame Bob," they called him—seems of that category, not of the category of born assassins. It puts no strain upon the imagination to credit his story, spite of the circumstantial evidence against him and it. The tell-tale jewels in the pawn shop, the money taken and appropriated, the mad scheme of concealment and flight, make in truth an incriminating anti-climax; and yet and yet, a creature, such as Eastman, perhaps a dope fiend, and certainly a weakling, caught in such a plight, might do anything; would, could do nothing wisely; the exigent need of money readily accounting for the robbery after the event, the girl dead, the rest of the guilty party gone, he, waking out of a drunken stupor, to behold the havoc and to hold the bag.

Poor devil! He might have waited. If it happened, as he says it did, the proof might have in the end achieved itself. After the murder of Helen Jewett, the case against her paramour was just as convincing. But when the man, known to be a manly fellow, told his story, the jury, spite of its awful details, gave him the benefit of the doubt, and he lived many years longer, not outcast by the public at large nor wanting the confidence and regard of a host of friends, to whom he related all the awful particulars of his misadventure, and who believed him.

"The Age of Concrete."

New uses are constantly being found for concrete. The Italian Government, it is said, is experimenting with the material in boat-building and has succeeded in making a seaworthy craft, used chiefly for freight transportation. Further experiments will be conducted and it is hoped that in time boats suitable for all purposes will be constructed. Concrete has worked something of a revolution in the building world, but probably very few people outside of Italy ever thought of it as available in ship-building.

In the construction of bridges, buildings, sewers and sidewalks concrete is rapidly coming into universal use. The railroads are using it for culverts and for foundations for bridges and trestles almost to the exclusion of materials formerly utilized in such work. They are employing it extensively in tunnels, towers, tanks and platforms, and some of them are beginning to build depots out of it.

Cities and towns are rapidly discarding brick and stone pavements in its favor. Louisville has built many miles of concrete sidewalks in recent years, and they are manifestly a great improvement over other forms of construction. They are cleaner and more susceptible of being kept clean. They are more attractive in appearance and they add greatly to the comfort of the pedestrian. Brick pavements, generally rough, uneven and in ill repair, are an eyesore as compared with the smooth and shining surface of the concrete walkway. This surface is easily repaired and is easily swept. It is compact and affords no lodgment for grasses and vegetation as do the interstices in brick or stone pavings. There is additional gain in utility and appearance in those instances where the old-time stone curbing has been abolished, curb and all being built of concrete. Much of the stone used in curbings is of inferior quality, some of it crumbling after a few months of exposure to the weather and the wear and tear of street traffic. It generally becomes jagged, uneven and out of line, and after a few years is unsightly and unserviceable.

Buildings of concrete are becoming numerous. Apparently they wear well and certainly they are attractive in appearance. If they bear the test of time there is no doubt of their popularity. Thomas A. Edison was right when he said "this is the age of concrete." Mr. Edison is an enthusiast on the subject and has had a great deal to say of it. Despite the fact, however, that he has given much thought to its possibilities it is not improbable that the future will see concrete put to uses of which he has never dreamed.

Development of Wireless.

Wireless telegraphy has demonstrated its value in various ways, although in its infancy. Its efficiency as a life-saving agency was shown at the time of the Baltic disaster and in many instances less conspicuous. As a method of long-distance communication it is rapidly growing in popular favor, despite the fact that imperfections are yet to be overcome. At an early day it is probable that it will cause a material reduction in press cable rates. The question is now under consideration in London and a cablegram quotes William Marconi as saying that if much press work is forthcoming his company will make a rate of two pence a word between England and Canada.

According to this same cablegram Mr. Marconi said it was now possible for him to transmit twenty-five words a minute across the Atlantic and he hoped soon to be able to send fifty words a minute. He added that in the near future it might be possible to communicate wirelessly for a distance of 6,000 miles instead of the 3,000 miles now possible.

For one thing, therefore, the development of wireless means more and better and cheaper facilities for getting the news of the world. This is a feature that will be pleasing to newspaper readers.

Some of the leading nations are taking notice of wireless and making preparations to put it to practical use in the conduct of Governmental affairs. The United States Navy Department has been working for the last two years on a comprehensive scheme for the equipment of the vessels of the Atlantic fleet with wireless outfits. Within two years more, it is believed, the Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, will be able to keep in constant touch with every warship and will be enabled, from his desk in Washington, to control the movements of the fleet, no matter in what part of the ocean it be cruising.

This is to be accomplished through the construction of a tower 600 feet high in Washington. It is to be the highest structure ever built for wireless uses and will be second only to the noted Eiffel tower in Paris. By this system it is hoped to transmit messages by day or by night to any vessel within 3,000 miles of the National Capital. Should these plans work out satisfactorily the United States will be far ahead of other nations in the matter of applying the wireless system to naval uses. The Navy Department already operates some forty stations along the Atlantic coast, but they are not entirely reliable for the transmission of long distance messages. The new system, it is confidently expected, can be brought to a high state of reliability and efficiency.

Some of the old ways of doing things are being revolutionized by wireless telegraphy and the revolutionizing process will continue as the system is to be developed to greater utility. Even as its invention marked an epoch in scientific history so will its improvement mark new periods of accomplishment which will add to the convenience, the safety and the happiness of mankind.

"You will warm up to Mr. Roosevelt a little," says the Chicago Tribune, "on reflecting that he is making no arrangements to lecture." But does he deserve any credit for that? Is there anybody else, or anything more, for him to lecture?

Five eloping couples were married at the same time by the same magistrate in Virginia recently. They probably will not be able to effect any such block-of-five arrangement when the divorce season rolls around.

Another inventor has discovered the secret of perpetual motion. If his friends can get him to a sanitarium soon enough he probably will get over it.

A New Jersey goat ate a fifty-dollar bill and his owner is more than ever convinced that there is money in goats.

The features of that corporation tax bill will be badly battered before the Senate gets through with it.

In the matter of railroad commissions Gov. Hoke Smith, of Georgia, seems rather difficult to please.

FIRED BY BOLT

Oil Tanks At Torrent Destroyed by Lightning.

36,000 BARRELS OF PETROLEUM DESTROYED.

RAILROAD TRACK WRECKED AND CREEK ON FIRE.

LOSS PLACED AT $50,000.

Lexington, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—During a severe electrical hail and rainstorm about noon yesterday, the four immense oil tanks at Torrent, filled with crude petroleum belonging to the Indian Refining Company, were struck by lightning. The tanks were wrecked and the contents, about 36,000 barrels of oil were set on fire, the blazing flood flowing over the adjacent territory and destroying everything within its radius. The tanks stood on a high bluff overlooking the Lexington and Eastern railroad and the burning oil destroyed the crossties for about 200 feet, and then poured into the creek near by, causing the surface of the water to be a mass of flames for nearly half a mile.

The oil was valued at about a dollar a barrel, making the loss of that alone about $35,000, while the destruction of the plant and surrounding buildings will probably make the total loss about $50,000. The passenger train from Jackson to this city on the Lexington and Eastern railroad, due to arrive here at 6 o'clock, was detained nearly two hours on account of not being able to get by the fire. It was feared the vibration of the train would cause the remains of the tanks to topple over the hill and crush the cars, and the train was held until the fire burned down sufficiently to allow an inspection. There were several hundred people at Natural Bridge, about four miles below the scene of the fire, and the smoke was plainly visible from this distance. The flames from the burning oil leaped fully 100 feet in the air and the excessive heat kept those that would have made an attempt to save any of the machinery at safe distance.

The fire burned until about 9 o'clock last night, and as soon as the situation would permit, a large force of men were sent from here and Winchester to repair the damage to the tracks and also tear away such portions of the wreck as endanger the passing trains.

The storm during which the tanks were struck was one of the worst that had visited Torrent in many years and the rain and hale, some of which measured nearly an inch in diameter, while it lasted not over an hour, filled the creeks and did considerable damage to buildings and also the railroad right-of-way. The damage to the railroad tracks was repaired Sunday night and the Lexington and Eastern trains ran on schedule time to-day.

* * *

Prisoner Escapes In Tunnel.

While being taken from Jackson to Campton to be tried on the charge of "bootlegging," William Armstrong, whose home is in Breathitt county, near Jackson, escaped from Sheriff Gray Haddix by plunging through the window of a Lexington and Eastern train while passing through a tunnel near Natural Bridge this morning. Passengers who arrived here on the train state that Armstrong's escape was a daring display of nerve. Armstrong had been occupying the seat opposite the Sheriff, and when the train stopped at Natural Bridge to take water he crossed over and sat down with the Sheriff, remaining a few minutes, and when the train started returned to his seat.

About the time the train was to enter the short tunnel Armstrong suddenly threw himself from the car window, landing on his head. Sheriff Haddix gave the alarm, but the train had reached the middle of the tunnel before it could be stopped. It was pulled through and Sheriff Haddix returned to hunt for his prisoner. A short search was made by the trainmen and passengers, but besides a dent in the gravel roadbed made by the man's head no trace of him could be found.

* * *

Work For Better Schools.

Prof. T. C. Cherry, principal of the Western Kentucky State Normal School at Bowling Green, passed through here this morning on his way to Jessamine county, where he will make a number of speeches in the whirlwind campaign for education which will be conducted all over the State this week. He spoke at Wilmore to-night and to-morrow will deliver addresses at several points in Jessamine county, winding up with an address in Nicholasville at night.

The feature of the campaign in this county is the all-day rally to be held at South Elkhorn on Thursday, where Prof. Cherry and a number of other speakers will deliver addresses. This rally will be on the order of an old-fashioned religious camp-meeting, a basket dinner furnished by the people of the neighborhood being one of the features. A similar all-day rally will be held on Friday at Walnut Hills. The campaign in this county will close with a mammoth meeting to be held at the Woodland Park auditorium, in this city, Saturday night, at which Justice O'Rear, of the Court of Appeals, and Prof. Cherry will be among the speakers. This meeting will have special reference to the model public school which is to be erected by popular subscription in the west end of the city.

* * *

At a meeting of the congregation of the First Baptist church, of which the Rev. J. W. Porter, editor of the Western Recorder is pastor, it was unanimously decided to erect a new building to cost approximately $100,000 to take the place of the present church edifice. The consideration of details of the project will be taken up on the first Sunday in November when the exact cost and location of the building will be determined. The work of construction will begin soon after the meeting in November, and it is expected that the new building will be ready for occupancy by next summer.

* * *

'Squire Royster Dead.

The news was received in this city to-day that 'Squire J. W. Royser, a magistrate for many years in this county, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Thomas Payne Worthington at Mesquite, Texas, yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. He had been ill several days. Mr. Royster is survived by his two daughters, Mrs. Mary Perkins, of Lexington, and Mrs. T. P. Worthington, of Texas; three granddaughters, Mrs. T. G. Collins, of Texas; Mrs. Noland Bricken, Mrs. C. L. Thompson and Mrs. William C. Goodloe, Jr., all of Lexington. He was 90 years old. On August 23, 1878, 'Squire Royster was appointed by the Governor to fill a vacancy as magistrate in his district and at the following annual election June 5, 1879, he was elected and served in that capacity for twelve years.

* * *

Bond Issue Valid.

In the Circuit Court to-day, Judge Watts Parker decided that the recent issue by the city of bonds to the amount of $25,000 for the purpose of constructing sewers was valid.

* * *

Guests of Masons.

On their way to their homes along the line of the Lexington and Eastern railway, thirty inmates of the Masonic Widows and Orphans' Home, of Louisville, passed through the city to-day at noon and were entertained by a number of Masons of this city. They were in charge of Guy T. Johnson, Henry Vogt and Dr. W. H. White, and after parading around the downtown streets were entertained at luncheon at the Phoenix Hotel as the guests of John G. Cramer. The children, whose ages ranged from 4 to 11 years, were given a trolley ride around the city and had a very enjoyable trip.

About 100 other children in charge of the Masons from Louisville passed through the city on other trains Monday. The children will spend about a month's vacation with their relatives and return and take up their studies at the Louisville Home about the first of August.

* * *

Lexington Notes.

Mrs. Elizabeth C. McKenna, wife of Lawrence McKenna, died at her home, 115 Constitution street, last night. Her death was unexpected, she having only been ill since Friday. She is survived by her husband and six children.

* * *

W. Del Walbridge, of New York, president of the Ohio and Kentucky Railroad Company, and also president of the Kentucky Block Cannel Coal Company, of Cannel City, and a party of other Eastern capitalists, passed through here last night in a private car on their way to Cannel City to look over their property. It is understood that they contemplate opening up new mines and making extensive improvements.

* * *

Col. W. P. Walton, who was prostrated by a sunstroke Friday, is still confined to his bed, and will not be able to be out for several days. He is suffering from pain in his ears and his hearing is temporarily impaired.

* * *

Peter Powell Rodes, son of J. Walter Rodes, who was appointed a cadet at the naval academy at Annapolis by Congressman W. P. Kimball, and who successfully passed his examinations last week, left for Annapolis to take his place in the class with the other cadets who have just entered the academy. He will not have a furlough to return home for two years.

MENU FOR A DAY.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Hominy. Milk.
Lamb chops.
Hashed browned potatoes.
Rolls.
Coffee.

LUNCH.
Lobster farci.
Cress salad.
Bread and butter.
Iced tea.

DINNER.
Cream of pea soup.
Steamed chicken. Celery sauce.
Potato puff. Corn pudding.
Nut salad.
Crackers. Grated cheese.
Gooseberry fool.
Coffee.

* * *

Recipes For Tuesday.

GOOSEBERRY FOOL.

Put two quarts of gooseberries into a saucepan with one quart of water; when they begin to swell drain the water from them and press them through a sieve, sweeten them to taste and allow them to cool. Put two quarts of milk over the fire, add yolks of four beaten eggs and little grated nutmeg; stir over the fire until it thickens, but do not boil; take it from the fire and stir it gradually into the cold gooseberries; let it stand till cold and serve it.

LOBSTER FARCI.

Boil two lobsters for thirty minutes; pick meat from shells, cut in neat pieces; melt two tablespoonfuls of butter in a saucepan, stir in three tablespoonfuls of flour, then add two cupfuls of cream, salt and pepper to taste; boil till thick, stirring all the time. Remove from fire, add lobster meat and put on ice for two hours. Fill lobster shells; sprinkle bread crumbs and pieces of butter over them; bake till brown; serve hot.

STORM INTERRUPTS CLASS DAY EXERCISES

BUT SONS OF OLD ELI YALE MAKE BEST OF IT.

TWO FILIPINOS CAPTURE THE GRADUATE HONORS.

DEGREE FOR PROF. LOWELL.

New Haven, June 28.—An electrical storm with a terrific downpour of rain and fierce gusts of wind were unexpected accompaniments to class-day at Yale University to-day, but as no material damage resulted the thousands of guests found atmospheric disturbances a merry diversion.

The Sheffield scientific school seniors had their class day ceremonies in the usual order. In the early afternoon the academic seniors and their friends gathered in an inclosure on the college campus, but the storm suddenly broke and hundreds made hurried dashes for shelter.

As soon as the clouds broke away the exercises were resumed in the Hyperion Theater.

The class poem was read by Leonard Bacon, of Peacedale, R. I.; the class oration on "Hero Worship," by Maxwell O. Parry, of Indianapolis, and the class history by Leonard Kennedy. The ivy planted was a cutting from the White House brought over by President Taft on his last visit here.

During the Yale law school alumni banquet for a time the speeches were made while the thunder crashed. Dean Rogers presided and Chief Justice Simeon E. Baldwin, of the Supreme Court, unveiled a portrait of Dean William Callahan Robinson, of the law department of the Catholic University of America, a former professor of law in Yale. He was followed in speeches by former Gov. George P. McLean, Simsbury, Conn.; Judge Selden D. Spencer, of St. Louis; Burton Mansfield, of New Haven; Dean Kirchway, of the law department of Columbia University, and former Senator John C. Spooner, all alumni.

In his very brief response, Mr. Spooner expressed his gratitude to Yale for the honorary degree conferred upon him at the last commencement.

The alumni re-elected C. Larue Munson, of Williamsport, Pa., president; E. D. Whitney, of New York, and E. G. Buckland, of Providence, vice presidents, and J. W. Edgerton, secretary and treasurer.

At the law school exercises in Hendrie Hall the address was made by Mr. Spooner.

The prizes announced included:

Jewell prize, member of second-year class with highest annual examination marks, P. T. Dondlenger, Mitchell, S. D.; Joseph Parker, prize for best thesis on Roman law subject, W. M. Musgrave, New York City; Townsend prize for member of graduating class, writing and pronouncing the best oration, J. F. T. O'Connor, Grand Forks, N. D.

Graduating class honors:

Bachelor of laws, Summa Cum Laude, F. Q. Wiggin, New Haven, who leads his class; bachelor of laws, Magna Cum Laude, R. H. McQuistion, Butler, Pa., and E. C. Weyman, Apohaqui, N. B.

Graduate honors were:

Master of laws, Cum Laude, N. De Las Alas, Taal, Philippine Islands; G. R. Holahan, Jr., Brooklyn, N. Y.; P. G. Sanchez, Conception, Philippine Islands.

The medical school exercises in College-street Hall had for the speaker Prof. William H. Howell, dean of Johns Hopkins Medical School, whose subject was "Medicine."

In the late afternoon the various diversions of the reunion classes, interrupted by the storm, were resumed.

The degree of doctor of laws was conferred upon President A. Lawrence Lowell, of Harvard University, at the meeting of the Yale corporation to-day. President Lowell will return to Cambridge for the Harvard commencement exercises Wednesday, so the conferring of the degree was made to-day. This degree is given only for distinguished public service.

The corporation elected B. F. McClelland, now professor of mining, of Leland Stanford University, as professor of mining to the Sheffield Scientific School and a member of its governing board.

The alumni advisory board re-elected Frederick N. Judson, of St. Louis, chairman.

CONTINUANCES GRANTED IN LID-LIFTING CASES.

Despite the fact that the new Police Court room in the city hall annex is twice as large as the old one, it is not large enough to accommodate the Monday morning crowds. Most of the cases called as usual on the first of the week were for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. There were 100 cases on the docket and the wide lobby and the big space back of the railing were so crowded with people that it was with difficulty that one could find a passage from the courtroom.

All of those arrested in connection with alleged tilts in the lid were presented in Police Court and their cases were continued until a later date. The six members of the Criterion Club, who were arrested by police of the Fourth district under instructions from Capt. Foster, were told to return to court on July 17. Following their arrest the men were paroled by Capt. Foster.

The cases against John Gannon, proprietor of a saloon at 1223 West Kentucky street, and John Reardon, who conducts a grocery and saloon at Eighth and Oldham streets, were continued until July 1. Both were charged with violating the Sunday closing law.

Points About People.

Mrs. Minnie Norton Caldwell, Miss Fanny Ballard and Miss Marjorie Pettet will leave this evening for Mt. Clemens, Mich., for a stay of several weeks. Miss Ballard will visit relatives at Lake Forest and in the East before returning home.

* * *

Miss Lizette Hast, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. John Edwin Hays, on the River road for the past two months, left Monday night for her summer home at Stockbridge, Conn., to remain until fall.

* * *

The wedding of Miss Lucy Barret Waggener and Mr. John Charles Eastland will be solemnized this evening at 7 o'clock at the Crescent Hill Presbyterian church.

* * *

Miss Joel Harris arrived yesterday from New Orleans for a visit of several weeks.

* * *

Mr. Charles Warren, who has been at French Lick Springs for ten days, has returned home.

* * *

Miss Elise Womack has returned after spending the week end as the guest of Miss Bettie Cook at Pleasure Ridge Park.

* * *

Mr. Frank H. Brown left Saturday for an extended Eastern trip and to attend the Harvard-Yale ball game, which takes place to-day at New Haven, and also to attend the Harvard-Yale regatta on Thursday.

* * *

Mrs. Louis Frank is visiting in Paris, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Frank, Sr.

* * *

Mr. Elmer Oliver, who has been visiting in Canada for two weeks, has returned home.

* * *

Mrs. Oliver Richards, of St. Louis, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Roland Whitney, for a few days.

* * *

Mrs. E. C. O'Rear, of Frankfort, has returned after spending a few days at The Seelbach.

* * *

Mrs. Henry Hewett has returned after a visit to Mrs. Dexter Fairbank, of Chicago, at her cottage at Harbor Point, Mich.

* * *

Mrs. A. E. Murray will spend July and August at White Sulphur Springs.

* * *

Miss Anna Marriner Shepard left for Lexington yesterday, where she will be the guest of her sister, Mrs. George Collins.

* * *

Mrs. Virginia S. Rodman, of Washington City, will arrive this week to be the guest of Mrs. Charles Semple on Cherokee road.

* * *

Miss Emma Loving returned last week from Atlantic Highlands, N. J., where she has been visiting Mrs. Jane Ewing Speed, Mrs. Jean Wright Swope and Mrs. Margaret Womack Vandercook at their bungalows.

* * *

Miss Katie Strauss will return to Louisville on Thursday and will stop at the Galt House.

* * *

Mr. Herbert W. Shepard, of New York, is stopping at The Seelbach for a few days.

* * *

Mrs. H. C. Truman and family will leave to-morrow for Simpsonville to spend the remainder of the summer with Mr. and Mrs. Byers.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. George Schenck, of Nashville, will spend two weeks at their home in Middletown.

* * *

Mrs. L. S. Dinkelspiel and children leave for New York to-day and will sail Saturday for Europe.

* * *

Mr. Peyton Harrison Hoge, Jr., will leave to-morrow for Leathbridge, Alberta, Canada, to spend the summer.

* * *

Mrs. Walter S. Mayer, of New York, will return home this week and will be accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Alfred E. Mayer, who is recovering from a recent illness.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Norbourne Arterburn, Mr. and Mrs. William Arterburn and Mr. and Mrs. Burton Arterburn will leave Saturday for Lake Delevan, Wis.

* * *

Mrs. Elvira Miller Slaughter leaves to-morrow for a short visit to friends in Cincinnati.

* * *

Miss Meme Hicks and Miss Linda Wigal left yesterday for a week's trip up the Kentucky River.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Davill, of Maryland Court, were given a surprise party by a number of their friends on last Wednesday in honor of the thirty-seventh anniversary of their marriage. Euchre was played and the prizes were awarded to Mrs. Sauer, Mrs. Hoffman, Mrs. Ameling, Mrs. Bryant, Mrs. Esch, Mrs. Salvage, after which supper was served. The table was beautifully decorated in yellow and green.

* * *

Dr. Henry Alford Porter, pastor of the Walnut-street Baptist church, accompanied by Mrs. Porter and her mother, Mrs. Brethour, left yesterday afternoon for a trip up the Kentucky River. The party will be gone several days.

Kentuckians Married In Evansville.

Evansville, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—Judson H. Elain, Jr., and Miss Linda L. Mitcheson, of Henderson, Ky., were married here to-day.

James W. Connell and Miss Verne L. Steele, both of Henderson, Ky., were also married here.

"ASYLUMS" NOW "HOSPITALS."

[Medical Record.]

The State Hospital for the Insane at Bartonville (Illinois), which was first known as the Illinois Hospital for the Incurable Insane, and later as the Illinois General Hospital for the Insane, will now be known as the Peoria State Hospital. Other State Hospitals for the insane will hereafter be known as the Jacksonville State Hospital, Watertown State Hospital, Kankakee State Hospital, and Elgin State Hospital.

A Great Opportunity.

[Charlestown News and Courier.]

Henry Watterson delivered a great oration at the unveiling of a monument to Abraham Lincoln at Hodgenville, Kentucky, on Decoration day, in which he discussed the personality and deeds of the immortal Kentuckian with rare appreciation of the proportions of true greatness—his common sense, his common honesty, his certain balance, his single purpose. It is the example of Lincoln, said Mr. Watterson, that to-day "moves a calm, enlightened and patriotic occupant of the Presidential office; like himself a life-long Republican, a Republican partisan, to reach forth his arms as if to clasp in their embrace the whole people, seeking to win the good opinion, yearning for the approval of each and every one of them."

"Whether they give it in detail, or divide upon the incidental issues of the time, they will not withold it in the aggregate; and, since a vigorous opposition is indispensable to good government his wise moderation and transparent integrity give us the promise of an opposition based upon principle rather than faction, self-respecting and respectful, upright clean and kind."

That was well spoken, indeed, and it is all true, both as to Mr. Lincoln and as to Mr. Taft; but Mr. Taft will see at once how almost impossible it is for him to clasp the whole people even in his capacious embrace so long as he shall continue to stand for the Republican party. If Abraham Lincoln had his chance, we have not the least doubt what he would do, and that is why we have suggested that Mr. Taft cut loose from his partisan surroundings and affiliations and blaze out a new path in the politics of this country which the whole people could follow. That is what Abraham Lincoln would do.

STORIES OF THE TOWN.

At a recently held card party, the hostess had provided pencils at every table to be used in tabulating the scores. As the game progressed, however, it developed that a shortage of pencils was becoming evident. They looked on the floor for them, thinking that they had rolled off the tables, but they were not to be seen. Finally they got down to one or two, which had to be passed around in order to let everybody score the results.

As they prepared to leave after the party was over, one of the girls present made an exclamation. She was about to put on her hat, and in the operation she discovered that she had several pencils stuck into her hair. Absent-mindedly, she had thrust every one she used into her storied thatch piled upon her cranium, and it was not surprising, therefore, that they all passed from sight.

She has since been prevailed upon to dress her hair more conservatively, at least for card parties.

* * *

"Those who are feeble-minded," said a gentleman connected with the State Institute at Frankfort, "are among the most lovable people I have ever seen. That may sound strange, but it is none-the-less true. They are as affectionate and friendly in their treatment of one another as you can imagine, and the attendants have no difficulty at all in managing them. They are tractable and obey instructions without hesitation.

"Simple-minded as they are, they love praise, and appreciate being paid attention. They perform the work on the farm of the institution, and do it so well that the best kind of crops are raised there. They are quite happy and contented, and when I compare their lot with that of a good many other people I know, I sometimes wonder if it isn't a pity that there aren't more feeble-minded among us."

* * *

Children are noted for asking questions, and the exasperated parent is a stock character of the professional humorist. As a matter of fact, however, a child who doesn't ask questions hasn't a very active mind, and needs to have its imagination stimulated. It is true, though, that the inquiries of the average youngster are quite sufficient to justify possession of an encyclopedia, and make the embarrassed information bureau long for knowledge as it was never longed for in the days at school.

A business man of some prominence was explaining his feelings on that score just after he had failed miserably to pass a good examination when questioned by his youngest, a girl of five.

"Now how on earth," he demanded, "should I know what makes flowers have different colors? I never tried to emulate Luther Burbank. Then she wanted to know what wood is made of, and what makes the rainbow. I fell down on all of those, because I knew that no vague explanation would satisfy her. I shall have to read up on natural phenomena if I expect to keep my place as head of the family. Really, I'm ashamed of my own ignorance."

* * *

"The hansom cab, one of the most picturesque modes of transportation extant," said a former New Yorker who has recently returned from a visit to his old town, "is fast disappearing in the metropolis. I was much disappointed on my last visit there to see how relatively few of them there are. Formerly Fifth avenue and Broadway were filled with hansoms, but now automobiles, 'buses and taxicabs apparently have the right of way. The taxicab particularly has tended to decrease the demand for the horse-drawn vehicles, while a new automobile 'bus line on Fifth avenue has supplied the need there to a large extent. I am still loyal to the old conveyance, however, and used it on every possible occasion during my visit there."

* * *

The fact that James Lane Allen, the Kentucky novelist, is about to bring out a new book, if he has not already done so, has renewed interest in the author of "The Choir Invisible," about whom little has been heard of late. An acquaintance of his was telling about his early career, when he was teaching school down in Woodford county.

"He was known then simply as Lane Allen," this woman said, "and all of his pupils were very much interested in him. He was quiet and reserved, but of a humorous turn, and had just the kind of temperament for a school-teacher. However, even though literature is not noted for giving tremendous rewards, I imagine it must provide better compensation than being a pedagogue, considering that the average pay of Kentucky teachers is about $40 a month.

"The descriptions of hemp fields and other Kentucky scenes that have characterized Allen's books can easily be accounted for, in view of his long residence in the Bluegrass. His phrase, 'a field of rushing green,' as descriptive of growing hemp, is the most accurate I have ever heard, and he has been just as happy in his other descriptive passages. He explained that fact to me by saying that he tried to study his picture in nature before he attempted to describe it—something that all word painters, if one may judge by current literature, do not do."

ON THE FUNNYBONE.

In Later Life.

Better go to college, lad,
When you're young.
Education may be had
For a song.

Better get a little store
While it's free
Rather than pay millions for
A degree.

* * *

Caustic Comment.

"I want handsome linen when I dine at a restaurant," declared the first citizen. "I want first-class food; I want a tastefully-arranged table, and, above all, I want perfect service."

"And you want it all for 15 cents," responded the second citizen. "That's all that ails you."

* * *

Various Fields.

"A great many actors are at liberty just now."

"Well?"

"They say they want work in other lines."

"But are there any opportunities open to them?"

"Oh, yes. Every farmer wants a quartet or so of merry harvesters and every battleship carries a big chorus."

* * *

A Safe Rule.

When a fellow, poor or rich,
Minds his biz, you bet
There's lots of trouble into which
He isn't apt to get.

* * *

Defined.

"What's a bard?"

"A bard?"

"I've seen the word frequently in print."

"Oh, yes. Why, a bard is a poet who won't work steadily."

NO QUORUM AGAIN AT LAST NIGHT'S MEETING.

Clerks of Two Boards of General Council Call Themselves To Order and Adjourn.

Notwithstanding the fact that the hands of both clerks are full of urgent business of the city, there was no quorum present in either board of the General Council last night. On Friday night a meeting was held by the upper board, but no quorum was in the lower board. Saturday night the clerks simply called the roll and adjourned. Last night, after a special effort had been made to get the members to attend, and after waiting an hour and using the telephones to get enough members to answer to attend to business, another adjournment was taken.

The table of Clerk Nordeman was piled high with ever increasing business, yet it was decided that there would be no meeting until July 1. Telephone messages to several absent members found them at home, but none of them seemed to have interest enough in the city's affairs to go to the council chamber.

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Pennsylvania.....July 7 | Cleveland (new).July 31
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†Ritz Carlton a la Carte Restaurant.

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The most popular Summer Resort in Kentucky; an ideal spot to spend the summer vacation. Situated near Chesapeake and Ohio railroad in Bath county, near the Menifee line; offers every diversion and every comfort known to a modern summer resort. Waters unsurpassed for Rheumatism, Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. Booklet and terms upon application to W. W. HOWE, Manager.

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Care National Bank, Waukesha, Wis.

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Lake Michigan breezes. Refined, homelike health resort in 100-acre park. Baths, electricity, etc., if desired. Booklet. Address Drs. Pennoyer & Adams, Mgrs., Kenosha, Wis.

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On Wooded Bluff of Lake Michigan.

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Leading family resort of the West. For a list of hotels and cottages address Secretary, Board of Trade.

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MT. CLEMENS, favorite Health Resort. Its Mineral Baths cure Rheumatism. Write for Ill. Booklet to F. R. Eastman, Mt. Clemens, Mich.

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We are manufacturers. Visit our salesroom and factory.

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512 WEST MAIN ST.

EXCESSIVE HEAT

Claims Its First Victim In Louisville.

RIVERMAN SUCCUMBS IN OFFICE OF MARINE HOSPITAL.

PAINTER PROSTRATED WHILE AT WORK ON BUILDING.

NOT MUCH RELIEF IN SIGHT.

Yesterday's Temperature.

6 a. m.	75	2 p. m.	85
7 a. m.	78	3 p. m.	85
8 a. m.	81	4 p. m.	84
9 a. m.	84	5 p. m.	87
10 a. m.	88	6 p. m.	85
11 a. m.	86	7 p. m.	85
Noon	88	8 p. m.	81
1 p. m.	81		

Although the weather yesterday was several degrees cooler than it has been for several days, the first death in Louisville due to the heat was recorded. Another man was prostrated while at work.

Richard Bondurant, aged 56 years, a riverman, who was employed on the steamer Helen Gould, was the first victim of the heat. He walked into the office of the Marine Hospital, in the Board of Trade building, at 2:30 o'clock, and died before medical assistance could reach him.

Dr. B. W. Brown and Paul Doole, who were called to attend Bondurant, say that death was due to exhaustion, superinduced by the heat. Bondurant had made his home at Madison, Ind., and has a son, who is a mate on the steamer Park City. His body will be taken back to Madison for burial.

* * *

Overcome While At Work.

John Klappen, a painter, residing at 2127 Foree avenue, was overcome while at work on the roof of a building on Eighteenth street. He was assisted to the office of Dr. C. L. Nichols, and then sent to his home.

In comparison with other places, Louisville was a full-blown summer resort yesterday, for the maximum temperature was 88 degrees, while in Bismarck, N. D., almost 1,000 miles north of the Ohio River, the mercury was up to 98. In the East the natives sweltered, as the mercury hovered at 92 or more.

It was as hot as anyone wished it to be in Louisville, despite the fact that the official temperature wasn't as high as it has been for the past seven days. The only thing that saved Louisville from a temperature within a few points of the century mark was the rainstorm that came at noon, when the thermometer registered 88. When the rain ceased there was a fall of seven points, but at 2 o'clock it had gained four degrees, and the mercury kept going up until 5 o'clock, when it registered 87 degrees. At 8 o'clock it was 81 degrees, and the mercury hovered around that mark until after midnight.

* * *

Heat Oppressive.

For reasons that are not apparent, people seemed to have felt the heat more yesterday than at any other time. It was not due to humidity, as the average for the day was 72 degrees, which is about normal.

Another thundershower is looked for to-day to cool off perspiring humanity. While the weather forecaster isn't positive that there will be rain to-day, he states that conditions are favorable for local thunderstorms to-day or to-morrow. He is positive that there will be warm weather for some time to come.

HUNT OUSTED FROM MINISTRY

ELIZABETHTOWN, IND., PASTOR DEPOSED BY PRESBYTERY.

CHARGED WITH UNDUE FAMILIARITY WITH WOMEN.

BODY WITHHOLDS THE NAMES.

Indianapolis, June 28.—[Special.]—On charges that he had been guilty of conduct unbecoming a minister of the gospel in that he had been unduly familiar with certain women whose names were not made public, the Rev. William F. Hunt, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Elizabethtown, was deposed from the office of minister of the Presbyterian Church at a meeting of the Indianapolis Presbytery to-day at the Second Presbyterian church.

This action disqualifies Hunt as a minister in any church of the Presbyterian denomination. Several weeks ago rumors were started which involved Hunt and Miss Belah Remy, of Elizabethtown. Hunt finally requested an investigation by the Presbytery, and a special committee was appointed to investigate the case. This committee reported to-day, and Hunt's dismissal as a minister followed.

Hunt is 52 years old and for the last thirteen years has held charges in Illinois and Indiana. He is married and has grown children. In its investigation the special committee looked into the matter of Hunt's behavior in charges which he had held previously.

The report of the special committee and the action of the presbytery were carried out to-day according to Presbyterian procedure. After action had been taken the committee deemed it advisable to give out a public statement in regard to the matter. A committee consisting of Dr. F. O. Ballard, the Rev. A. R. Miles and R. A. Brown, all of Indianapolis, was appointed to prepare this statement, which follows:

"At a called meeting of the Indianapolis Presbytery, the special committee to investigate rumors regarding the conduct of the Rev. W. F. Hunt, of Elizabethtown, made its report that Mr. Hunt, in the committee's judgment, had been guilty of exceeding indiscretion in his conduct, which conduct naturally caused rumors and charges in his town.

"Based upon this report and reports from other places where Mr. Hunt had held pastorates in another denomination, charges were filed in the name of Common Fame, that Mr. Hunt had been guilty of conduct unbecoming a minister of the Gospel, in that he had been unduly familiar with certain women whose names were not given in the specifications.

"In accordance with Presbyterian procedure, a judicial commission of seven, composed of Drs. F. O. Ballard and J. H. Malcomb, the Revs. William Carson, A. R. Miles and C. H. Chrisman, and Elders J. P. Durham and A. J. Johnson, was appointed. R. A. Brown was appointed to take charge of the prosecution.

"The defendant entered a plea of guilty.

"The commission by a unanimous vote deposed Mr. Hunt from the office of minister in the Presbyterian church, which judgment and finding was reported to the presbytery."

According to Presbyterian procedure it was not necessary for the presbytery to act on the matter as a body, as the judicial commission was clothed with power to act finally.

The special committee which investigated the conduct of Hunt was composed of the Rev. Neil McPherson, of Indianapolis; the Revs. A. J. Mattingly, of Columbus, and R. A. Brown, of Indianapolis.

PLEASANT TRIP AWAITS THE TAFT YOUNGSTERS.

Plattsburg, N. Y., June 28.—Arrangements have been completed whereby the younger members of President Taft's family will "do" the coming Lake Champlain Ter-Centenary celebration in a novel manner. They have accepted the invitation of Silas Witherbee, son of Walter C. Witherbee, of Port Henry, treasurer of the New York-Lake Champlain Ter-Centenary Commission, and of his sister, Miss Louise Witherbee, and by them will be entertained aboard the "Silouan," the houseboat of Commissioner Witherbee on Lake Champlain, throughout the celebration.

BIG SHAKE-UP TO COME SOON

(Continued From First Page.)

M. M. Barnard, R., assistant superintendent, $150 per month.
Leon Loafe, R., second assistant superintendent, $125 per month.
Mr. McClaughtry, R., State agent, $150 per month.
W. A. Rafferty, R., assistant State agent, $85 per month and expenses.
Ray Campbell, R., assistant State agent, $85 per month and expenses.
S. S. Pile, R., assistant State agent, $85 per month and expenses.
Fred Pagoler, D., chief clerk, $150 per month.
L. L. Bradley, D., assistant clerk, $80 per month.
George B. Asbury, R., superintendent of schools, $150 per month.
J. S. Hathaway, R., private secretary to superintendent, $100 per month.
J. H. Madara, R., mail clerk, $85 per month.
Rev. H. Moor, R., chaplain, $150 per month.
Dr. W. H. Smith, D., physician, $1,500 per year.
Dr. Swander, R., assistant physician, $100 per month.
Dr. Oscar Lackey, R., dentist, $75 per month.
R. E. Crockett, R., chief engineer, $150 per month.
Mr. Hardy, R., assistant engineer, $85 per month.
Mr. Cruthers, R., assistant engineer, $85 per month.
F. J. Coflin, R., steward, $75 per month.
J. R. Scott, D., storekeeper, $75 per month.
Mr. Mengis, R., painting department, $1,000 per annum.
Harry Hawking, R., broom and mop department, $1,000 per annum.
H. H. Dryer, D., bandmaster, $1,000 per annum.
C. D. Reeder, R., printing department, $1,000 per annum.
W. E. McMillen, R., carpenter, $1,000 per annum.
A. C. Raash, R., masonry, $1,000 per annum.
R. J. Berry, R., tin shop department, $1,000 per annum.
J. Q. Hessler, R., tailoring department, $1,000 per annum.
G. E. Mowrer, R., school of letters, $1,000 per annum.
Mr. Harriman, R., school of letters, $1,000 per annum.
William Bodine, R., school of letters, $1,000 per annum.
Mr. Clark, R., school of letters, $1,000 per annum.
Mr. Lord, R., school of letters, $1,000 per annum.
Howard Kelso, R., school of letters, $1,000 per annum.
Mr. Drillett, R., school of letters, $1,000 per annum.
J. S. Potter, R., librarian, $1,000 per annum.
G. L. Phelps, R., night captain, $80 per month.
G. L. Ferguson, R., officer, $70 per month.
L. C. Forbes, R., officer, $70 per month.
Leon Harrell, R., officer, $70 per month.
Walter Kelly, R., officer, $70 per month.
E. B. Koch, R., officer, $70 per month.
W. V. Law, R., officer, $70 per month.
John Lee, R., officer, $70 per month.
J. E. McCartin, D., officer, $70 per month.
A. F. Miller, D., officer, $70 per month.
John Neal, R., officer, $70 per month.
J. A. Noe, R., officer, $70 per month.
E. W. Petterson, R., officer, $70 per month.
Jerry Rogers, R., officer, $70 per month.
William Thrall, R., officer, $70 per month.
Harry Van Dyke, D., officer, $70 per month.
John Van Liew, R., officer, $70 per month.
A. J. Warner, R., officer, $70 per month.
H. N. Williams, R., officer, $70 per month.
C. N. Wilson, R., officer, $70 per month.
Ed Moore, R., officer, $70 per month.
Steve Woorley, R., officer, $70 per month.
Mr. Clark, D., officer, $70 per month.
George Knobloch, R., officer, $70 per month.
Mr. Elliott, R., officer, $70 per month.
W. W. Steigall, R., officer, $70 per month.
Harry Ferguson, D., officer, $70 per month.
Harry Brendall, D., officer, $70 per month.
J. Link, R., officer, $70 per month.
Earl Edmundson, R., officer, $70 per month.
George Knight, D., officer, $70 per month.
William Simmons, R., officer, $70 per month.
S. C. Ellis, R., officer, $70 per month.
William Sorace, R., officer, $70 per month.
Mr. Fields, R., instructor, $70 per month.
George Pratt, R., officer, $70 per month.
George W. Crowder, R., officer, $70 per month.
William Jenks, D., officer, $70 per month.
Harry Friend, R., officer, $70 per month.
Mr. Eagan, D., officer, $70 per month.
Mr. Zapp, R., officer, $70 per month.
Mr. Warren, R., officer, $70 per month.

* * *

Troubles At the Old Prison.

Gov. Marshall observed to-day, in discussing Indiana Reformatory affairs, that some places were naturally unlucky. There has been a prison at Jeffersonville since 1822, and in that year there was only one convict and in 1881 there were 524. To-day there are 1,280 inmates in the Reformatory. They are no longer called convicts. The old State Prison South was made a reformatory twelve years ago, and no one over 30 years of age is received there. The idea is to try to reform the inmates, and there are trade schools in printing, carpentering, blacksmithing, cabinet-making, etc. It is conceded that Superintendent Whittaker has done good work in the trade schools.

In the early days the convicts were leased. In 1846 Samuel H. Patterson paid the State $10,000 a year for 165 convicts. He gave up the lease in 1856 as a bad investment. John Bell, of Tennessee, some time a candidate for President, was one of the lessees with Patterson.

* * *

Former Superintendents.

James B. Meriwether, Andrew Jackson Howard, James B. Patten and Alvin T. Hert all have been wardens or superintendents of the prison or reformatory during recent years. Whenever the Legislature was Democratic and the warden happened to be a Republican, or vice versa, an investigating committee was sent down and the warden and all of his subordinates were removed. This was the case with Lawrence S. Shuler, Republican, in 1873, and he was succeeded by Andrew J. Howard, of Jeffersonville, who was a Democrat. A legislative committee headed by James B. Patten came down ten years afterward and removed Howard, Patten succeeding him. Then came Joseph P. Beyers, but he remained only a short time and was succeeded by Alvin T. Hert.

Democrats all over the State have been urging Gov. Marshall to make changes at the reformatory, and some charges have been filed with him against the management. The Governor has no authority to remove the trustees or the superintendent unless for cause. Whether sufficient cause has been shown to warrant asking the resignation of the officials will be developed within the next few days.

* * *

A Desirable Position.

The position of superintendent is a very desirable one. Besides the salary of $2,500 a year the superintendent also gets a house and his living from the State with horses and carriages. Superintendent Whittaker has an automobile.

Among those who have been prominently mentioned in connection with the succession of Mr. Whitaker are Adam Heimberger, of New Albany, and James J. Lyons, present Mayor of Terre Haute, but there are a dozen others, and the Governor does not recall their names. Lyons was formerly a police chief and the Terre Haute Democracy is pulling for him hard. He was born in Louisville, and moved to Terre Haute in 1873.

Superintendent Whittaker was at the Governor's office for a couple of hours yesterday. He came up from Jeffersonville on Sunday night.

* * *

Dr. Sharpe Is Very Busy.

The busiest man all day yesterday with the Governor was Dr. Harry Sharp, who had many conferences about the reformatory management. As he served six years as surgeon in the prison he knows a great deal about the workings of the institution and the Governor seems to depend upon him for information. It is not believed that Dr. Sharp is unfriendly to Superintendent Whittaker, but he realizes that there is a Democratic Governor in the chair and that it is no more than fair that the executive should have men under him who are in accord with his political views.

It has been a long time since the Democrats have had a chance to get up to the patronage trough in Indiana, and it is no wonder they are clamoring for the scalps of all of the officers and employes at the Indiana Reformatory.

ED FITZPATRICK.

DENIES CHARGES.

M. M. Barnard Says His Record Is "Clean As Whistle."

Despite the statement given out in Indianapolis yesterday by Gov. Marshall, of Indiana, M. M. Barnard denied last night that he had ever received money from the Indiana Manufacturing Company or that he had borrowed $1,000 from that concern. He also denied that he had been asked by Supt. Whittaker to tender his resignation and gave as a reason for resigning that he did not care to serve as assistant superintendent of the Indiana Reformatory with Dr. Harry Sharp as a member of the board of trustees. He said that his record at the Indiana Reformatory was a clean one and that he had no fear of an investigation. He said he was through with politics, but has not yet matured his plans for the future.

W. H. Whittaker, superintendent of the Indiana Reformatory, returned to Jeffersonville from Indianapolis last evening. He was seen by a reporter for the Courier-Journal as he stepped from the train in Jeffersonville. He declined to make any statement whatever for publication.

* * *

Abrams Remains Mum.

E. W. Abrams, secretary and treasurer of the Indiana Manufacturing Company, when told last night what Gov. Marshall, of Indiana, had given out relative to the interview he had with Supt. Whittaker, said that he did not care to make a statement. He said that so far as he knew Mr. Barnard had never received money from the Indiana Manufacturing Company, but that he did not care to be quoted one way or the other.

"Just say that I have no statement to make," he said.

It became public in Jeffersonville yesterday that Morris M. Barnard, who for nearly six years had held the position, had tendered his resignation the night before as assistant superintendent of the Indiana Reformatory in Jeffersonville to W. H. Whittaker, general superintendent, and it had been accepted. Mr. Barnard returned Sunday evening from a vacation of two weeks, which was spent in Wisconsin. It was said he would return on Friday night, but his arrival was delayed. When Mr. Barnard reached home Mr. Whittaker was on the eve of going to Indianapolis and a conference followed, which resulted in the resignation being tendered.

* * *

Mr. Barnard Talks.

"When I arrived home last night," said Mr. Barnard yesterday, "I learned that Dr. Harry C. Sharp had been appointed a member of the board of trustees of the Indiana Reformatory. I was told that rumors were rife that an investigation was at hand and that Dr. Sharp had already taken some steps in that line. With Dr. Sharp on the board I did not feel inclined to remain as second officer in charge of the institution. Rather than to do so under the existing conditions I tendered my resignation to Mr. Whittaker, who accepted it. The relations between Mr. Whittaker and myself have always been pleasant and we severed our official connection as friends. There is not now, nor has there ever been, any hard feeling between us.

"After learning that Dr. Sharp had been made a member of the board I could not satisfy myself that I should remain assistant superintendent any longer. I have worked hard at the institution and believe I gave satisfaction, but with Dr. Sharp on the board I thought it best that I should retire. Six years ago, while deputy warden at the Indiana State prison at Michigan City, I was compelled to go through an investigation, which resulted in the charges not being sustained, but I learned what unpleasantness there was attached to an inquiry of the kind and I have no desire to go through another. My plans for the future have not even been given consideration. That will be looked after later and all I can now say is that I am no longer in the employ of the State of Indiana."

Mr. Barnard declined to discuss his former relations with Dr. Sharp and only intimated through his statement as to why he resigned that the two were not on good terms. It has been known for some time, however, in certain circles in Jeffersonville that Dr. Sharp and Mr. Barnard did not have the highest regard for each other, but this did not crop out in their business connections. The entire control of the inmates of the institution was in the hands of Mr. Barnard, although Mr. Whittaker was the executive head.

* * *

Makes Emphatic Denial.

Last night, after it became noised about that rumors existed at Indianapolis that Mr. Barnard had been dealing with some of the contractors, he was asked as to their truth, and gave emphatic denial to them.

"I leave the institution as clean as a whistle," said he, "and if I am accused of any wrong-doing I have not been informed of the fact. Some four years ago there were rumors started that I was in collusion with some of the contractors, but they did not develop into anything. So far as I am concerned I am no longer connected with the Indiana Reformatory and my official record is a thing of the past. I do not think that I will ever seek another political position, and am done with politics. What calling I will engage in, as I said earlier in the day, I am not prepared to say."

Mr. Barnard has been regarded as one of the most competent men in the country for the line of work he was engaged in at the reformatory. The inmates of the institution knew his word was law and that his orders must be obeyed. Out of the more than 1,200 felons in the institution there was not one who dared dispute what "the big man," as he was called, said. The discipline of the institution depended upon him and he prided himself in his success. A man of commanding appearance, he commanded respect from those he was in charge of. Outside of the institution he was sociable and his companionship was sought by his many friends.

* * *

Michigan City Record.

Before coming to Jeffersonville, in August, 1903, Mr. Barnard was deputy warden at the Indiana State Prison, at Michigan City. He went there from his home in Dephi, Ind., to take a position as a guard, and rapidly rose to the second official place at the institution. Mr. Whittaker, whose former home was also at Delphi, was clerk at the State Prison while Mr. Barnard was there and the friendly relations there had at home were still maintained. Mr. Whittaker left the prison and became the secretary of the Republican State Central Committee of Indiana, and while such was made general superintendent of the Indiana Reformatory, to succeed Joseph P. Byers, who came in November, 1902, after A. T. Hert had resigned.

Mr. Whittaker desired the services of Mr. Barnard, and after considerable persuasion induced him to take the position of assistant superintendent, the salary being increased from $1,800 to $2,000 per year. Besides this, a dwelling is furnished, and the State pays the expenses of keeping up the table. The salary of the general superintendent is only $2,500, and he is also furnished a residence and provisions, also lights and fuel.

Things began to round into shape in Jeffersonville yesterday to indicate that the preliminary steps taken by Dr. Harry C. Sharp for an investigation of the institution were on the eve of developing into a reality. Mr. Whittaker went to Indianapolis Sunday night to meet Gov. Marshall yesterday morning by a previous arrangement, and at the request of the Governor. On an early train yesterday morning Dr. D. C. Peyton, who is a personal friend of Dr. Sharp, also went to Indianapolis, and it was noised about that he was going to see the Governor. It was said others would be there from different localities.

ARTHUR TAFEL TOASTED BY SCHOOLMATES.

Arthur Tafel, the Manual Training High School student who was presented with a gold medal by the Class of '05 for having the highest average in his studies of all the students who played football during the year, was the guest of the class that awarded him the medal at their annual banquet at the Galt House last evening. The youngster was showered with praise by the several members of the class that spoke.

Several informal speeches were made by the members at the conclusion of the dinner. Twenty were present and E. L. Becker was the toastmaster. The informal toasts were responded to by Walter Appel, George Stoll and George Brockman.

LUMBER MEN SAY THEY ARE DISCRIMINATED AGAINST.

Charging that four different railroads running into Louisville were discriminating against them and giving Evansville, Ind., and Cincinnati a lower rate than was to be obtained here, the Louisville Hardwood Lumber Dealers' Club at its regular meeting at The Seelbach last evening appointed a committee of four members to take the matter up with the railroad officials.

All of the hardwood dealers in the city were represented. They threshed the subject out from every phase. It was the sense of the meeting that they endeavor to get a mileage rate. The members claim that cheaper rates are offered by the Monon, the Baltimore and Ohio and the Big Four from Evansville and Cincinnati to points West. E. B. Norman was appointed chairman of the committee that will take the matter up with the representatives of the railroads in question. The other members of the committee are M. T. Brown, E. C. Harrin and William McLein.



Some Go Up and Others Down

If you are not saving, you are going down. You are losing both time and money, and what the money would earn for you. Make your money work for you. A dollar will open an account.

Call or write for a copy of "The Moneyless Man."

Columbia Trust Company

Capital and Surplus $1,200,000

START JULY 1.

Those who have purchased scholarships will find it best to start on the above date, thus avoiding the crowds that usually start on August 1 and September 1. Our forty-sixth school year starts on July 1, hence this will be a good time to start. Our electric fans will keep you cool.

If you wish to secure a FULL BOOKKEEPING COURSE SCHOLARSHIP for only $25 we should hear from you before July 1. Worth $100. Write or call to-day.

Bryant and Stratton

Business College, Incorporated.

Second and Walnut. "THE SCHOOL THAT KEEPS YOU COOL."

DEATHS.

COEN—June 28 at 4 p. m., Thomas, Jr., son of Thomas and Mary A. Coen, in his 31st year.

Funeral from the residence, 531 North Twenty-first street, Wednesday morning at 8:30, and at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Interment in St. Louis cemetery. Friends invited.

COOKE—June 28, at 11 p. m., Mrs. Mary Clark Cooke, at her home in Belgravia apartments.

Notice of funeral later.

GUNTHER—June 28, at 8:45 a. m., Edward Gunther.

Funeral Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock from his late residence, 1200 Rowan street. Interment in St. Louis cemetery. Burial private.

GUTHRIE—June 28, at 5:30 p. m., James J. Guthrie, beloved husband of Minnie Guthrie (nee Regan).

Funeral from residence, 2217 High avenue, Wednesday morning, June 30, at 8:30 o'clock, and from the Church of Our Lady at 9 o'clock. Interment in St. Louis cemetery.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to extend our sincerest thanks to our friends for their sympathy shown us at the death of our beloved mother, Mrs. Margaret Armstrong. Especially do we thank our pastor, the pallbearers and the donors of floral offerings and all who in any way expressed their sympathy.

THE BEREAVED FAMILY.

UNDERTAKERS.

Gran. W. Smith's Son

AL S. SMITH, Proprietor.

FUNERAL DIRECTOR

809 West Jefferson Street.

TRIAL NEARS END

ARGUMENT BEGUN IN CASE AGAINST BRANDENBURG.

Attorney For Defense Attacks Men Who Questioned Authenticity of Article.

New York, June 28.—The end of the trial of Broughton Brandenburg charged with grand larceny in connection with the sale of an alleged spurious letter of Grover Cleveland to the New York Times, drew near to-day with the commencement of the summing up by the attorneys for defense and prosecution. The case will go to the jury to-morrow.

Oswald N. Jacoby, summing up for Brandenburg, referred at considerable length to the fact that F. S. Hastings, executor of the Cleveland estate, though called before the grand jury, was not called as a witness by the District Attorney. He declared there had been powerful interests at work to attack the authenticity of the article, and said that former Secretary of the Treasury John G. Carlisle and President Finley, of the City College, had made up their minds to discredit the article if possible, and the only way open was to attack the only living man who really knows whether Mr. Cleveland wrote it or not.

He called attention to the testimony of the Times' editors that they had not relied on Brandenburg's statements and that Brandenburg, therefore, could not be convicted.

"At any rate," he argued, "if this article was written by Grover Cleveland the question of whether the signature is genine or not is immaterial. If the article is genuine the Times got what it paid for."

Mr. Jacoby concluded with an attack on the handwriting experts who testified against Brandenburg, declaring their profession despicable.

BITZER ARRESTED TWICE WITHIN ONE AFTERNOON.

Charged With Selling Liquor Without License and With Resisting An Officer.

Peter Bitzer, who conducts a grocery at Twelfth and Grayson streets, was arrested twice yesterday afternoon. The first arrest was made at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon on a warrant sworn out by Frank Seals, colored, of 1111 West Madison street, charging Bitzer with selling liquor without a license. The police say they discovered Seals coming from Bitzer's place with a bucket of beer in his hand. They induced the negro to go to the Clerk's office and swear out the warrant. Seals was also taken into custody by Patrolmen Wilgus and Dalton on a charge of disorderly conduct.

Patrolman Wellman alleges that shortly after he went on watch last night Bitzer abused him, calling him unpleasant names. When the patrolman started to arrest him, it is charged, Bitzer smashed him in the face with his fist. Patrolman Wellman is suffering from several scratches and bruises about his face. Patrolmen Callahan and Gibbons hurried to the aid of their fellow-patrolman and Bitzer was soon overpowered and taken to Central police station, where he was charged with disorderly conduct and resisting arrest. Bitzer denies that the liquor laws were violated at his place and charges improper conduct on the part of Patrolman Wellman.

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Departments: English, Ancient and Modern Languages, Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Biology, History, Music, Arts and Crafts. Graduate and undergraduate courses. New Laboratories. First semester begins Monday, Sept. 27. For catalogue or information address the Registrar, 119 W. Broadway.

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Hubert G. Shearin, Ph.D., President, Box J

Admission To Yale.

All candidates for admission to Yale University will please note that the entrance examinations for Yale University will be held at 2 p. m. Wednesday, June 30, 1909, at the Male High School.

STUART McKNIGHT, Supervisor.

STRAIGHT CREEK THE COAL

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CITY POLITICS.

Adolph Schmitt

Is a Candidate

For City Auditor

Subject to action of Democratic Party.

J. ARTHUR FERGUSON

IS CANDIDATE

FOR COUNTY CLERK

Subject to Action of Democratic Party

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

Dividend Notice.

Louisville, June 18, 1909.

The Board of Directors of the NATIONAL BANK OF KENTUCKY have this day declared a dividend of 4 per cent. on the capital stock, payable on July 1, 1909, to stockholders of record of June 28, 1909. Transfer books close June 28-30, inclusive.

H. D. ORMSBY, Cashier.

DIED FROM DISEASE RESEMBLING LEPROSY.

Nashville, Tenn., June 28.—A dispatch from Hygeia Springs, Tenn., twenty miles west of here, says that Mrs. Nannie Crutcher, aged 25 years, is dead there of a strange disease, closely resembling leprosy, portions of the skin dropping from the hands soon after her death. An investigation will be made.

Bossler—Kreig.

Evansville, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—Miss Jennie Bossler, of Rockport, and Louis W. Kreig, of Indianapolis, were married at Rockport this morning. The wedding march was played by Miss Mollie Killian, of Owensboro, Ky.

Summer Dress Materials

At cost price this week. Garden Pottery at greatly reduced prices. Lunch Baskets and Clothes Hampers.

THE ARTS AND CRAFTS CO. *The Misses Bruce.*

Opposite Post-office. (Incorporated.)

FORM PLAYERS HAVE POOR DAY

Only One Favorite Rewards the Talent at Milldale Course.

ZIENAP SCORES IN A DRIVE.

W. F. Schulte's Mare Beats Old Honesty and Tom Hayward In Spectacular Finish.

BUSY MAN DAY'S SURPRISE.

LATONIA SELECTIONS.

FIRST RACE—Joe Morris, Prince Imperial, Claudia.
SECOND RACE—Carew, Gerrymander, Jack Baker.
THIRD RACE—Billy Bodemer, Voting, J. C. Core.
FOURTH RACE—Zienap, Rara Avis, Palamon.
FIFTH RACE—Denver Girl, El Dorado, Quagga.
SIXTH RACE—Alma Boy, Heine, Hans.

LATONIA, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Stirring finishes and the defeat of the favorites in all of the events, with the exception of the first, and a handicap that enthused the large crowd that braved the heat were the features of the racing at Latonia to-day. The talent had its inning in the first, when Calash, which was pounds the best, came under the wire first, but after this it was a succession of dumps for those that take form as their guide.

The starting was an improvement over the previous days, Mr. Holtman having but one bad start and that was in the sprint race, where he had to deal with an unruly field of six horses. Jockey Eddie Martin again carried off the riding honors by piloting two winners, Point Lace, in the third, and Busy Man, in the fifth. He brought the latter home with 25 to 1 against his chances.

The feature of the card was the handicap, the fourth race, and six of the best milers at the track accepted the weights assigned to them. By reason of the allotment of weights the talent settled on Old Honesty to have the best chance, and he was well supported. Tom Hayward had many admirers and the play on him was so heavy that he was held at a short price. Zienap was thought by the wise contingent to have the show money cinched and they went to the mare. The start was a good one and at the first turn Tom Hayward went to the front and set a heart-breaking pace. At the half-mile pole Old Honesty moved up and raced Hayward into defeat and Lee, thinking that he had the race won, went to sleep. Rice, coming up on the outside with Zienap, nipped the favorite at the post, getting the long end of the purse by a neck.

Calash, the favorite in a field of thirteen ordinary youngsters, captured the first race in a handy manner, after being buffeted about during the early stages. Austin was off badly with the favorite and had to work his way through the bunch, and after reaching the stretch turn moved up fast and caught the pacemaker, racing him into defeat and had enough left at the end to stall off the challenge of Brevite. Rice rode a patient race on the latter and was in close quarters in the run through the stretch. G. M. Miller, one of the outsiders in the betting, after getting off last, ran a sparkling race, finishing a bang up third with 10 to 1 against his chances to show.

My Gal was the real thing in the second race, for 2-year-olds, at three-quarters of a mile. This was the first time at the meeting the youngsters were asked to go the distance. Redeem and Starport, the talent thought, had the race at their mercy and they were played to the exclusion of everything else. My Gal was the clockers' special and the Fizer trick was heavily bet on away from the track, which caused the long price to be laid against her. Autumn Rose showed a nice turn of speed to the head of the stretch, but soon tired and gave way to Starport. The latter was all out chasing the pacemaker. Coburn, on My Gal, saved ground on the turns and at the stretch slipped through on the rail, racing Starport into defeat and drew away in the final run to win as her rider pleased. Salain, which began slowly, found an opening on the rail and following the lead of My Gal took advantage of the opening and finished second, outgaming Eva Tanguay for the place. Starport quit to a walk in the final run, and the distance seemed to be too far for Redeem. Lotta Creed showed some speed during the race, but had enough after going half a mile.

Busy Man was the "eagle bird" for the layers. With as good as 25 to 1 against his chances the horse that only a few days ago broke out of the maiden class demonstrated his ability to beat the best sprinters at the track. There was a long delay at the post, occasioned by the antics of Woolsandals and Madman, which were the favorites in the race. After a delay of six minutes the starter finally sent them away with Madman taking the lead, closely followed by Busy Man. Woolsandals was third and Al Miller at the first quarter attempted to get to the flying leader, but dropped back beaten. Then Busy Man, which had been in close pursuit, set sail for the leader. At the turn for home he was on even terms with him and after a sharp brush raced him into defeat and in a hard drive beat out Madman for the long end of the purse. Madman held on long enough to save the place from Woolsandals, while Al Muller pulled up in the stretch and finished last.

Tom Holland, the second choice in the betting, easily trimmed fourteen 3-year-olds in the last race at five and a half furlongs. Lady Hill had the best of the start and carried the field along at a merry clip. At the head of the stretch she tired and gave way to Tom Holland, which went under the wire a winner by three lengths. Colmo was second and Lillian Leigh, which was in close pursuit of the pacemaker all the way, had enough to stall off the rush of Ethelda, the favorite, which finished fourth, a head back.

* * *

CHAT OF LATONIA.

Ed Alvey this morning sold to H. G. Bedwell the crack sprinter Prince Ahmed for $4,000. Ferris shipped the rest of the Alvey string, including his own horses, to Canada this morning.

* * *

Willie Applegate deserted the ranks of layers and went to New York.

* * *

W. F. Schulte headed a delegation of Louisvillians who came up to attend the races.

* * *

Olambala was shipped with the Ferris string and will be a sure starter in the Canadian Derby. Jack Baker will ship Jeff Bernstein and others to-morrow to the Canadian track.

* * *

T. W. Flynn, the former Chicago Police Captain, bought of Rome Respess the filly Point Lace for a private consideration. She ran in her new owner's name to-day.

* * *

Al Muller was kicked at the post in the sprint race, which caused his bad showing. Wool Sandals also kicked Sinlong. The injury to Al Muller was so serious that it will be some time before he will be able to start again.

LATONIA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Five furlongs; purse:
305..Tyras . . .113
302..Toyland . .113
286..Joe Morris 113
319..Prince Imperial . . .113
319..Lord Clinton . . .108
277..Billiard Ball . .108
[259].Placide . .105
313..Betty Lester 100
313..Olivia Miekle . .100
313..Uralia . . .100
......Creston Girl . .100
159..Miss Sly . .100
299..Darling Florence .100

302..Claudia . . .105
313..Martine H. 100

SECOND RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; selling:
324..Beau Brummel 111
307..Tackle . . .107
283..Masson . . .107
307..E. T. Shipp 107
305..*Carew . . .106
305..Winning Star . .105
......Norbit Hynes . 101
315..Frank Stagg . .100
[285].Jack Baker . .100
312..Harkaway . 95
315..Gerrymander . . 92
195..Admonitor . .92

THIRD RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; selling:
288..Rickey . . .121
186..Voting . . .121
323..J. C. Core .121
307..Addax . . .119
231..Dona H. . .117
63..Tamar . . .117
306..Billy Bodemer . . .113
......Ray H. . .111
212..Light Blue 111
......Bald Hazard 108
103..Sinfran . .108
239..*Camel . . .106
......Fete 106
......*Ace of Diam'nds 106
289..Sainest . . .106

FOURTH RACE—Mile and seventy yards; purse:
298..Zienap . . .111
256..Rara Avis 102
322..Palamon . .100
......Lubin 98
[320].Ethel Carr. 95
252..Lillie Turner 96

FIFTH RACE—Mile; selling:
168..Challenge Trophy . 107
321..El Dorado .106
321..Quagga . . .106
181..Oroonoka . 104
307..Billy Vertress . . .103
...1..San Primo 103
...0..Red Hussar 102
320..Listerine . . 97
300..*Roseb'g II. 92
295..Sniff 87
185..Queen's Message . 87
293..Greenbridge . . 87
314..Bryce 84
324..Denver Girl . . . 82

SIXTH RACE—Mile; selling:
323..Warner Griswell. 113
[317].Grenade . .113
312..Alma Boy . 108
[294].Heine . . .108
294..Skyo 97
323..Lady Vie . 102
......Hans 102
[289].Splendida . 87
293..Ludhiana . . 87
315..Alice Baird . . 87
310..Joe Rose . . 87

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

LATONIA FORM CHART.

Latonia, Ky., June 28. — (Special.) — Thirtieth day of the spring meeting of the Latonia Jockey Club. Weather cloudy; track good.

Presiding judge, Charles F. Price; associate judges, John P. Dillon and Joseph A. Murphy; starter, J. J. Holtman.

325—FIRST RACE—Purse $400 added; maiden 2-year-olds; five furlongs. Start good. Won driving; second and third same. Winner S. K. Hughes' br. g., by Stanhope II.—Raglets. Trained by owner. Value to winner $390. Fractional time :23 2-5; :48 3-5; 1:02 1-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	St	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Op	H'st	Clos	Pl'e
[308]	Calash	110	8	......	8..½	6..½	3..½	1...1	D. Austin	8-5	8-5	7-5	7-10
265	Brevite	113	6	......	5..½	5.nk	4...h	2.nk	T. Rice	5-1	7-1	6-1	5-2
30	G. M. Miller	113	12	......	12...1	7...2	6...1	3.no	Glasner	10-1	50-1	50-1	20-1
304	Rowland Otis	110	3	......	2.1½	1...1	1...h	4.1½	Taplin	5-2	8-1	8-1	3-1
308	Forty-four	110	11	......	11	10...1	9...2	5...1	E. Martin	8-1	15-1	15-1	6-1
295	Banives	113	10	......	7...1	8...2	8..½	6..½	Coburn	10-1	20-1	20-1	7-1
296	J. W. Carter	115	5	......	6...1	9...4	10...1	7...3	McGee	10-1	12-1	12-1	4-1
290	Mas. Eugene	113	2	......	3...1	3...1	2...h	8.nk	J. Lee	10-1	12-1	13-1	5-1
187	Sigo	110	4	......	4...1	4...h	6...h	9...2	W. Paul	25-1	100-1	100-1	40-1
308	My Henry	110	9	......	11.nk	12..½	11..½	10...2	Warren	10-1	10-1	7-1	5-2
259	Clysmic	115	12	......	10..½	11...1	12...1	11...2	Franklin	15-1	100-1	100-1	40-1
293	T. M. Irvin	113	1	......	1.nk	2..½	7...1	12..½	Troxler	20-1	40-1	40-1	15-1
304	Judge Walton	113	7	......	9...2	13	13	13	C. Hannan	12-1	20-1	20-1	7-1

Calash, much the best, had a rough trip during the first half, but came fast with a clear course and was drawing away at the end. Brevite, taken wide throughout, put up a game performance, and just lasted long enough for second place. G. M. Miller, weakly handled, came with a rush through the stretch, and was going gamely at the end. Forty-four trailed distantly until the last quarter, where he moved up stoutly. Rowland Otis tired in the last furlong. Master Eugene and T. M. Irvin showed good speed for three furlongs.

326—SECOND RACE—Purse $400 added; for 2-year-olds; six furlongs. Start good. Won easily; second and third driving. Winner Woodford & Fizer's b. f., by St. Evox—Babbie. Trained by W. H. Fizer. Value to winner $370. Fractional time :23 3-5; :48 1-5; 1:14 1-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	St	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Op	H'st	Clos	Pl'e
296	My Gal	98	7	......	8...1	4..½	4...1	1...3	Coburn	6-1	7-1	7-1	2-1
265	Salian	107	9	......	9	8	6...1	2.nk	T. Rice	4-1	12-1	10-1	4-1
296	Eva Tanguay	107	5	......	5.1½	7...h	3.1½	3...1	McGee	10-1	12-1	12-1	5-1
296	Redeem	107	1	......	7...1	6...1	5..½	4...1	Imes	2-1	3-1	13-5	1-1
308	Autumn Rose	98	4	......	1.nk	1...h	2...h	5...1	W. Paul	40-1	50-1	50-1	10-1
296	Lotta Creed	103	2	......	3..½	2...h	7..½	6...h	E. Martin	4-1	10-1	9-1	3-1
308	Starport	104	3	......	4...1	3.1½	1...h	7...1	Warren	2-1	3-1	11-5	4-5
273	Pinkard	103	8	......	6...h	5...h	8	8	D. Austin	6-1	10-1	10-1	4-1
304	Slew Foot	110	6	......	2...1	*	......	......	Taplin	10-1	30-1	30-1	10-1

*Ran out.

My Gal, given a good ride, ran to her best form, and came away in the stretch after overcoming interference. Salian began slowly, and closed up a big gap in the last quarter. Eva Tanguay, showing improved form, was going fast in the stretch, when she swerved. Redeem was in a jam most of the way and was given a bad ride. Autumn Rose held on well in the first half. Starport was almost thrown in the stretch. Lotta Creed was going well when she was knocked out of it. Pinkard moved up strongly at the stretch turn, but was tiring fast in the last furlong. Slew Foot ran out at the lower turn.

327—THIRD RACE—Mile and an eighth; selling. For 3-year-olds and upward. Purse $400. Start good. Won easily; second and third driving. Winner, T. W. Flynn's br. f., 3, by Six Shooter—Remember Me II. Trained by J. P. Jones. Value to winner, $325. Fractional time: :24 1-5; :48 3-5; 1:14; 1:40 1-5; 1:53.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Op	H'st	Clos	Pl'e
284	Point Lace	87	7	4..½	3..½	1..½	1.1½	1.1½	Martin	3-1	3-1	3-1	1-1
305	Vanen	97	4	8.1½	6..½	4..½	2..½	2..½	Coburn	15-1	15-1	12-1	4-1
320	Quagga	104	6	3...1	4..½	3...h	5...2	3..½	McGee	15-1	40-1	40-1	15-1
[263]	Albert Star	104	9	9...h	8.1½	6...1	4...h	4...1	Warren	7-10	1-1	4-5	9-20
312	Lafayette	98	1	1...1	1..½	2...2	3...h	5...h	Austin	6-1	12-1	10-1	5-2
319	Reside	101	5	5...1	9...1	7.nk	6...2	6...4	Rollins	30-1	60-1	60-1	20-1
317	Pink Wings	91	10	6..½	5...1	10	7...2	7...1	Taplin	15-1	30-1	30-1	10-1
314	Huerfano	103	2	7...h	7..½	5...h	8..½	8...4	Rice	30-1	50-1	50-1	15-1
306	Maid Militant	96	8	10	10	8..½	9...3	9...2	Hufnagel	20-1	25-1	25-1	8-1
309	Gilvedear	106	3	2...2	2...h	9...1	10	10	Lee	12-1	12-1	12-1	4-1

Point Lace, well handled and running to her best form, was a prominent contender from the start and drew away in the stretch to win with plenty in reserve. Vanen, going wide most of the trip, finished fast and outstayed Quagga in the last strides. Quagga ran a good race and lasted well in the final drive. Albert Star was bumped into soon after the start, but ran poorly, although closing a good gap near the end. Lafayette tired after going a fast three-quarters. Pink Wings had no mishaps. Gilvedear quit after going a half and can do better.

328—FOURTH RACE—One mile. Handicap. For 3-year-olds and upward. Purse $500. Start good. Won driving; second and third same. Winner, W. F. Schulte's b. m., 6, by Florist—Alleviate. Trained by R. Brooks. Value to winner, $400. Fractional time: :24 2-5; :48 2-5; 1:13 4-5; 1:38 3-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Op	H'st	Clos	Pl'e
298	Zienap	106	6	3.nk	4...2	4...2	3...4	1...h	Rice	5-1	7-1	6-1	2-1
321	Old Honesty	106	1	3..½	2...h	1...1	1...1	2.1½	Lee	6-5	8-5	3-1	1-2
321	Tom Hayw'rd	105	4	1..½	1..½	2..½	2..½	3...6	McGee	2-1	12-5	13-5	7-10
309	Palo Alto	90	2	4.1½	3.1½	3..½	4...2	4...1	Martin	12-1	20-1	20-1	6-1
321	The Peer	96	3	5...1	6	6	5...1	5...1	Taplin	6-1	8-1	7-1	3-1
310	Alice	105	5	6	5..½	5..½	6	6	Burton	10-1	25-1	25-1	8-1

Zienap, away in a tangle, had a rough trip most of the way and had to go wide in the stretch, which cost her considerable ground, finished going gamely and got up in the last few strides. Old Honesty, much used during the early stages to race Tom Hayward into subjection, tired slightly in the last sixteenth. Tom Hayward ran a good race and showed the most speed for three-quarters. Palo Alto was well up for three quarters and is showing improvement. The Peer and Alice were badly outpaced all the way and both favor mud. Scratched: Rara Avis and Royal Tourist.

329—FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse $400; for 3-year-olds and upward. Start bad. Won driving; second and third same. Winner, J. Rodegap's b. g., 3, by Handsel—Aimless. Trained by owner. Value to winner, $325. Fractional time: :23 3-5, :48, 1:12 4-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Op	H'st	Clos	Pl'e
[312]	Busy Man	93	3	......	2...h	2...h	2..½	1...1	E. Martin	10-1	20-1	20-1	6-1
297	Madman	101	1	......	1.1½	1...4	1...2	2...1	Taplin	2-1	3-1	3-1	9-10
285	Woolsandals	106	5	......	4...1	3...h	3...4	3...6	J. Lee	6-5	3-2	1-1	2-5
293	W. A. Leach	91	4	......	5...1	5...1	4..½	4..½	Hufnagel	8-1	8-1	7-1	2-1
303	Sinlong	90½	6	......	6	6	5...2	5...8	W. Paul	20-1	200-1	200-1	50-1
[316]	Al Muller	108	2	......	3...4	4...3	6	6	Mountain	2-1	7-2	7-2	6-5

Busy Man followed close up the first half and, favored by his weight, wore down Madman in the last sixteenth. Madman showed much the most speed from a fast start, but tired in the last furlong. Woolsandals, away poorly, closed up a big gap, but faltered in the final drive. W. A. Leach, also away poorly, put up a good performance. Sinlong was kicked while at the post. Al Muller quit badly after going half a mile and was eased in the stretch.

330—SIXTH RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; $400 added; for 3-year-olds. Start good. Won easily; second and third driving. Winner, J. Stevens' b. c., by Planudes—Flying Girl. Trained by owner. Value to winner, $400. Fractional time: :23 4-5, :48 1-5, 1:00 2-5, 1:06 3-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Op	H'st	Clos	Pl'e
300	Tom Holland	112	10	......	5.1½	3...h	1.1½	1...2	McGee	7-2	4-1	4-1	8-5
288	Colmo	112	4	......	6.nk	6...1	3..½	2...2	Troxler	4-1	6-1	5-1	2-1
288	Lillian Leigh	107	2	......	2...h	3...h	3...h	3.no	E. Martin	6-1	7-1	6-1	2-1
306	Ethelda	107	5	......	3...1	5...h	4...h	4.1½	T. Rice	3-2	3-1	12-5	1-1
306	Cassowary	112	3	......	4...h	4..½	6...1	5.1½	Warren	6-1	15-1	15-1	6-1
308	Hammetrical	107	7	......	7...2	7...1	7...1	6...1	C. Hannon	10-1	60-1	60-1	20-1
315	Landlord	112	8	......	9..½	8..½	8...3	7...4	F. Burton	30-1	30-1	25-1	10-1
288	Ben Howe	112	9	......	8..½	9...1	9...2	8...3	Glasner	6-1	7-1	5-1	2-1
288	Lady Hill	107	1	......	1..½	1...h	5...h	9.nk	J. Lee	6-1	12-1	12-1	4-1
310	Gus Counoit	109	6	......	11...2	10...2	10...4	10...1	D. Austin	20-1	60-1	60-1	20-1
215	H. Sum'rfield	109	11	......	10...1	11...1	11..½	11..½	Franklin	15-1	100-1	100-1	40-1
295	Silver Sea	109	13	......	12...1	13...1	13...2	12...1	F. Jackson	100-1	100-1	100-1	40-1
217	Woodl's Rose	107	12	......	13..½	12...1	12...1	13...2	Coburn	20-1	20-1	20-1	8-1
......	Leamence	112	14	......	14	14	14	14	Hufnagel	100-1	100-1	60-1	20-1

Tom Holland, much the best, followed close up to the stretch, where he came away to win with plenty in reserve. Colmo gained steadily after going a half and put up a good performance. Lillian Leigh, away fast, tired in the last sixteenth. Ethelda quit in the stretch. Cassowary went a trifle wide into the stretch. Hammetrical ran a good race. Lady Hill showed early speed. Race was run in a heavy rain. Scratched: Ace of Diamonds.

SURPRISE AT HAMILTON.

Tourenne, Extreme Outsider, Beats St. Elmwood and Stanley Fay In Feature Race.

Hamilton, Ont., June 28.—The greatest surprise of the day's racing was the defeat of Stanley Fay, the odds-on favorite, in a three-horse race. Tourenne, the extreme outsider, won in a drive from St. Elmwood. Summaries:

First Race—Mile and a sixteenth:
Lawyer Miller, 112 (Musgrave), 9 to 5.. 1
Gold Front, 107 (Davis), 6 to 1.......... 2
King Holladay, 104 (Hammond), 4 to 1.. 3
Time, 1:48 2-5. Lady Gore, Morocco, Advance Boy, Sally Cohen, Nogi and Charivari also ran.

Second Race—Five furlongs:
Turf Star, 115 (Howard), 2 to 1........ 1
Autumn Girl, 113 (J. Reid), 4 to 1........ 2
Fountleroy, 114 (Herbert), 5 to 1........ 3
Time, 1:00 4-5. Ferene and Royal Report also ran.

Third Race—Steeplechase; two miles:
Vilhalla, 135 (Patterson), 6 to 1........ 1
Bannell, 152 (McAfee), 6 to 1............ 2
Student King, 137 (Heider), 11 to 5...... 3
Time, 4:16 4-5. Huddy also ran. Wuerzburger, Harrington, Stella Land and Long Service fell.

Fourth Race—Mile and an eighth:
Tourenne, 114 (J. Reid), 8 to 1.......... 1
St. Elmwood, 108 (Musgrave), 5 to 2.... 2
Stanley Fay, 126 (Mentry), 1 to 3........ 3
Time, 1:53 3-5. Only three starters.

Fifth Race—Steeplechase; about two miles:
Andrew Summers, 134 (Stone), 8 to 1.... 1
Dr. Keith, 152 (McAfee), 7 to 1.......... 2
Jim McGille, 152 (Williams), 5 to 1...... 3
Time, 4:11 1-5. John Dillon, Commodore Fontaine, Daora and Creolin also ran. Bilberry lost rider.

Sixth Race—Seven furlongs:
Simcoe, 107 (Howard), 7 to 5............ 1
Grande Dame, 105 (Musgrave), 15 to 1.. 2
Posing, 106 (Kennedy), 25 to 1.......... 3
Time, 1:26 1-5. Suderman, Great Heavens and St. Jeanne also ran.

Seventh Race—Mile and a sixteenth on turf:
Lady Esther, 107 (J. Reid), 9 to 5........ 1
King of the Mist, 102 Howard), 10 to 1.. 2
Howard Shean, 107 (Leibert), 9 to 1.... 3
Time, 1:45 3-5. Hooray, Giles, Niblick, Neoskaleeta, Bitter Hand and Reidmore also ran.

Bayonet Finishes Second.

Paris, June 28.—Thomas Hitchcock, Jr.'s Bayonet finished second in the Prix Grandlieu at Aueuill to-day.

SHEEPSHEAD BAY ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Six and one-half furlongs:
Mary Davis 123
Lady Bedford 117
Julia Powell 116
Jeanne D'Arc 115
Notasulga 108
Pantoufle 107
Twilight Queen....107
Summer Night.....106
Miss Kearney 103
Desirous 100
Bedminster 90
Sententious 88

SECOND RACE—Steeplechase; about two miles and a half:
Touchwood 147
Bush Ranger 137
Sandy Creeker ...134
Reginald 132
Ascetic Silver 132
O. K. 132
Lizzie Flat 130

THIRD RACE—Five furlongs; turf course:
Dull Care 132
Charlie Hargrave122
Colinet 117
Acumen 117
Danfield 114
Niagara 114

FOURTH RACE—One mile:
Montgomery 113
Sir John Johnson109
Nimbus 101
Lad of Langdon.105
Dreamer 103
Lawton Wiggins..101
Wrestler 95
Cohort 93
Casque 81
Taboo 81

FIFTH RACE—Mile and three-sixteenths; turf course:
Bigot 111
Rio Grande 110
Beauclere 110
Okenite 110
Golconda 103
Killiecrankie 101
King Gazooks 103
Gus Heim 122
Imitator 101
Bonnie Kelso 96
Eschau 93
Shapdale 91
Hammerless 89
Lighthouse 88

SIXTH RACE—Five and a half furlongs:
Democrat 115
St. Dunstan 115
Jack Frost 115
Uncas Chief 115
M. Cambon 113
Fighting Bob 115
Blundara 112

MRS. ELLEN KENDALL DIES IN EVANSVILLE.

Evansville, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—Mrs. Ellen Kendall, for many years a resident of Xenia O., died here to-day aged 84 years. The body will be sent to Xenia for burial.

REDS LOSE TO PIRATE TEAM

Philadelphia Quakers Defeat Boston Doves In An Interesting Contest.

GIANTS ARE UNABLE TO PLAY.

New York, Detroit, St. Louis and Boston Are Victorious In the American League.

RESULTS OF OTHER GAMES.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American Association.

LOUISVILLE . . ....5 INDIANAPOLIS. 5
KANSAS CITY......2 MILWAUKEE. 4

COLUMBUS. . ...2 MINNEAPOLIS. 7
ST. PAUL. ....0 TOLEDO. 1

National League.

PITTSBURG. 3
CINCINNATI. 2

PHILADELPHIA. ...5 Brooklyn-New York
BOSTON. ....3 (Rain).

American League.

BOSTON. . ...6 ST. LOUIS. 6
WASHINGTON. ....5 CLEVELAND. 0

DETROIT. . ...2 NEW YORK. 2
CHICAGO. . ...1 PHILADELPHIA. ...1

Southern League.

NASHVILLE. . ....4 LITTLE ROCK.......6
MONTGOMERY. ...4 MOBILE. 0

BIRMINGHAM. ..3—8 MEMPHIS. 4
ATLANTA. . ...2—2 NEW ORLEANS.....0

Bluegrass League.

WINCHESTER. 1
RICHMOND. 0

Central League.

WHEELING. . ...2 TERRE HAUTE......2
GRAND RAPIDS....1 DAYTON. 0

FORT WAYNE......4 South Bend-Zanesville
EVANSVILLE. .....0 (Rain).

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

American Association.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Milwaukee	37	32	.536	Columbus	35	35	.500
Minneap.	37	32	.536	Kansas City	31	34	.477
Indianap.	38	33	.535	St. Paul	29	33	.468
Louisville	35	34	.507	Toledo	29	38	.433

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	43	14	.754	Philadel.	26	30	.464
Chicago	37	21	.638	St. Louis	24	34	.414
New York	31	22	.585	Brooklyn	20	36	.357
Cincinnati	34	35	.493	Boston	15	43	.259

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	42	20	.677	New York	27	30	.474
Boston	35	25	.583	Chicago	26	31	.456
Philadel.	33	25	.569	St. Louis	21	38	.356
Cleveland	31	28	.525	Washington	20	37	.351

Southern League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Nashville	32	24	.571	Mobile	34	29	.540
Atlanta	35	27	.565	Montgom'y	27	31	.466
New Orleans	34	27	.557	Birm'gham	27	35	.435
Little Rock	32	27	.542	Memphis	20	41	.328

Bluegrass League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Richmond	32	16	.667	Frankfort	22	26	.458
Winchester	30	18	.625	Lexington	21	26	.447
Paris	23	23	.500	Shelbyville	16	35	.314

Central League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Wheeling	31	19	.620	Grand Rapids	24	23	.511
Zanesville	27	20	.574	Terre Haute	22	28	.440
South Bend	28	23	.549	Evansville	20	30	.400
Fort Wayne	30	26	.536	Dayton	19	32	.373

SCHEDULE FOR TO-DAY.

American Association.

LOUISVILLE at MILWAUKEE.
COLUMBUS at MINNEAPOLIS.
INDIANAPOLIS at KANSAS CITY.
TOLEDO at ST. PAUL.

National League.

CHICAGO at PITTSBURG.
BOSTON at PHILADELPHIA.
NEW YORK at BROOKLYN.

American League.

PHILADELPHIA at BOSTON.
ST. LOUIS at CHICAGO.
CLEVELAND at DETROIT.
WASHINGTON at NEW YORK.

Southern League.

MEMPHIS at NEW ORLEANS.
ATLANTA at BIRMINGHAM.
MOBILE at LITTLE ROCK.
NASHVILLE at MONTGOMERY.

Bluegrass League.

RICHMOND at WINCHESTER.
FRANKFORT at SHELBYVILLE.
LEXINGTON at PARIS.

Central League.

SOUTH BEND at ZANESVILLE.
DAYTON at TERRE HAUTE.
GRAND RAPIDS at WHEELING.
FORT WAYNE at EVANSVILLE.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburg 3, Cincinnati 2.

Cincinnati, June 28.—Timely hitting won to-day's game for Pittsburg. On two occasions the locals secured three-base hits, but were unable to score them. A fast double play with the bases full saved the day for Pittsburg in the seventh inning. Score:

Cincin.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Pittsb'g.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Bescher lf	4	1	2	0	Barbeau 3b	4	0	2	1
Oakes cf	4	0	2	0	Leach cf	3	1	5	0
Egan 2b	4	1	3	4	Clarke lf	4	2	1	0
Hoblitzell 1b	3	2	11	0	Wagner ss	4	2	2	2
Mitchell rf	4	2	2	1	Abstein 1b	3	0	9	0
Downey ss	3	1	2	3	Miller 2b	4	0	3	3
McLean c	3	1	3	3	Wilson rf	3	1	3	0
Mowrey 3b	3	0	2	1	Gibson c	4	4	2	2
Ewing p	2	0	0	1	Camnitz p	4	0	0	0
*Paskert	1	0	0	0					
Dubuc p	0	0	0	1	Totals	33	10	27	8
Totals	31	8	27	14					

*Batted for Ewing in seventh.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Cincinnati	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
Pittsburg	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3

Errors—Ewing, Wagner. Two-base Hit—Hoblitzell. Three-base Hits—Mitchell, Bescher, Gibson. Sacrifice Hits—Downey, Abstein. Double Plays—Miller and Abstein 2; Miller, Wagner and Abstein. Base on Balls—Off Ewing 3; off Dubuc 2; off Camnitz 3. Struck Out—By Ewing 2; by Camnitz 2. Wild Pitch—Ewing. Hits—Off Ewing 8 in 7 innings; off Dubuc 2 in 2 innings. Time—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Emslie and O'Day.

* * *

Philadelphia 5, Boston 3.

Boston, June 28.—Philadelphia won the first game of a scheduled double-header to-day, 5 to 3, the second one being postponed on account of a heavy shower which started toward the finish of the first game. The visitors won in the eighth, when Ward, batting for Corridon, hit safely, bringing in two runs. Score:

Philadel.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Knabe 2b	5	1	2	0	Becker rf	5	1	3	1
Grant 3b	5	0	1	2	Starr 2b	4	2	1	2
Magee lf	5	2	2	0	Bates lf	2	0	2	0
Osborne cf	5	1	2	1	Beaumont cf	4	2	1	0
Bransfield 1b	4	0	11	1	Sweeney 3b	3	0	1	5
Deininger rf	3	2	1	0	Stem 1b	4	1	14	1
Doolan ss	2	1	4	3	Coffey ss	3	1	3	4
Dooin c	4	2	3	1	Graham c	3	0	1	1
Corridon p	3	0	0	0	Tuckey p	3	1	1	2
*Ward	1	1	0	0	†Thomas	1	0	0	0
McQuillan p	0	0	1	1	Totals	32	8	27	16
Totals	37	10	27	13					

*Batted for Corridon in eighth.
†Batted for Tuckey in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	2	0	5
Boston	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3

Errors—Knabe, Grant 2, Beaumont, Sweeney 2. Two-base Hits—Coffey, Magee. Three-base Hit—Becker. Hits—Off Corridon 8 in 7 innings. Sacrifice Hits—Deininger, Bates. Sacrifice Fly—Sweeney. Stolen Bases—Magee, Osborne, Bates. Double Play—Doolan and Bransfield. Left on Bases—Philadelphia 8; Boston 8. Base on Balls—Off Corridon 2; off McQuillan 2; off Tuckey 1. Base on Errors—Boston 2; Philadelphia 1. Hit by Pitched Ball—Doolan. Struck Out—By Corridon 2; by McQuillan 1. Time—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Rigler and Truby.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit 2, Chicago 1.

Chicago, June 28.—Detroit defeated Chicago 2 to 1 in a hard-fought ten-inning game which was marked by considerable wrangling. Atz, Cobb and Schaefer were put out of the game for disputing umpires' decisions. A two-bagger by Killifer and Schmidt's single won the game for Detroit in the tenth. The fielding feature was a spectacular catch of a bunt fly by Stanage. Score:

Chicago.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Detroit.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Hahn rf	3	1	0	0	McIntyre lf	5	0	0	0
*Fiene	1	0	0	0	Bush ss	4	1	2	3
Altizer rf	0	0	0	0	Crawford cf	3	1	5	0
Welday cf-lf	5	1	2	0	Cobb rf	1	0	0	0
Isbell 1b	4	2	15	0	Jones rf	0	0	0	0
Parent lf-2b	4	0	5	2	Rossman 1b	4	1	13	1
Purtell 3b	2	0	2	0	O'Leary 3b	4	0	1	4
Tannehill ss	3	1	1	6	Schaefer 2b	1	0	3	0
Atz 2b	1	0	0	4	Killifer 2b	3	2	1	2
White cf	2	2	0	0	Stanage c	4	0	5	4
Sullivan c	3	0	5	0	Summers p	2	0	0	2
Burns p	3	0	0	1	‡Mullin	0	0	0	0
†Owens	0	0	0	0	‖Donovan	0	0	0	0
Walsh p	0	0	0	1	Speer p	0	0	0	3
Totals	31	7	30	20	¶Schmidt	1	1	0	0
					Willett p	0	0	0	0
					Totals	32	7	30	22

*Batted for Hahn in ninth.
†Batted for Burns in ninth.
‡Batted for Summers in eighth.
‖Ran for Mullin in eighth.
¶Batted for Speer in tenth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	T.
Chicago	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2

Errors—Atz, White, Rossman, Killifer, Speer. Two-base Hits—Crawford, Killifer. Hits—Off Summers 5 in 7 innings; off Speer 2 in 2 innings; off Burns 5 in 9 innings; off Walsh 2 in 1 inning. Sacrifice Hits—Cobb, Tannehill, Purtell, Isbell, Sullivan. Stolen Bases—Atz, Welday. Double Plays—Atz, Purtell, Tannehill and Sullivan; Tannehill, Isbell and Purtell; Speer, Stanage and Rossman 2. Left on Bases—Chicago 9; Detroit 5. Bases on Balls—Off Burns 4; off Summers 2; off Speer 2. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Speer, Hahn. Struck Out—By Burns 2; by Summers 5. Time—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Evans and Egan.

* * *

Boston 6, Washington 5.

Washington, June 28.—Boston made it four out of five on the series by defeating Washington to-day 6 to 5. Both sides used three pitchers each. O'Loughlin's decisions failed to please the spectators and he had to be escorted to the cars by the police. Score:

Wash.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Milan cf	4	1	4	1	McConnell 2b	5	1	1	7
Conroy 3b	4	1	0	3	Lord 3b	5	3	1	2
Unglaub rf	4	0	3	0	Hooper lf	3	1	2	0
Del'hanty 2b	4	2	1	2	Gessler rf	0	0	0	0
Donohue 1b	4	1	10	2	Thoney rf	3	0	3	0
McBride ss	3	1	2	3	Stahl 1b	4	2	13	0
Lelivelt lf	4	2	4	0	Wagner ss	4	3	2	3
Street c	4	1	1	2	Niles cf	2	0	3	0
Altrock p	3	1	2	4	Spencer c	3	1	2	1
Groom p	0	0	0	0	Wood p	3	1	0	1
Johnson p	0	0	0	0	Steele p	0	0	0	0
*B'k'nship	1	0	0	0	Arellanes p	0	0	0	0
Totals	35	10	27	16	†Wolters	1	0	0	0
					Totals	33	12	27	14

*Batted for Johnson in ninth.
†Batted for Steele in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Washington	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	5
Boston	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	6

Error—Stahl. Two-base Hits—Delehanty, Lelivelt, Lord. Three-base Hit—Wagner. Hits—Off Altrock 9 in 7 1-3 innings; off Groom 1 in 2-3 inning; off Johnson 2 in 1 inning; off Wood 7 in 7 1-3 innings; off Steele 2 in 2-3 innings; off Arellanes 1 in 1 inning. Sacrifice Hits—Conroy, McBride, Hooper, Thoney, Niles 2. Stolen Base—Lelivelt. Left on Bases—Washington 6; Boston 6. Base on Balls—Off Altrock 2; off Wood 1. Base on Errors—Washington 1. Struck Out—By Altrock 1; by Wood 2. Balk—Steele. Time—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Perrine and O'Loughlin.

* * *

New York 2, Philadelphia 1.

Philadelphia, June 28.—New York defeated Philadelphia to-day by 2 to 1. After two were out in the ninth inning New York scored two runs on Elberfeld's single, four balls to Chase, a wild pitch by Morgan and Engle's single. Score:

Philadel.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	N. Y.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Oldring lf	4	1	3	0	Cree lf	4	2	2	0
Ganley cf	3	0	1	0	Elberfeld ss	4	1	1	6
Collins 2b	4	4	2	1	Chase 1b	2	0	13	1
Murphy rf	3	0	1	0	Engle cf	4	1	4	0
Davis 1b	4	0	15	0	Demmitt rf	4	0	3	0
Baker 3b	2	0	0	3	Knight 2b	3	0	0	3
Barry ss	3	0	2	3	Austin 3b	3	0	0	5
Thomas c	3	0	3	2	Sweeney c	3	0	6	2
Morgan p	3	0	0	2	Doyle p	2	0	1	0
Totals	29	6	27	15	Manning p	0	0	0	0
					*Laporte	1	0	0	0
					Totals	29	4	27	17

*Batted for Doyle in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2

Hits—Off Doyle 5 in 8 innings; off Manning 1 in 1 inning. Three-base Hit—Collins. Sacrifice Hit—Murphy. Sacrifice Fly—Baker. Double Play—Austin, Chase and Sweeney. Stolen Base—Oldring. Struck Out—By Morgan 3; by Doyle 4. Left on Bases—Philadelphia 4; New York 3. Base on Balls—Off Morgan 3; off Doyle 1. Wild Pitch—Morgan. Time—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Kerin and Sheridan.

* * *

St. Louis 6, Cleveland 0.

St. Louis, June 28.—Steady pitching by Pelty and hard hitting by Hofman and Jones and Ferris resulted in the defeat of Cleveland to-day. Sitton was driven from the box in the third inning. Score:

St. Louis.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Cleve.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Hartzell rf	4	0	1	0	Goode rf	4	1	1	0
Hofman cf	4	2	5	0	Bradley 3b	3	0	0	2
Griggs 2b	4	1	4	1	Turner 2b	4	0	1	3
Ferris 3b	4	1	1	2	Lord lf	4	0	3	1
Wallace ss	3	1	0	3	Hinchman cf	3	0	2	0
Jones 1b	4	2	5	1	Bemis c	4	0	7	0
McAleese cf	4	2	4	0	Stovall 1b	4	2	9	0
Criger c	3	0	7	0	Ball ss	4	0	1	0
Pelty p	3	0	0	1	Sitton p	1	0	0	0
Totals	33	9	27	8	Falkenberg p	2	0	0	4
					*Perring	1	0	0	0
					Totals	34	3	24	10

*Batted for Falkenberg in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
St. Louis	3	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	*	6
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Errors—Griggs 2, Ferris 3, Bemis. Three-base Hits—Jones, Ferris. Sacrifice Hit—Bradley. Stolen Base—Griggs. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Pelty, Goode. Base on Balls—Off Pelty 2; off Falkenberg 1; off Sitton 1. Struck Out—By Pelty 6; by Falkenberg 4; by Sitton 2. Hits—Off Sitton 5 in 2 1-3 innings; off Falkenberg 4 in 5 2-3 innings. Left on Bases—St. Louis 5; Cleveland 11. Time—One hour and forty-six minutes. Umpires—Hurst and Connolly.



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BLUEGRASS LEAGUE.

Winchester 1, Richmond 0.

Winchester, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—In one of the prettiest games ever seen on the local diamond, the Hustlers defeated the Richmond Pioneers this afternoon. All the regular catchers for Winchester are crippled and Outfielder Ellis was placed behind the bat, where he played a perfect game. Both Chapman and Comstock played fine ball and both received brilliant support. The visitors were never dangerous and failed to score. The only score made by Winchester was in the fifth, when Steele was hit by the pitcher, Goostree sacrificed him to second and Barney sent him to third and he scored on Campbell's two-base hit. One of the features was a long hit good for three bases by Schmidt. Dawson, of the visitors, was sent to the bench by Umpire Wilson for disputing a decision. Batteries—For Winchester, Chapman and Ellis; for Richmond, Comstock and Thoss. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Richmond	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1
Winchester	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	6	3

Two-base Hit—Campbell. Three-base Hit—Schmidt. First Base on Balls—Off Chapman 1; off Comstock 2. Struck Out—By Chapman 6; by Comstock 1. Left on Bases—Richmond 5; Winchester 5. Hit by Pitcher—By Comstock 1. Umpire—Wilson. Time of Game—One hour and twenty minutes. Attendance—400.

"RED" BOHANNON TO MANAGE FRANKFORT TEAM.

Frankfort, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Blackburn Bohannon, known the baseball world over as "Red," is now the captain and manager of the Frankfort ball team. For the remainder of the season the destinies of the club are in his hands, and he is going to work like a Turk to land the pennant again on top of the tall flagpole at Glenwood Park.

The appointment of Bohannon as manager, with absolute control of the team, was made at a meeting of the directors last night, when Ben Marshall, who has been acting as manager, requested that someone else be named to fill the place, since he is soon to leave with Mrs. Marshall for an extended trip through the West. It was then and there decided that "Red" Bohannon was the man for the place, so "Red" was called in and accepted the position offered him. President Brislan told him that, having entire confidence in his judgment of players as a player of the first-class himself, the directors thought it best to turn over absolute control of the team, its make-up and line-up, to him. He will be in complete charge of the men, will sign new players as he thinks they are needed and will release those who are no longer needed. Mr. Bohannon said to-day:

"Of course, I don't say that we will win the pennant, for it's a pretty hard proposition to tackle, and I'm not going to make any rash or exaggerated promises at the start. I will say this, however, that the team that does win the pennant is going to have to whip Frankfort to get the rag. We are going to get some ginger in our men right from the start now. There may have to be a few changes. I can't tell yet. Nobody is going to be released right now. What we want is a winning team and men that play winning ball. The boys are all in good condition and are in fine spirits. There is not the slightest dissension among them. All are willing to go their limit to have Frankfort win, and that's the spirit we want. The boys understand that they can't play winning ball and hit the 'can' all night with three or four beers in the morning, and there's going to be no trouble on that score. The Frankfort team is composed of as gentlemanly a set of ballplayers as ever assembled to represent a city, and I believe the people will be satisfied with the results that they will get. Watch us, we are going after that pennant now."

"Red" will be back in the game himself next Sunday. His injured finger is about well, but he intends taking no chances and will wait until it has completely recovered. George Yantz got back to town this morning and will play regularly with the team.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Birmingham 3—8, Atlanta 2—2.

Birmingham, Ala., June 28.—Birmingham won two games from Atlanta this afternoon, neither requiring a great amount of trouble. In the first Dickson and Atkins were about evenly matched, though with perfect support the Atlantas could not have scored. In the second Rogers was easy for Birmingham, while Fleharty could not be hit when runs would have counted. The indifferent work of Catcher Smith, of Atlanta, had much to do with Birmingham scoring three runs in the first inning of the second game. Score:

FIRST GAME.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T
Birmingham	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	*	3
Atlanta	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2

Two-base Hit—Jordan. Sacrifice Hit—Bowen. Stolen Bases—Molesworth, Bayless. Struck Out—By Dickson 3, by Atkins 7. Bases on Balls—Off Dickson 1, off Atkins 2. Hit by Pitched Ball—Gygli. Time of Game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpire—Fitzsimmons.

SECOND GAME.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T
Birmingham	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	3	*	8
Atlanta	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2

Two-base Hits—Molesworth 3, Raftis, Newton. Three-base Hits—Raub, Bayless. Sacrifice Hits—Bowen 2, Gygli. Stolen Bases — Newton, Molesworth, Raftis, Raub 2. Struck Out—By Fleharty 4, by Rogers 5. Hit by Pitched Ball—Winters. Double Play—McGilvray to Raub. Time of Game—Two hours. Umpire—Fitzsimmons.

* * *

Nashville 4, Montgomery 4.

Montgomery, Ala., June 28.—Nashville and Montgomery played a fifteen-inning tie game here to-day. Montgomery played errorless ball. The two shortstops accepted twenty-one chances without an error. Thomas pitched a great game of ball, giving but nine hits in fifteen innings. Inasmuch as Rockenfield missed the train in Birmingham while trying to get something to eat, a general shakeup was made in the Montgomery team. Wiseman, Greminger and East led the batting. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	T
Nashville	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Montgomery	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4

Stolen Bases—Whiteman, Duggan. Innings Pitched—By Kellum 7, by Duggan 8. Double Play—Butler to East to Robertson. Sacrifice Hit—Wiseman. Bases on Balls—Off Thomas 2, off Kellum 5, off Duggan 0. Hit by Pitcher—By Kellum, Daley; by Thomas, Bay. Left on Bases—Montgomery 8, Nashville 5. Struck Out—By Thomas 4, by Kellum 4, by Duggan 3. Time of Game—Two hours and forty-five minutes. Umpires — Rudderham and O'Brien.

* * *

Memphis 4, New Orleans 0.

New Orleans, June 28.—Memphis outplayed New Orleans to-day and won by a score of 4 to 0, errors by Pitcher Maxwell being responsible for the first and what proved to be the winning run. Schwenck kept hits well scattered and though a trifle wild was given faultless fielding support and the locals were never able to secure a run. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T
Memphis	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	4
New Orleans	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Two-base Hit—Lindsay. Three-base Hit—Welmer. Stolen Bases—Cranston, Baerwald. Sacrifice Hits—Coulson, Baerwald. Struck Out—By Maxwell 6, by Schwenck 2. Bases on Balls—Off Maxwell 2, off Schwenck 4. Hit by Pitcher—By Schwenck, Huelsman. Time of Game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Carpenter and Pfenninger.

* * *

Little Rock 6, Mobile 0.

Little Rock, Ark., June 28.—Up to the eighth inning Mobile had made but one scratch hit off Buchanan, who was in great form. They added three more before the game ended, but could not score, while Little Rock hit Hickman hard at opportune times and scored six runs. Ludwig was taken ill in the first inning and this necessitated a general switch in the Mobile team, Neighbors finishing the game behind the bat. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T
Little Rock	1	0	3	0	0	0	1	1	*	6
Mobile	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Two-base Hits—Carey, McCay. Sacrifice Hit—Perry. Stolen Bases—Cocash, Sentz 3, Boucher. Bases on Balls—Off Hickman. Struck Out—By Buchanan 2, by Hickman 2. Hit by Pitched Ball—Wheat. Passed Ball—Neighbors. Time of Game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpire—Moran.

United States recruiting statistics show absolutely no duplicates in physiques. Never in all the examinations made for our armies have *two* men been found *who measured alike.* It is because all men are *different* that each man must be *tailored* differently, and only the *good merchant tailor* is equipped to make you a *good* suit.

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CENTRAL LEAGUE RESULTS

Wheeling, W. Va., June 28.—An error by Noblett in right field and timely hitting gave Wheeling the game against Grand Rapids to-day, 2 to 1. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Grand Rapids	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	1
Wheeling	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	*	2	5	1

Batteries—Humphreys and Clark; Phillips and Stratton.

Evansville, Ind., June 28.—Spangler's error in the third was the cause of Fort Wayne's three runs, the Waynes annexing one more in the sixth and winning, 4 to 0. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Evansville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	1
Fort Wayne	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	9	1

Batteries—Doty and Grefe; Robertson and Clark.

Terre Haute, Ind., June 28.—Dayton dropped the opener to Terre Haute to-day, 2 to 0. Both Yingling and Bemis pitched good ball. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R.	H.	E.
Dayton	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	1
Terre Haute	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	*	2	4	1

Batteries—Yingling and Pearce; Bemis and Goes.

At Denver.—

	R.	H.	E.
Sioux City	4	9	2
Denver	6	9	0

Batteries—Freeman and Towne; Olmstead and McCausland. (Eight innings.)

Zanesville, O., June 28.—South Bend-Zanesville game postponed; rain.

WESTERN LEAGUE RESULTS.

At Wichita—Omaha 3; Wichita 7. Batteries—Sanders, Lower and Cadman; Brennan and Weaver.

At Topeka—Des Moines 2; Topeka 5. Batteries—Biersdorfer and Kerner; Hendrix and McManus.

At Pueblo—Lincoln 6; Pueblo 2. Batteries—Jones and Sullivan; Bonne, Jackson and Mitze.

South Atlantic League Results.

At Augusta—Augusta 4; Macon 1.
At Jacksonville—Savannah 9; Jacksonville 1.
At Columbus—Columbia 1; Columbus 3.
At Charleston—Chattanooga 2; Charleston 0.

Eastern League Results.

At Providence—Providence 5, Jersey City 1.
At Newark—Baltimore 5, Newark 1.
At Montreal—Montreal 3, Toronto 1.

Carolina Association Results.

At Winston-Salem — Spartanburg-Winston-Salem; rain.
At Anderson—Charlotte 3, Anderson 0.
At Greensboro—Greensboro 3, Greenville 7.

Texas League Results.

At Galveston.—Oklahoma City 2; Galveston 1.
At Houston.—Houston 7; Dallas 2.
At Waco.—Waco 14; Shreveport 5.
At San Antonio.—San Antonio 4; Fort Worth 3.

Arkansas League Results.

At Hot Springs—Fort Smith 4; Hot Springs 3.
At Texarkana—Jonesboro 2; Texarkana 0.
At Monroe—Monroe 3; Helena 2.

Virginia League Results.

At Lynchburg—Lynchburg 10; Norfolk 1.
At Roanoke—Roanoke 2; Richmond 4.
At Portsmouth—Danville 2; Portsmouth 0.

THE KNOXVILLE FANS BADLY WANT BALL TEAM.

Knoxville, June 28.—President Jones, of the South Atlantic League, spent the day here conferring with President Harvey, of the street railway company, and other persons interested in transferring a South Atlantic franchise here. President Jones left with a proposition which, it is understood, he will accept. He went this afternoon to Macon to put the matter up finally to that town, and if they do not make certain concessions the team will be transferred here and the season opened Saturday or Monday. If the Macon franchise is not brought here it is likely the Charleston club will be transferred. President Jones looked at the park offered free by the street railway company and was much pleased with it. He promised a final answer Wednesday. There is plenty of local money to back the team.

GUS DUNDON TO PLAY WITH EVANSVILLE.

Evansville, Ind., June 28.—The Evansville Centarl League team to-night bought Second-baseman Gus Dundon, formerly of the Chicago White Sox, from the New Orleans Southern League team. Dundon will arrive Tuesday.

West Baden Team Wins Again.

West Baden, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—West Baden again won in a walk from French Lick to-day by a score of 9 to 0, Pierce hitting a home run in the first inning. Batteries—Daughterty, Lyons and Pierce; Watkins, Miller and Wadsen.

Hevella Wins Emperor's Cup.

Kiel, June 28.—The third Sonderklasse race was sailed to-day in very unfavorable weather. There was little wind and considerable rain. The Emperor was present at the start, and the Princes were again at the rudders of their yachts. The Crown Prince sailed Angela IV.; Prince Eitel was in command of Elizabeth III.; Prince Adalbert, Jeck, and Prince Henry, Tilly XII.

Hevella, which won the second Sonderklasse race, was again a victor to-day, and thus captured the Emperor's cup and the Armour cup, although the fourth race is yet to be contested. The Crown Prince's Angela IV. was second and Seehund II. was third. The Hevella is owned by O. Protzen and Dr. Rackenius. Tilly X., owned by C. V. Krogmann, came in eighth, winning the Crown Prince's cup. The final in the Sonderklasse will be sailed Thursday.

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Motorboat Regatta At Maysville.

Maysville, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—One of the principal features of the motorboat regatta which is to be held here on Monday, July 5, will be the race between the Br'er Fox and the Idlewild, of Cincinnati. These boats are acknowledged to be the fastest motorboats on the Ohio River. The Br'er Fox has a record of 29.08 miles an hour, while the owners of the Idlewild claim she can make thirty miles an hour or better. This will be the first time these two boats have ever met in a contest, and the outcome will be watched with interest by motorboat owners and enthusiasts.

The two boats will arrive here on Sunday, July 4, and go over the course mapped out by the committee and study every point of vantage.

Immediately after the race the Br'er Fox will proceed to Pittsburg by easy stages, from which place she will return in a race against time to Cincinnati. Her owners claim she can make the trip in fifteen hours, and they expect her to average thirty miles an hour. The distance between Pittsburg and Cincinnati is 466½ miles. Rivermen will watch with interest the outcome of Br'er Fox's race against time.

There will be three other motorboat races on that day, as well as swimming, diving and rowing contests. The entries are coming in very fast for each class, and the first regatta held under the auspices of the Maysville Boat Club is an assured success. At night there will be a gorgeous display of fireworks to wind up the day's sport. Through the enterprise of Maysville business men all the funds have been subscribed to make the affair a success and everything will be free.

"BEFORE-THE-WAR" PRICES FOR COTTON.

Houston, Tex., June 28.—"Before-the-war" prices were revived on the floor of the Cotton Exchange to-day, when the first bale of this season's cotton sold at auction at $425. The bale came from Mercedes, Hidalgo county, and weighed 368 pounds. This bale arrived on the floor of the exchange only two minutes before the bale from Falfurrias. The first bale received last year arrived on June 20.

EASY VICTORY FOR COLONELS

Kansas City Batsmen Unable To Connect With Selby's Curves.

WILDNESS RESULTS IN RUNS.

Peitz's Men Bunch Their Safe Drives With Errors of the Blues In Sixth Inning.

MILLERS AND BREWERS TIE.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 28.—[Special.]—The Colonels got an even break on the series by taking the Blues into camp to-day by the score of 5 to 2. It was the same old story. The home players simply could not do business with Selby's wares when hits would have counted runs. Selby's victory to-day was his fourth out of five games against Beckley's club. The former Topekan was wild, issuing six bases on balls, two of which developed into the only Blue runs. Essick held the Kentuckians well in hand until the sixth, when three hits were mingled with three Blue errors and a base on balls, which resulted in four runs. They added another in the ninth for good measure.

The Blues counted one in the third. Carlisle got on first by forcing Essick, who had walked. At this stage Carlisle evidently got the hit and run sign, for he started for second when Selby slipped the ball. Shannon failed to hit and Hughes' peg was waiting for Carlisle. Shannon then walked. Beckley planted a long two-base wallop to the right field fence and Shannon biked home all the way from first. Essick held the Colonels to one hit until the sixth inning, when the Peitz gang tore things up. With one out, Selby walked. Thielman poled his second single. Woodruff rapped another into the small lake in right field and Selby romped home with the tying run. Tate hit to Hetling, who made a low throw to first, Tate being safe and Thielman scoring. Love knocked down Olson's infield hit with his bare hand and made a weird throw to third to catch Woodruff. "Woody" hiked on home, Tate advancing to third. Sullivan hit to Love, who threw Olson out at home. Reilly grounded out.

Kansas City's last tally came in the seventh. Boles opened with a walk and Ritter got another. Essick fanned. Carlisle flied to Tate, Boles advancing to third on the out. Shannon's single past third scored Boles. The best Beckley had was a pop-up to Quinlan.

The Colonels picked up their fifth register in the ninth. Reilly dropped a fine hit into left as a starter. Quinlan's well-placed sacrifice bunt sent him to second and a steal placed him on third. Hughes hit a single into right and Reilly came home. Selby grounded and Thielman flied to Carlisle.

The Blues got two men on bases with one out in the eighth, but a neat double queered their chances. With one out, Brashear doubled to center. Love walked, but Boles hit to Selby and was doubled up with Love. With one out in the ninth, Hallman, batting for Essick, pounded out a two-base wallop to the right field fence, but Selby was equal to the emergency. Carlisle grounded out to Sullivan and Shannon set a short fly into Woodruff's hands. The score:

K. City.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	L'sville.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Carlisle lf	5	2	1	0	Thielman cf	5	2	2	0
Shannon cf	5	1	1	0	Woodruff lf	4	1	3	0
Beckley 1b	4	1	13	0	Tate rf	4	0	2	0
Hetling 3b	4	0	2	4	Olson 2b	4	0	3	3
Brashear 2b	3	1	0	3	Sullivan 1b	4	0	9	0
Love ss	3	0	2	6	Reilly 3b	4	1	2	3
Boles rf	3	1	0	0	Quinlan ss	3	1	4	1
Ritter c	3	0	5	0	Hughes c	3	1	2	2
Essick p	2	0	0	2	Selby p	3	1	0	4
*Hallman	1	1	0	0					
Totals	31	7	27	15	Totals	34	7	27	13

*Batted for Essick in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Kansas City	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	5

Errors—Hetling, Love, Quinlan. Two-base Hits—Hallman, Brashear, Beckley. Left on Bases—Kansas City 9; Louisville 4. Base on Errors—Kansas City 1; Louisville 1. Sacrifice Hits—Shannon, Quinlan, Hughes. Stolen Bases—Ritter 2, Reilley, Sullivan, Olson. Double Play—Selby, Olson and Sullivan. Struck Out—By Essick 4; by Selby 2. Base on Balls—Off Essick 1; off Selby 6. Time—One hour and forty-six minutes. Umpires—Hayes and King.

* * *

CHAT OF THE GAME.

The Colonels proved to be the best mudders in their last game with the Blues at Kansas City.

* * *

Leader Peitz and his players move to Milwaukee, where to-day they begin a series of four games with McCloskey's Brewers.

* * *

The Colonels are now finishing the remaining games to be played on the present trip. They will be home on July 3 and start a series of thirteen contests. After this they leave for a four-days stay at Indianapolis, which ends on July 18. Peitz and his teammates then return home to play eighteen games with the clubs from the West.

* * *

The Columbus Senators tackle the Minneapolis Millers to-day, while the Toledo Mudhens clash with the St. Paul Saints and Indianapolis Browns battle with the Kansas City Blues.

* * *

If the Colonels are able to do any good with the Brewers they will not be far from the front row, as Peitz and his men will be benefited somewhat while the Millers and Senators are clawing each other.

* * *

"Skeeters" Dunleavy, on account of a sprained wrist, will probably be out of the game for several days. This places two of the locals' outergardeners on the crippled list. It is fortunate that Thielman is on hand, as he is a capable outfielder and ought to be retained at one of the outposts.

* * *

The Brewers by losing to the Hoosiers yesterday after a ten-inning struggle, are in danger of relinquishing their hold on first place. The Millers are now tied with them for the top position.

* * *

The Hoosiers yesterday pushed four runs over the plate in the tenth inning against the Brewers.

* * *

The Colonels, by their victory yesterday over the Blues, crawled within two games of the leaders.

* * *

If the locals succeed in breaking even with the Brewers they will reach home within easy reach of first place.

* * *

Tate and Thielman will take care of the outfield until Dunleavy and Delehanty are able to play.

* * *

Manager Fred Lake, of the Boston Red Sox, says that one year from now he will have the best team in the American League. According to his reasoning the Red Sox are going to be just about again as strong in another year as they are now.

* * *

Jimmy Slagle will, according to the commission, have to return $155 which he received from President Murphy of the Cubs, and to which he believed he was entitled in the terms of his contract.

* * *

McGraw must be saving Matthewson for some hard work later in the season. Of late Muggsy has started Matty, but after the Giants have had a safe lead some other twirler has been sent in for practice.

* * *

William Purtell, who is playing third base for the White Sox, is the son of Patrick Purtell, whom veterans of the late sixties and seventies will remember as a star player. William has a brother, Mark, in the game, and the latter is playing with the Decatur, Ill., team at present.

* * *

Manager Hugh Jennings, of the Tigers, is planning a trip to Ireland after the close of the season. He has promised to take along some of his best performers if they will win the world's championship for him.

* * *

Comiskey has practically given up hope of landing Rossman, of the Tigers. Claude has improved considerably since waivers were asked, and now Jennings won't let him go to a rival.

* * *

McAleer's players declare that Criss is the champion "sky-denter" of the world. They say that several balls hit by Criss have come down covered with snow.

* * *

Harry Gessler's removal as captain of the Boston Red Sox wasn't entirely unexpected. "Brownie" is a good mechanical ball player, but no leader. He has been known to forget how many men were out in an inning.

* * *

Third baseman "Bill" Bradley, of Cleveland, has begun to make those line drives that characterized his hitting several years ago.

* * *

If the teams of either major league were bunched as those in the American Association are the bugs of the big towns would never have lucid intervals. Milwaukee is still leading and is followed by four teams which are .500 or better in the standings.

* * *

Rumor has it that Charley Comiskey is very anxious to land "Doc" Gessler for the Sox. Boston seems willing to make a deal if "Commy" will turn over Burns, White or Smith. This trio of slabbers is well-liked, and there doesn't seem to be much of a chance for such a trade going through.

* * *

They do not know what to think of Amos Strunk in Milwaukee. The critics are afraid he is going beyond his speed and that when he blows the noise will be awful. He is surely playing wonderful ball. Bill Armour thinks that he will keep it up. At present the newcomer is a big hero in the foamy town.

* * *

They pull off stunts in the National League that would not be allowed in this company. They have a habit of calling off ball games on the slightest pretext, in order to work in double-headers. The other day the Cubs called off their game with the Reds, because of a dark cloud, in order to have a bargain matinee to offset the Sox-Tiger combat at Chicago on Sunday.

* * *

They say in Indianapolis that Jimmy Burke is not very popular with Charley Carr these days. Jimmy, it is said, has disobeyed the leader several times, and now adorns the bench for that reason. Jimmy likes the hit-and-run, and also favors the idea of crossing the opposition, systems from which Carr backs away.

* * *

Roger Bresnahan is the most popular man in St. Louis, according to reports which come from the Mound City. "Last season," says Jim McAleer, manager of the St. Louis Browns, "the Cardinals, on Sundays, used to get our overflow. Now we get theirs, Bresnahan having made a National League city out of St. Louis. The Cardinals have outdrawn the Browns thus far and I guess they'll continue to do so unless my men brace up and start a general survival of the fittest. I have got over the habit of disseminating hard luck tales, but I sure have been up against it in this campaign. First, Harry Howell hurt his arm making a long throw while we were training in Texas. Then every one of my outfielders took a trip to the hospital—Schweitzer with a twisted knee and Stone and Hoffman with strained ankles. I can't expect to put my team in the first division with my fastest men on the disabled list."

* * *

There are still several club owners in the National League who think that the proper way to pay the running expenses of the organization is to assess the first division teams more than the second division clubs. Now the National League is getting a 5 per cent. rake-off on the receipts of every game. If too much money is collected the balance will be returned to the various clubs at the end of the year. The original scheme was to make the pennant-winning club cough up 20 per cent. of the running expenses of the organization, the runner-up 15 per cent. and the third and fourth clubs 10. The other teams were to kick in with 5 per cent. The last time the National League clubs had an assessment on the gate receipts was when they were helping New York to pay the rental of Manhattan Field.

* * *

Indianapolis 8, Milwaukee 4.

Milwaukee, June 28.—Indianapolis won an exciting game in the eleventh inning to-day by pounding Wacker for three hits, one of them a double. These safeties and McGann's muff of an easy fly gave the visitors four runs and the game, 8 to 4. Graham started on the rubber for the visitors, but retired in the eighth in favor of Cheney, who held the locals runless in the four rounds he worked. Score:

Milwau.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Indianap.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Strunk cf	5	1	4	0	Williams 2b	5	1	3	2
Barrett lf	5	0	2	0	Davidson cf	4	1	2	0
McGann 1b	4	1	16	1	McChesney lf	4	1	2	0
Randall rf	1	0	0	1	Carr 1b	5	1	11	3
Barry rf	3	0	1	0	Hayden rf	4	1	1	0
Clark 3b	3	1	0	3	Howley c	5	2	5	2
Robinson ss	4	1	3	6	Cross ss	4	2	5	5
McCor'k 2b	5	1	3	4	Hopke 3b	5	0	1	4
Hostetter c	3	1	4	1	Graham p	3	0	3	0
Wacker p	4	0	0	3	Cheney p	1	0	0	0
Totals	37	6	33	19	Totals	40	9	33	17

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	T.
Milwaukee	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	4
Indianapolis	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	8

Errors—McGann, Randall, Clark, Wacker, Williams, Hopke. Two-base Hits—Strunk, Howley. Home Run—Hostetter, Clark, McChesney. Hits—Off Graham 4 in 7 innings; off Cheney 2 in 4 innings. Sacrifice Hits—Davidson, McChesney. Stolen Bases—Davidson, McGann. Double Play—Cross and Williams. Left on Bases—Milwaukee 6; Indianapolis 2. Base on Balls—Wacker 2; Graham 4; Cheney 2. Struck Out—By Wacker 2; by Graham 3; by Cheney 1. Passed Ball—Howley. Time—Two hours. Umpires—Sullivan and Conahan.

* * *

Columbus 2, St. Paul 0.

St. Paul, June 28.—Columbus won the last game of the series from St. Paul by scoring the only two runs of the game in the sixth inning on three singles and a double. Link held St. Paul safely at all times. Score:

St. Paul.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Columbus.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Hall 1b	4	1	6	1	Upp lf	4	0	5	0
Liese cf	3	0	1	0	O'Rourke 2b	4	2	3	5
Ar'b'uster rf	3	1	1	0	Kruger cf	4	2	4	0
Davis rf	0	0	0	0	Congalton rf	4	3	2	0
Murray lf	3	2	0	0	Odwell 1b	4	2	6	1
O'Brien ss	4	0	5	3	Moriarity ss	4	0	2	1
Cockman 3b	4	0	1	0	James c	4	1	4	1
Wrigley 2b	3	0	5	3	Friel 3b	4	2	1	1
Yeager c	1	0	5	6	Link p	3	0	0	1
Carisch c	0	0	1	0					
Gehring p	2	0	2	0	Totals	35	12	27	10
*Flynn	1	0	0	0					
†Karger	1	0	0	0					
Totals	29	4	27	13					

*Batted for Armbruster in eighth.
†Batted for Wrigley in ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
St. Paul	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Columbus	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2

Error—O'Brien. Two-base Hits—Murray, Congalton. Stolen Bases—Kruger 2. Double Play—O'Rourke and Moriarity. Base on Balls—Off Link 4. Hit by Pitched Ball—Gehring. Struck Out—By Gehring 7; by Link 4. Passed Ball—Yeager. Sacrifice Hit—Murray. Left on Bases—St. Paul 6; Columbus 5. Time—Two hours. Umpire—Eckman.

* * *

Minneapolis 7, Toledo 1.

Minneapolis, June 28.—Minneapolis took the last of the Toledo series by batting both pitchers hard, and climbed into a tie with Milwaukee for the Association lead by reason of Milwaukee's defeat. The score was 7 to 1. Columbus and Minneapolis play a double-header to-morrow. Score:

Minneap.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Toledo.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Oyler ss	3	0	4	4	Nally rf	4	2	3	1
Quillen rf	3	2	1	0	Hinchman 2b	4	0	2	3
Downs 2b	4	2	2	3	Smoot cf	4	1	2	0
O'Neill cf	3	2	3	0	Hickman lf	4	1	3	0
Cravath lf	4	0	1	0	Freeman 1b	4	2	9	0
Gill 1b	3	2	11	1	Abbott c	4	0	5	1
Collins 3b	4	1	0	3	Nill ss	4	0	3	2
Block c	3	1	4	1	Elwert 3b	4	2	0	2
Olmstead p	4	2	1	1	Robinson p	2	0	0	2
Totals	31	12	27	13	West p	1	0	0	0
					*Land	1	0	0	0
					Totals	36	8	24	11

*Batted for West in the ninth.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.
Minneapolis	1	1	1	0	2	2	0	0	*	7
Toledo	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1

Errors—Oyler 2, Nally, Robinson. Two-base Hit—Freeman. Stolen Bases—Gill 3, Quillen. Sacrifice Hits—Oyler, Block. Sacrifice Fly—O'Neill. Double Plays—Elwert, Hinchman and Freeman; Freeman (unassisted); Hinchman and Nill. Left on Bases—Minneapolis 5; Toledo 8. Hits—Off Robinson 8 in 4 1-3 innings; off West 4 in 3 2-3 innings. Base on Balls—Off Robinson 2. Struck Out—By Olmstead 3; by West 1. Wild Pitch—West. Passed Ball—Abbott. Time—One hour and forty minutes. Umpire—Owens.

AVERAGE FAN KNOWS LITTLE

Rooters Criticise Freely, But Few Understand Baseball Complications.

MUCH DEPENDS ON BACKSTOP.

Captaincy of Team To-day Virtually An Empty Honor As Manager Directs Players.

INFIELD MUST GIVE SIGNS.

IF the average fan could realize how little he really knows of baseball he might be less prone to criticism.

There is nothing more refreshing to a student of the game than to sit through some pleasant afternoon in a hotbed of fans in stand or bleachers and hear the quips handed out on the play as these spectators see it.

Of course, the fan pays his good money to nourish the sport; then who has a better right than he to all his views?

While the layman doubtless is aware of the fact that baseball of to-day embraces far more than is shown on the surface, few, very few, realize the intricate complications of "inside" baseball. Far too often are such epithets as "bonehead," "lob," "ivory skull," and the like applied to the wrong party. The game is progressing with the times. The team manager of to-day is the one supreme power on whose judgment almost solely depends success or disappointment.

The captaincy of a baseball club of to-day is but a hollow honor. Indeed, there is virtually no such office except in case of a strictly bench manager, such as Mike Kelly, Mike Cantillon or John McCloskey. In the latter cases a field captain is essential, only so far as handling the umpires, the batting list and in advising officials of changes that may be made from time to time.

* * *

Offensively, the manager directs play, defensively, the team, if it works harmoniously, decides its strategies on the spur of the moment; this is, so far as accepting chances is concerned. The fielders concerned always try, but the one who is absolutely sure of the play calls for the chance, and is invariably allowed to stand or fall on his own judgment.

Naturally the position of the catcher gives him best command of all the situations that arise. He faces his other teammates and can keep strict tab on the bases. If a baserunner stray too far from his station, the catcher flashes the intelligence to both pitcher and infielder concerned. The fielder is ready for the throw when the pitcher wheels quickly to let the ball go. And if the baserunner is not equally alert he is caught napping.

The catcher signals the pitcher the nature of every ball he is to serve the batter. Sometimes the pitcher will not agree with his battery mate on the point. Then the backstop signals for different kinds of balls until he hits upon one the pitcher thinks will do the trick—that is, of course, if he has faith in the twirler's judgment.

* * *

But not alone the catcher profits by the sign language of the battery. The hawk-eyed infielders and outfielders must be familiar with every sort of ball delivered. Both infielders and outfielders have to play differently on a fast straight one to what they could on a curve. That is why one may often notice the gardeners shift their positions frequently while the same man is at the bat. The centerfielder can see the signal, and he tips off his fellow-gardeners. The second baseman and shortstop flash the third and first baseman if these are unable to see for themselves.

Of course, the catcher has to be guarded in his work. He must have several sets of signals at his command with which everyone is familiar. Otherwise a brainy opponent on second would get on to those signs and in turn tip off the various offerings to the man at bat. A catcher cannot use the same sign twice before a rival. Then, too, he must guard against the batsmen peeking back to catch his code. That is why the backstop stoops in calling for balls. He covers the hands, which are used entirely for battery signals, with his gloves and his legs. By crouching he shuts out all possible vision of the batsman.

Of course, battery signals are but one phase of the situation. That is the defensive side, or, rather, but part of it. Infielders often tip off catchers on chances to nail baserunners. But the infielders, in turn, profit in knowing what is to be delivered by being able to "lay" for the batsman.

For example, the sort of ball thrown determines whether the second baseman or shortstop shall cover the bag in case of an attempt to steal by a baserunner. The same tells the inner defense, in case a bunt is anticipated, the direction in which the ball is likely to go. Then the second baseman or shortstop is ready to cover first or third, as the case may be, while the first baseman or third baseman goes in for the ball.

MUCH INTEREST IN THE ATHLETIC MEET

Boys Are Working Hard To Make Covenanter's Games a Big Success.

ALTHOUGH the Covenanters' big athletic meet which was scheduled to be held last Saturday was postponed on account of rain, all of the contesting athletes had assembled at the park prior to the storm and were in readiness to compete. When the management finally made the announcement that the meet would have to be postponed on account of the rain and mud, it was a great disappointment to the boys, for they were all on edge. Practically all of them, however, immediately seized upon the opportunity of getting in the few minutes that elapsed before the rain began coming down too hard to permit of any further work, Manual Park presented a scene of busiest activity.

The few spectators who had braved the impending storm were treated to a few interesting contests as some of the rival runners would encounter each other and let out for a half lap or so in an attempt to test their opponent's mettle. The hurdlers, high jumpers, broad jumpers, and weight men were also busy and some pretty exhibitions were given along these lines. In fact a majority of the spectators became so interested that they stuck to their posts until the athletes themselves were driven to cover by the downpour, and then they reluctantly left with the declaration that they would not miss the meet next Saturday for many times the price of admission.

All of the contestants are now showing up in fine shape and with the week's hard training that they will take they should be in the pink of condition by next Saturday. A gentleman who has witnessed every athletic competition in Louisville for the last fifteen years, and whose word is recognized as authority in sporting circles, remarked as he came away from the park last Saturday that he had not seen such a promising bunch of young athletes gathered together in a long time as were in evidence at the park that afternoon, and that he believed that if the people of Louisville patronized this meet as they should it would give an impetus to amateur athletics in this city that would do much to revive it and put it in a flourishing condition. The track is in such good condition that a light shower will make no impression on it, so unless the track is deluged with rain next Saturday it is certain that the meet will be held.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS REPORTED YESTERDAY.

Activity In Market Shown By Deeds Recorded At Courthouse.

Sol Blum to Rebecca Blum, 60 feet east side Fourth north of Lee	$ 1 00
O. G. Holt to G. H. Harrison, lot in Jacob Addition	300 00
G. B. Smith to Maggie Smith, 30 feet west side Seventeenth south of Portland	1 00
John Harding to B. F. Fitch, 2 lots in Parkland	1 00
J. P. Cummings to Jennie Helms, 30 feet northeast corner Broadway and Twenty-first	1 00
O. G. Holt to Courtenay Land Company, 120 feet northeast corner of Twenty-sixth and Howard	2,980 00
Same to C. C. Holstner, 50 feet northeast corner of Twenty-sixth and First, alley north of Howard	1,525 00
William Krupp to J. W. Gilmore, 50 acres	1 00
William Hopkins to J. D. O'Leary, 27 feet east side of Twen-fourth north of Kentucky	1 00
Edith Lampton to M. C. Eady, 20 feet northwest corner of Lampton and Clay	1 00
Mack Childers to Bettie Childers, interest in 30 feet east side Sixth south of N	1 00
J. P. Crowe to Sallie Bent, 60 feet north side of Sixth	1 00
G. J. Long to F. J. Marcus, 25 feet south side Broadway east of Fifteenth	1 00
George Kitzero to Amelia Rassinier, 30 feet northeast side side Ash street	1,100 00

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation during the twenty-four hours ended June 28 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Temp.	Pre.	Stations.	Temp.	Pre.
Abilene	94	.00	Marquette	64	.00
Amarillo	90	.00	Memphis	88	.60
Atlanta	88	.76	Modena	86	.00
Bismarck	98	.00	Montgomery	92	.00
Cairo	92	.34	Nashville	92	.00
Cincinnati	90	.00	New Orleans	82	.58
Charlotte	88	T.	New York	86	.06
Chattanooga	88	.00	North Platte	94	.00
Chicago	82	.00	Oklahoma	94	.00
Cor. Christi	92	.00	Omaha	86	.72
Davenport	86	.00	Palestine	94	.00
Dodge City	94	.00	Pittsburg	84	.28
El Paso	94	.00	San Antonio	100	.00
Fort Smith	94	.00	Shreveport	94	.00
Galveston	90	.12	St. Louis	90	.00
Indianapolis	88	.00	St. Paul	88	.00
Jacksonville	88	T.	Vicksburg	90	.00
Kansas City	82	.08	Washington	92	.01
Little Rock	92	.00			

T.—Trace rainfall.

Local Forecast—Partly cloudy and continued warm weather, with conditions favorable for local thunderstorms Tuesday and probably Wednesday.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, June 28, 1909.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.04	29.98
Temperature	78	85
Dew point	69	73
Relative humidity	76	68
Wind velocity	6	3
State of weather	Clear	Pt. cloudy

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.

[Official.] Louisville, June 28, 1909.

Maximum temperature	88
Minimum temperature	73
Mean temperature	80
Normal temperature	77
Departure for day	+3
Departure for month	+50
Departure since March 1	+25
Prevailing winds	Southwest
Mean barometer	30.01
Mean relative humidity	72
Character of day	Pt. cloudy
Total precipitation	.32
Normal precipitation	.15
Departure for day	+.17
Departure for month	—.32
Departure since March 1	+2.70

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river was slowly rising last night. The stages were: Six feet 8 inches on the falls, 9 feet in the canal and 19 feet 7 inches below the locks. Business on the levee was good. The weather was clear and warm.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

City of Cincinnati, Capt. Lindenburn, for Cincinnati at 5 p. m....Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, for Carrollton, at 4 p. m.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

City of Louisville, Capt. Brennan, from and to Cincinnati....Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, from and to Carrollton....Park City, Capt. Bewley, from and to Camp Nelson.

DRIFTWOOD.

The Park City cleared for the Kentucky River on time yesterday afternoon with a big passenger list and a nice trip of freight....The Madison arrived from Madison yesterday morning with a cargo of miscellaneous freight. She leaves on her return trip to-day at noon....The City of Cincinnati will be the Queen City packet to-day, and will depart from the Third-avenue wharfboat at 5 p. m....The Government boat Emerald, from Green River, arrived here yesterday and started to towing mud scows from the canal....A number of cheap excursions have been arranged by the Louisville and Cincinnati Packet Company for July 3, 4 and 5. The City of Cincinnati will take a cut-rate excursion to Cincinnati on July 3, tickets good returning July 5. There will be the usual meet-the-boat trip Sunday morning and the Helen M. Gould will bring down a special excursion from Madison on account of the ball game. She also will bring down another excursion on the following day....The Government snagboat E. A. Woodruff, which has been pulling snags below the city, returned up the river yesterday....The packet Tell City will be the next boat leaving for the lower river. She departs from the Fourth-avenue wharfboat at 4 p. m. to-morrow for Evansville and all way landings. M. J. Connelly is her agent....The Lee Line steamer Peters Lee passed up last night at 10 o'clock for Cincinnati. She will leave here on her return trip to Memphis Saturday, July 3, at noon. Claude Jagoe is her agent.... The Oakland arrived from the South last night with a string of empties. They will be hitched to the Boaz, which will take them to Pittsburg this morning.... Towboat movements are at a standstill now on account of the low water....There are a few towboats navigating in Southern waters, but the majority of them are at headwaters awaiting a shipping stage.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 28.—[Special.]—The packets Queen City and Kanawha, together with the Valiant and a number of other towboats, were delayed to-day owing to an accident to the compressing engines at dam No. 4 in the Ohio River at Legionville.

The heavy rains washed out the gas line supplying the engines and it was impossible to operate the locks. The boats were held up until noon, as it took twelve hours to make the repairs. All the Sunday packets had big trips. The stage at Davis Island dam last night was 8.2 feet below the dam. There was a stage of 6.2 feet at Freeport.

Wheeling, W. Va., June 28.—River 6.11, rising.

Point Pleasant, W. Va., June 28.—River 8.4, rising. Partly cloudy.

Cincinnati, O., June 28.—[Special.]—River 20.3, falling; clear, hot. Arrivals: Ohio from Pittsburg, Tacoma from Charleston, Courier from Maysville; Chilo from Chilo, City of Cincinnati from Louisville. Departures: Ohio for Pittsburg, Tacoma for Pomeroy, Courier for Maysville, Chilo for Chilo, City of Cincinnati for Louisville.

Madison, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—River 18.1 feet; falling. Hot.

Paducah, Ky., June 28.—[Special.]—Gauge reads 21 feet and falling. Cloudy; hot. Arrivals: Dick Fowler from Cairo, Clyde from Waterloo. Departed: J. C. Fowler for Evansville, Dick Fowler for Cairo.

Cairo, Ill., June 28.—Departed: Liberty for New Madrid, 11 a. m. Stage, 33.5, falling.

St. Louis, June 28.—Arrived: Stacker Lee from Memphis, Cape Girdeau from Commerce, Spread Eagle from Alton. Departed: City of Saltillo for Tennessee River, Cape Girardeau for Commerce, Spread Eagle for Grafton, St. Paul for St. Paul. Stage, 24.9, falling.

Memphis, Tenn., June 28.—[Special.]—River here 27.2 on the gauge, a fall of 6 inches in forty-eight hours. Ferd Herold arrived early this morning from St. Louis with 1,978 packages merchandise for this place and returned at noon with a good trip of freight and passengers. City of Savannah departed at 5 p. m. for Arkansas City. James Lee departed at 5 p. m. for Friars Point. City of St. Joseph departed at 5 p. m. for St. Francis River. Harry Lee departed at 5 p. m. for Ashport.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, June 28.—Arrived: Chicago, Havre; Verona, Naples; Minnetonka, London; California, Glasgow. Sailed: Tomaso Di Savoia, Naples.

Bremen, June 27.—Arrived: Friedrich der Grosse, New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

Gibraltar, June 28.—Arrived: Koenig Albert, New York for Naples and Genoa and proceeded.

Cherbourg, June 27.—Sailed: Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, New York.

Piraeus, June 28.—Arrived: Patris, New York.

Naples, June 28.—Arrived: Europa, New York.

Palermo, June 28.—Sailed: Calabria, New York.

Gibraltar, June 28.—Sailed: Prinzess Irene, New York.

Cherbourg, June 28.—Arrived: Barbarossa, New York via Plymouth for Bremen and proceeded.

ADVERTISERS' CLUB IN ITS NEW QUARTERS.

Members Busily Engaged Making Preparations For the Coming Convention.

The Advertisers' Club has moved into its new quarters in the Commercial building, across the hall from the Commercial Club rooms, where the meeting of the convention committee will be held every Tuesday night beginning with to-night.

The club had fitted up elegant quarters on the third floor of the Buschemeyer building, at Fourth avenue and Market streets, but they proved inadequate for the purposes. Its being a close ally of the Commercial Club and having had its quarters there for some months previous to going to the other quarters, the Commercial Club tendered the use of the two big rooms which will serve every purpose and be accessible to the members and visitors from other clubs on occasion of the coming national convention in August.

The rooms are well equipped with chairs, desks, carpets, lounges, etc., and present an inviting appearance. Later on pictures and numerous other decorations will be added, but nothing will be done by the club proper, as it will have all it can do from now on to look after the convention matters.

LOOT STORE AND THEN SET FIRE TO BUILDING.

Burglars Carry Off Goods Valued At $400—Gain Entrance Through a Window.

The store of the Simons Jewelry and Musical Company, 930 West Market street, was robbed and then set on fire to cover up the robbery Sunday night, according to the belief of the police and S. D. Simons, the proprietor. The fire was discovered by neighbors and the blaze was extinguished by the fire department with little damage. According to Mr. Simons, the robbery Sunday night was the third recent attempt to loot the store. Thieves were frightened away by neighbors while attempting an entrance on Friday and Saturday nights of the past week.

Mr. Simons stated that he received information that two negroes were seen to leave the place a short time before the blaze was noticed. The fire was started in the front of the store, while entrance had been effected by cutting out the screen of a back window, breaking the glass and pushing back the bolt to the rear door.

Mr. Simons said the loss will be between $400 and $500. One tray of rings, valued at about $200, was taken, while various articles are missing. He stated that the loss by fire and water is fully covered by insurance.

W. H. Miller Acquitted.

The case against W. H. Miller, proprietor of a saloon at 121 Twelfth street, who was arrested Sunday a week ago on a charge of violating the Sunday closing law, was dismissed yesterday in Police Court.

It wouldn't have required MUCH more persuasion in your ad. to have brought a hundred more buyers to your store to-day.

Fine Patterns

We have just a few exceptionally nice patterns that other stores would ask a great deal more for. We furnish wall paper and paper 15-foot rooms, sides and ceiling, at

$3.50

Culley's Wall Paper Store

SEVENTH AND OAK STS.

Cumb. Phone S. 2692. Home 6225.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—1218 Sixth, bet. Oak and Ormsby, 2-story and attic brick, stone foundation, reception hall, 6 rooms and bath; $5,000; easy terms.

2213 Bolling ave., 2-story frame; stone foundation, reception hall, 7 rooms, bath, stable; in perfect repair; $2,500; easy terms.

2314 Foree ave., brick cottage; 4 rooms, bath; in perfect repair; $2,000; easy terms.

1453 S. Eighteenth st., store and 4 living rooms—cottage; gas and water; $2,000; easy terms.

For the above apply to E. D. FOREE, 528 W. Jefferson st. •

FOR SALE—By ARTHUR KAYE, LINCOLN BLDG. Member Real Estate Exchange.

Highland-ave. brick of 8 rooms; strictly modern, with slate roof, $6,500; is the greatest purchase in East End.

Virginia-ave. frame, new and exclusive, at $4,250; will satisfy the critical buyer.

Call at office for photo and description of that magnificent Tennessee farm that I will exchange for Louisville real estate or sell cheap. •

FOR SALE—Suburban residence; 7 rooms and bath; modern plumbing, city water, no city taxes; fine shade and fruit; lot 150 x210. $4,500. Home phone 3596. •

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—One direct connected engine and generator, built by Ridgeway Engine and Dynamo Co., Ridgeway, Pa.; rating of engine, 140 h. p.; cylinder, 15x15 in., 250 revolutions; 160 lbs. steam pressure, rating of generator 100 kilowatts, 800 amperes, 125 volts, direct current, floor space 10 ft. 6 inches by 12 feet; generator is of Thompson-Ryan design, and will operate from no load to full load without shifting of brushes; the set has been in use only 22 months; field rheostat furnished with generator. Address COURIER-JOURNAL, Louisville, Ky. •

FOR SALE—CHEAP, FLOOR CASES, CIGAR CASES, SHOWCASES AND WALL CASES, OFFICE PARTITIONS, SAFES, DESKS, SCALES, MEAT AND MILK BOXES, COUNTERS AND SHELVING, AT L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 WEST JEFFERSON ST. •

FOR SALE—Up-to-date wall cases, suitable for clothing or ladies' ready-made wear; also forms, tables, etc.; from Hays' store at Fourth and Jefferson; cheap at 631 W. Market. •

FOR SALE—A large burglar and fireproof jeweler's safe; double doors, new, only been in use about 18 months. Apply to JOHN H. BRAND & CO., 819 Paul Jones bldg. •

FOR SALE—Two hand-embroidered art centerpieces, suitable for dining or library tables. Cumb. phone South 2448. •

FOR SALE—Coal and coke; cut-rate prices. W. H. SLAUGHTER, JR., COAL CO., Lincoln bldg. Both phones. ••

FOR SALE—300 new panel doors 2-6 by 6-6 at 50 cents. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson. •

FOR SALE—First-class air pump; can be used for water. LOUISVILLE PILLOW CO. •

FOR SALE—Soda fountains, cheap. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson st. •

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Beginning September 1 or 15, by gentleman and wife with two children, ages 4 and 1 years, three rooms and board in private family, if possible with private bath connected. Advise terms, location, and if there are other boarders. References furnished. Address G 14, this office.

WANTED—Accommodations in private family, Highlands, St. James Court or Third ave., by young man used to very best, recently stationed Louisville; will pay well for same; nothing but best considered. Address Z 124, this office. •

WANTED—LOST HEIR.

To know the whereabouts of Lizzie Banks, one of the two heirs of Ben Harlan, deceased, who leaves an estate in Boyle county, Kentucky. Address C. C. BAGBY, Administrator of Ben Harlan, Danville, Ky.

WANTED—Board and room for three until Sept. 15, or small furnished house on boulevard, near Evelyn ave. Call MRS. TATE, Fifth-ave. Hotel. •

WANTED—A couple to board in a private family; southern part of city; large front alcove room and all conveniences. Cumb. phone S. 2424—A.

WANTED—To buy all kinds of STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES; also merchandise. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson st. •

WANTED—To rent apartment or house, furnished, for summer; family 3 adults; moderate price; references. Address P 64, this office. •

WANTED—Is it malaria, chills, fever, cold or la grippe? If so, Plank's Chill Tonic, guaranteed, 25c bot., all drugstores.

WANTED — To buy furniture, feathers, carpets, stoves, etc. W. SMITH, 103 E. Mkt. Phones, Home 6037. Cum. M. 241-Y.•

WANTED—Summer pupils; coaching in elementary and high school subjects. Call at 430 W. Broadway. •

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—5,000 PEOPLE to work. Great demand in all foundation industries; in fact, all good persons get places at once at LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 124 S. Third st. Registration obligatory. The only square office. •

WANTED—Good, steady, sober setters on harness leather; steady job for some good men. THE GEO. J. HOFFMANN & SON TANNING CO., Malta, O. •

WANTED—Experienced bookkeeper and office man for retail business; state salary, with references. Address L L 56, this office. •

WANTED—Yard man to stack lumber. Apply FRED G. JONES & CO., Brook and A sts. •

WANTED—First-class insurance man. Address GEO. B. WILLIS, Madisonville, O. •

WANTED—Car repairman. Apply AMERICAN CAR AND FOUNDRY CO., Madison, Ill. •

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—1,000 nice girls. Citizens get Irish, German, American, Swede, Swiss, English, Scotch, colored, etc. All good at LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 124 S. Third. Employers call and select; city and country. •

WANTED—Girls, 16 years of age and over, at HOPE WORSTED YARN CO., Kentucky and Swan sts.; good wages; clean work. •

WANTED—AGENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—We have a summer proposition that will make money for you at once. Samples furnished. FRISCHKORN NOVELTY CO., 251 S. Jefferson st., Kittanning, Pa. •

WANTED—Make $6 a day on our summer leader; sells everywhere; repeat orders; samples furnished. COMMERCIAL MERCANTILE CO., 1510 Walnut st., St. Louis, Mo. •

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Situation as bookkeeper or stenographer by young woman of experience and education; will work for $40 per month. Address O 118, this office. •

Babies' Milk Fund Association.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

PURE MILK STATIONS.

The Babies' Milk Fund Association announces that the following stations are open daily for the distribution of pure milk:

Station A.—Neighborhood House, 428 S. First st., 12 to 1.

Station B.—Wesley House, 908 E. Main st., 2 to 4 p. m.

Station C.—Boone Square, Nineteenth and Rowan sts., 2 to 3 p. m.

Mothers of babies 5 years of age and under, wishing special milk for their babies, are invited to consult with the visiting nurses at the above hours. •

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

MONEY LOANED employed people and others upon their own names without security; cheapest rates; easiest payments. Offices in 66 principal cities. Save yourself money by getting my terms first. D. H. TOLMAN, Room 319 Equitable bldg. ••

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC. Low Rates—Easy Payments. AMERICAN LOAN CO., 421 W. Jefferson, second floor. •

IF you need money, get our rates before borrowing elsewhere. WEST END LOAN CO., 1619 W. Market st. •

BOARDING.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BOARDING—Furnished rooms and board. 524 S. Sixth st. •

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Incorporated real estate business; finest and best-located office in city; largest for sale list, rent list; doing good business; owner leaving city on account of health; will sell three-fourths interest. Address Y 184, this office. •

FOR SALE—AUTOMOBILES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Touring car, in good condition, cheap; or will trade for runabout. 2131 First st. Phone South 2927—Z. •

PERSONAL.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

PERSONAL—Young Swedish lady, expert masseuse, wants patients for massage; highest references. 508 E. Chestnut. Phone M. 752-A. Will call at residence. •

More Value for the Money Than Any Lots in the City.

BEAUTIFUL PETERSON AVE., CRESCENT HILL

Proper restrictions, asphalt street, granitoid sidewalks, shade trees, gas and water. Apply to

JOHN W. SANDERS, Agent, Atherton Building.

T. J. MEDDIS, Agent, 241 Fifth street.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

Strs. CITY OF CINCINNATI and CITY OF LOUISVILLE

For Madison, Carrollton, Cincinnati and Upper Ohio River points at 5 p. m. daily, except Sunday, at 9 a. m. from foot of Third. Phones 141.

C. C. FULLER, Supt.

For Evansville and Owensboro

And All Way Points on Lower Ohio and Green and Cumberland Rivers

STR. TELL CITY

Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4 p. m. Fourth-st. Wharfboat. Both phones 827.

M. J. CONNELLY, G. F. & P. A.

LEE LINE STEAMERS

EXCURSION SEASON NOW ON.

To Evansville $2.50	Round Trip	$5.00.
Paducah $5.50.	Round Trip	$9.00.
Cairo $6.00.	Round Trip	$10.00.
Memphis $10.50.	Round Trip	$18.00.

Good music, meals and berth en route.

Str. Peters Lee leaves Saturday, July 3, noon. Through freight and passenger rates named to all Ohio, Cumberland, Tennessee and Mississippi River points, St. Louis to Helena, Friars Point, Arkansas City, Greenville, Vicksburg and Arkansas River to Pine Bluff.

C. E. JAGOE, Agent. Phones: Cumb. M. 26. Home 7610. 150 North Fourth st.

PROPOSALS.

Notice to Contractors for Building a Septic Tank.

The Kentucky State Board of Control for Charitable Institutions will receive bids at the Western Kentucky Asylum for the Insane, at Hopkinsville, Ky., until noon of August 3, 1909, for the material and labor required in the erection of a septic tank, on the premises of the Western Kentucky Asylum for the Insane, at Hopkinsville, Ky., at a point to be selected by said board on the 2d day of July, 1909.

Plans and specifications of same are on file at the Western Kentucky Asylum for the Insane.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids. ALBERT SCOTT, President.

June 25, 1909.

Sewers

June 25, 1909.

Sealed proposals for the construction of Section "B," northeastern sewer, Contract No. 31, and Thirty-fourth street outlet, Contract No. 44, will be received at the office of the Commissioners of Sewerage until 12 o'clock noon, July 2, 1909.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the commissioners, 603, 605 and 607 Equitable Building, Louisville, Ky. W. C. NONES, Chairman.

CHAS. P. WEAVER, Sec'y and Treas.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—By FIDELITY TRUST CO., Member Real Estate Association, 110 S. Fifth st.

RESIDENCES—NEW NUMBERS.

1634	Beechwood ave., Highlands, 8 rooms, hot-water heat, laundry, yard full of fruit trees; per month	$40 00
1902	Second st., 8 rooms and all conveniences; per month	32 50
1312	First st., just south of Ormsby, 7 rooms, furnace and all conveniences; per month	37 50
1218	Third, 9 rooms and all conveniences; per month	60 00
1320	First, 8 rooms, stable and all conveniences; per month	40 00
221	W. Chestnut, 6 rooms, bath, gas; per month	30 00
419	W. Oak, 9 rooms and all conveniences; per month	30 00
639	Third, 18 rooms, besides servants' quarters; stable; furnace and all conveniences; per month	70 00
948	S. First, 9 rooms and all conveniences; per month	40 00
1617	Ferndale, in Highlands, 8 rooms and all conveniences; per month	25 00
2218	W. Main, 6 rooms; per month	17 00

APARTMENTS.

516	Belgravia Court, beautiful apartment, 5 rooms, all conveniences; per month	25 00
630	W. Broadway, beautiful apartments, with all conveniences; per month	27 50
1005	Third, 6 rooms and all conveniences; per month	25 00

BUSINESS HOUSE.

207	Sixth, 2-story stores; per month for both, $65; or separately	35 00

FOR RENT—HOUSES, COTTAGES, FLATS and ROOMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. VERY LARGE LIST. BRUNER, 243 FIFTH ST.

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Apartment, 5 rooms, bath; 5 closets; storeroom; all improvements; everything separate; nothing like it in the city for the price. Phone 1084 South. •

FOR RENT—Wish to dispose of unexpired lease on 6-room apartment in Weissinger-Gaulbert. Home 2861; M. 1372.•

FOR RENT—Country life in Cherokee Park; furnished apartment in the Belvoir after July 1. Call 2287. •

FOR RENT—Two 5-room flats, 1019 and 1022 Brook st. C. O. EWING, 1112 Brook st. Phones 1028 and 6986. •

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT — Furnished rooms, with board; steam heat, electric lights, bath, porter service, etc.; $1 per day; $4.50 per week. THE NEW FARMERS' HOME HOTEL CO., 416-420 E. Market. •

FOR RENT—Cool, pleasant rooms, nicely furnished, bath, electric lights, both phones and janitor service. Home phone 388. 729 W. Chestnut. •

FOR RENT—Large nicely furnished front rooms, with bath, electric lights, both phones and janitor service. Home phone 388. 729 W. Chestnut. •

FOR RENT—Weissinger-Gaulbert, large, cool, attractive furnished room; southern exposure; every convenience. Apartment 22. •

FOR RENT—Cool, pleasant, nicely-furnished room, with private family; electric lights. Apartment 211, 566 Fourth. •

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms, excellent location; references exchanged. 920 First st. •

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for housekeeping; gas for cooking. 812 W. Broadway. •

FOR RENT—First-class furnished rooms. 643 Third. Home phone 4621. •

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Rooms for young men, unfurnished, at 725 Fourth ave., just south of Broadway, the handsome home of the late Capt. W. F. Norton. The State Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association have offices in this building and have reserved a number of choice rooms, with all conveniences, especially suitable for young men. Also two elegant rooms on main floor for offices or studio. For further information apply on premises or telephone South 1308. •

FOR RENT—Large alcove room, with bath, 2d floor; family of adults. Tel. South 269-A. ••

FOR RENT—Unfurnished room, large kitchen attached; all conveniences. 237 E. Jacob. ••

LOST.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST—From Harthill's, early Monday morning, light brindle bull terrier; answers to name of I-Know. Reward if returned to O. G. STROTHER, 1124 Brook, or Harthill's Veterinary Hospital, Seventh and Green. •

AMUSEMENTS.

RIVERVIEW PARK

5—FREE ACTS—5

VAUDEVILLE

TWO FREE CONCERTS DAILY.

This Coupon Admits One LADY OR CHILD FREE. Good on Wednesday and Saturday. Come and Spend the Day With Us.

FONTAINE FERRY

"The Park Beautiful." Free Gate.

GREAT VAUDEVILLE BILL

Every Act a Headliner.

(Reserved seats sold at Humler & Nolan's)

Daily Free Concerts

By Gregg's Band. Florence Tanner, Soloist

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

Stations, Tenth and Broadway and First and Water streets. City ticket office 416 Fourth Ave. and corner Fourth and Main. Both 'Phones 256.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday, S, Sunday.

a Stops at Fourth street on signal.

x Stops at Baxter Avenue.

This Company reserves the right to vary from the time shown herein without notice to the public, and does not guarantee schedules.

Union Station, Tenth and Broadway.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	* 8:15am	a* 2:20am
Cincinnati and East	a* 9:05am	a* 9:20pm
Cincinnati and East	a* 1:00pm	a* 2:50pm
Cincinnati and East	xa* 5:00pm	xa*11:25am
Mobile and New Orleans	* 9:30pm	* 6:55am
Memphis and Hot Springs	* 9:30pm	* 8:25am
New Orleans and Memphis	* 2:35am	* 2:10am
Nashville and Atlanta	* 3:00pm	*12:30pm
Nashville and Chattanooga	* 8:25am	* 7:10pm
Bowling Green Accommo.	† 5:05pm	†10:15am
Knoxville and Atlanta	* 8:00pm	* 7:30am
Atlanta and Jacksonville	* 8:15am	* 8:15pm
Lebanon and Richmond	* 7:00am	* 6:10pm
Cincinnati, Frankfort and Lexington	xa† 7:25am	xa 11:50am
Frankfort and Lexington	xa† 2:00pm	xa† 6:40pm
Bardstown and Springfield	† 4:30pm	† 8:10am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 7:35am	† 5:45pm
Lebanon and Greensburg	† 5:05pm	†10:15am

Sunday Trains.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Frankfort and Lexington	xa6:10pm	xa 10:25am
Bowling Green Accommo.	6:20pm	10:50am
Bardstown and Springfield	6:00pm	9:35am
Lebanon and Greensburg	6:30pm	10:15am

From First and Water-Street Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Frankfort Accommodation	† 4:30pm	†8:00am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	* 5:15pm	*8:15am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	* 8:00am	*6:05pm

Through Pullman sleeping car on the 9:30 p. m. and 2:35 a. m. trains to New Orleans and Memphis, and on the 8 p. m. train to Atlanta and Bristol, and on the 8:15 a. m. train to Atlanta and Jacksonville.

BEARGRASS RAILWAY—Terminal Station, Jefferson st., between Third and Fourth. Effective May 1, 1909.

JEFFERSONTOWN DIVISION — Cars for Jeffersontown leave Baxter and Highland avenues at 5:12 a. m. daily and thereafter leave terminal station at 6:03 and 7:03 a. m. and 18 minutes after each hour between the hours of 8:18 a. m. and 9:18 p. m. Last car Sunday night at 10:15 and Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights at 11:15. Cars leave Jeffersontown for Louisville at 5:55, 7 and 8 a. m. and 15 minutes after each hour between the hours of 9:15 a. m. and 10:15 p. m. and at 11:15 Sunday night and 12:15 Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights to Highland avenue only.

SALT RIVER DIVISION—Cars leave for Orell at 4:40 a. m. and 50 minutes after each hour between the hours of 5:50 a. m. and 7:50 p. m. Last car leaves for Orell at 9:03 p. m. daily except Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:10 p. m. Cars leave Orell for Louisville at 5:35 a. m. daily and 45 minutes after each hour between the hours of 6:45 a. m. and 8:45 p. m. daily. Last car for Louisville leaves Orell at 10 p. m. daily except Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 12 midnight.

OKOLONA DIVISION—Cars leave for Okolona 35 minutes after each hour between the hours of 5:35 a. m. and 7:35 p. m. daily. Last car for Okolona at 9 p. m. daily and on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 11:05 p. m. Cars leave Okolona for Louisville 15 minutes after each hour between the hours of 6:15 a. m. and 8:15 p. m. Last car for Louisville leaves Okolona at 9:45 p. m. daily and on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 11:45 p. m.

PROSPECT DIVISION—Daily except Sunday. Half-hour service to Prospect on Sundays, commencing at 5:38 a. m. Cars leave station for Prospect at 5:32 a. m. and eight minutes after each hour thereafter until 10:08 p. m. Leave Prospect for Louisville at 6:20 and 6:56 a. m. and 56 minutes after each hour thereafter until 10:56 p. m. Leave station for Harrods Creek at 5:32 a. m. and eight and 44 minutes after each hour thereafter until 9:08 p. m. Last car for Harrods Creek and Prospect at 10:08 p. m., except Monday, Thursday and Saturday nights, when it leaves at 11:08, leaving Prospect at 11:56 p. m.

FERN CREEK DIVISION—Cars for Fern Creek leave Highland and Baxter avenues at 5:05 a. m. daily and thereafter leave terminal station at 5:50 a. m. and 50 minutes after each hour thereafter until 9:50 p. m. On Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights last car leaves at 11:30. Cars leave Fern Creek at 5:45 a. m. and 45 minutes after each hour thereafter until 10:45 p. m. On Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights last car leaves at 12:25.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY IN KENTUCKY (Incorporated.)—Seventh Street Station; City Ticket Office, 124 Fourth avenue:

N. B.—Following schedule figures published only as information and are not guaranteed:

ST. LOUIS AND THE WEST.

9:30 a. m. daily, St. Louis Special, Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton, Princeton, Centralia, Evansville, St. Louis and way stations.

4:30 p. m. daily, "Evansville Limited," Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton, Evansville, West Baden and French Lick.

10:10 p. m. daily, "St. Louis Limited," Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia, Evansville and St. Louis.

8 a. m. daily, Evansville Accommodation, Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton and Evansville.

Trains from St. Louis arrive 5:55 p. m. and 7:10 a. m. Trains from Evansville and local stations arrive at 12:28 p. m. and 6:50 p. m.

TO FLORIDA AND THE SOUTHEAST.

Trains leave Fourth-avenue crossing twenty minutes later.

7:40 a. m. daily, "Florida Limited," Lexington, Danville, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Florida.

4:20 p. m. daily, Lexington, Danville, Georgetown and way stations.

8 p. m. daily, "Florida Special," Danville, Lexington, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville and Atlanta. Through sleeper to Chattanooga, Asheville and Atlanta.

Trains from Lexington, Danville and local stations arrive at 10:50 a. m., 8:40 a. m. and 8:50 p. m. Trains from the Southeast arrive at 8:40 a. m. and 8:50 p. m.

INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE TRACTION CO.—In effect June 1, 1909.

THE HOOSIER LIMITEDS leave Louisville for Jeffersonville, Watson Junction, Sellersburg, Scottsburg, Crothersville, Seymour, Columbus, Edinburg, Franklin, Greenwood and Indianapolis at 7:30, 9:30 and 11:30 a. m., and 1:30, 4:30 and 6:30 p. m.

LOCAL CARS leave Louisville for Seymour and all intermediate points at 6:30, 8:30, 10:30 a. m. and 12:30, 3:30, 5:30, 8:30 and 11:15 p. m.

Cars make direct connections at Seymour with cars of the I. C. and S. T. Company for Indianapolis and all intermediate points, also with trains of the B. and O. R. R. and Southern Indiana R. R. for all points east and west of Seymour.

For rates and information see agents and official time-table folders in all cars. Depot Third street, between Green and Walnut.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—Seventh St. Depot, Seventh and River. City Ticket Office, Fourth and Market. Effective December 1, 1908.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Memphis and New Orleans	9:40pm	7:50am
Memphis and New Orleans	12:01pm	5:37pm
Paducah and Fulton	7:31am	4:55pm
Central City Accommodation	4:45pm	8:30am
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	7:31am	4:55pm
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	4:45pm	8:30am
Owensboro	12:01pm	4:55pm
Hopkinsville	12:01pm	5:35pm
California points, through cars Tuesdays	9:40pm	5:35pm

All trains run daily, except no Sunday service to Elizabethtown, Hodgenville or Owensboro.

LOUISVILLE AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD CO.—

EAST.

Lv. Versailles	7:30am	12:20pm
Lv. Nicholasville	8:33am	1:03pm
Lv. Richmond	9:30am	2:00pm
Lv. Irvine	10:30am	3:05pm
Ar. Beattyville	11:50am	4:30pm

WEST.

Ar. Versailles	10:10am	5:30pm
Lv. Nicholasville	9:23am	4:45pm
Lv. Richmond	8:23am	3:45pm
Lv. Irvine	7:20am	2:40pm
Lv. Beattyville	6:00am	1:27pm

All trains daily except Sunday. Dec. 8, 1908.

LEXINGTON AND EASTERN RAILWAY—In effect August 1, 1908.

Trains leave Lexington for Winchester, Beattyville Junction, O. and K. Junction, Jackson and way points daily at 7:35 a. m. and 2:25 p. m. Returning leave Jackson at 6:10 a. m. and 2:20 p. m. Sunday only, leave Jackson at 7 a. m. Connections at Mt. Sterling with C. and O., Campton Junction with Mountain Central Railway, Beattyville Junction with L. and A. Railway, O. and K. Junction and O. and K. Railway.

LOUISVILLE AND EASTERN R. R.—(Pewee Valley Line).—In effect May 5, 1909.

Half-hour service 6 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. as far east as Pewee Valley; hourly thereafter until 12:30 midnight. For Beard and Lagrange, hourly from 6:30 a. m. until 11:30 p. m. Limited trains arrive Louisville 7:57 a. m. and leave 5:15 p. m.

CORNELL LOOKS LIKE THE BEST

Experts Pick Ithacans To Beat All the Other College Crews.

REGATTA TO BE HELD FRIDAY.

Phillips Resumes His Old Place In Columbia Shell and Adherents Are Pleased.

SYRACUSE MEN ARE STRONG.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 28.—That this is another of those frequent "Cornell years" is the almost inevitable conclusion of those who have had an opportunity to study the crews of the five universities now training on the Hudson for the twelfth annual regatta of the Intercollegiate Rowing Association to be contested over this course Friday, July 2. No matter which of Cornell's three crews one wishes to study—the varsity eight, freshman eight or varsity four—it has all the earmarks of the Courtney crew. And this means that it is just about good enough to romp away from all contenders. This opinion is not reached without giving due consideration to the merits of the other four contestants—Syracuse, Pennsylvania, Columbia and Wisconsin.

The sentiment of the critics regarding the Cornell varsity eight has undergone a radical change since Coach Courtney boated the present varsity crew at Ithaca some weeks ago. When it was learned that this boat contained not a single member of the 1908 crew the college world took it for granted that this was to be a lean year in Cornell aquatics. But when this same crew so easily trounced the Harvard junior eight at the American regatta May 22 the retormation in sentiment started. It was completed ten days later when this same junior eight decisively defeated the Harvard varsity on Lake Cayuga. Courtney still has several members of his 1908 Poughkeepsie crews on hand, but that he prefers his present combination and keeps the veterans on the substitute list is pretty good evidence that he thinks this crew a certain winner.

Courtney himself is reluctant to talk about the merits of this crew. The nearest he will come to praising it is to say that "it isn't quite so fast as either the 1901 or the 1906 eights." Everybody on the river knows what this means, for if this year's eight was as good as the combinations referred to the other coaches know that they might just as well take their crews home.

* * *

The two crews which look to have the best show to make trouble for Cornell are Syracuse and Columbia. The Syracuse oarsmen are quite confident of their ability to take the measure of their dearly hated foes from Ithaca. They have in their boat four veterans from last year, and also have what advantage goes with an average of five pounds more weight to the man than Cornell.

There was a time when this would have been considered an advantage worth while, but nowadays it is not so much the weight a man has as his ability to make the boat go through the water. The Syracuse crews only reached here Monday and have not had as much opportunity to become familiar with the course as Cornell and Columbia, who have been here nearly two weeks longer.

This Syracuse crew is a typical Syracuse eight and gives an indication of great strength. The men row the well-known Ten Eyck stroke, and their boat cuts through the water with a speed which suggests an even faster crew than that which won the big race for Syracuse a year ago. But in spite of this the Syracuse crew does not appear to have the finish of Cornell. There is also a slight check of the shell between strokes that is missing in the Cornell shell.

Turning from Syracuse to Columbia, it is hard to determine which is the more likely to give Cornell a tussle. There is only one means of comparison. Both crews rowed Annapolis. The Middies beat Columbia, but lost to Syracuse. Other things being equal, this would suggest that Syracuse has the better eight, but the Columbia eight has been shifted and patched so much since its defeat that it is bound to be a different crew when it starts the big race, and may be able to make good the boast of the Blue and White supporters and finish next to Cornell if not ahead of the Ithacans. There is also a means of comparing Cornell and Columbia. Columbia was disgracefully beaten by Harvard April 17, while this same Crimson crew is the one which Cornell defeated.

The Columbia oarsmen are very secretive in their practice. They live in a houseboat up the river and only on rare occasions do they give the other colleges a chance to see them at work. In weight they average 170¾, just a little less than Syracuse, but more than Cornell.

* * *

For some reason or other no one seems to rate the Pennsylvania or Wisconsin varsity eights very highly. There is a good reason for this, as far as Pennsylvania is concerned. It will be remembered that when the Quakers defeated Yale early in April the Quakers' rowing stock took a sudden jump. But the very next week saw a start toward the destruction of these rosy dreams. Two of the best men left the shell after the Yale race and could not be induced to return. Then Coach Ward, who has had misfortune enough to discourage a less resolute man, started to reconstruct his crew. This he did in the face of many difficulties and many more changes. He has accomplished much more with the material at his command than many persons thought possible, but it is doubtful if Mr. Ward himself regards his eight as a serious contender for the championship, though if the crew that rowed Yale could have been kept intact the Quakers would have some of the other crews trembling now.

This year's Pennsylvania eight has the advantage of having rowed more miles than its 1908 predecessor. Thinking that the fact that three miles has heretofore been the limit of Pennsylvania's practice on the Schuylkill might be the cause of its weakness, a four-mile course, though not a good one, was measured off, and the men have been training over the full distance since the latter part of April. Just what difference this makes in Pennsylvania's final rating the race itself must show.

The Wisconsin eight has not made the impression expected of it. The fact that the Badgers retained a goodly proportion of their 1908 crew was responsible for the belief that this might be Wisconsin's year. The men are a husky lot, but hardly any heavier than Cornell. They have been handicaped by lack of an opportunity to test their strength against other rowing colleges, and will have to fight against their handicap until they prevail upon some of the western universities to take up rowing, which is not a very promising outlook.

* * *

The merriest fight of all, the most dangerous and the hardest to speculate upon is that for freshman eights, in which all five universities will have representatives. Here again the Cornell youngsters seem to be rowing the most impressively, but both Pennsylvania and Columbia are well off with freshman eights and the fight is sure to be a bitter one. As all the oarsmen are of necessity new men there is no basis of comparison. And as there have been practically no brushes in which the freshman crews have taken part the critic who attempts to explain why this or that crew is the better is beset with difficulties.

All of these crews, particularly the three mentioned, have been rowing together from the start of the season and have received the benefit of good coaching. Coach Courtney thinks his Cornell youngsters one of the best eights he has had in recent years, and the same may be said of the Columbia and Pennsylvania crews. The Quakers have shown exceptionally good form, and to their credit, rather than to the discredit of the varsity, it should be said that they attract almost as much attention on the water as their elders. Neither Syracuse nor Wisconsin have shown form that makes them look particularly formidable.

Cornell is often a more decided favorite for the four-oared than the varsity race. This is due to the fact that Courtney has a veteran crew that has been working together almost from the start of the season. In this respect Pennsylvania, Columbia and Syracuse are badly handicapped. All of the three latter crews are made up of substitutes for the varsity eighths and therefore are not so seriously regarded.

In the eleven previous regattas Pennsylvania and Syracuse are the only ones that have been able to defeat Cornell for first place. But the Ithacans have won more times than Pennsylvania and Syracuse combined, the score being six wins for Cornell, three for Pennsylvania and two for Syracuse. The following table shows how the first four crews have finished each year since 1898:

Year.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	Time.
1898	Penn.	Cor.	Wis.	Col.	15:51½
1899	Penn.	Wis.	Cor.	Col.	20:04
1900	Penn.	Wis.	Cor.	Col.	19:44.3
1901	Cor.	Col.	Wis.	Geo.	18:53.1
1902	Cor.	Wis.	Col.	Penn.	19:05.3
1903	Cor.	Geo.	Wis.	Penn.	18:57
1904	Syr.	Cor.	Penn.	Col.	20:22.2
1905	Cor.	Syr.	Geo.	Col.	20:29
1906	Cor.	Penn.	Syr.	Col.	19:36.4
1907	Cor.	Col.	Navy	Penn.	20:02.3
1908	Syr.	Col.	Cor.	Penn.	19:34

* * *

Columbia's adherents were considerably cheered when E. S. J. Phillips resumed his place at No. 5 in the varsity eight, and rowed up the river with the senior combination. Phillips did not appear to have suffered very much from his absence while he was having an ulcerated tooth treated, and he will probably keep his seat in the crew until the day of the race.

In the afternoon practice up near Krum Elbow the peculiar spectacle was presented of the captain of the Columbia navy sitting disconsolately in quarters aboard the houseboat, not chosen even for the varsity four.

Last year the Blue and White leader, Cerussi, was probably the best stroke on the river, but he is not the same man now that he was in 1908. He looks worn and drawn, and does not present the healthy and sturdy appearance that was his last summer before the race. He lacks the vim and energy he formerly possessed, and it is doubtful if he will be in either of the Columbia senior combinations next Friday.

Wisconsin's varsity made a great sprinting finish for the last half mile on top of a long, easy spin. There was plenty of splashing, but evidence of power in the spurt. Syracuse and Pennsylvania were given long rows, and had considerable tuition in making starts. Syracuse was caused some worry by the buckling of its four-oared shell.

Cornell's Crack Eight-Oared Crew At Practice On the Hudson.



THE MEN IN THE BOAT ARE—SEAGRAVE, BOW; SIMSON, NO. 2; KELLY, NO. 3; AITCHISON, NO. 4; SUTTON, NO. 5; DAY, NO. 6; NAMES, NO. 7; WEED, STROKE, AND KIMBALL, COXSWAIN.

NO FAVORITE IN RACE.

Betting At Evens On Race Between Yale and Harvard 'Varsity Eights Thursday.

New London, Conn., June 28.—All of Harvard's rowing squad visited Yale's training quarters in the launch John Harvard. It was the Crimson crew's year to make a call on the rival oarsmen, and an hour was spent at Broadview in social chats, and the managers, coaches, captains, oarsmen and coxswains had an excellent opportunity to see one another before the great aquatic battles take place on the Thames River. Both squads cheered each other when the launch started on the return to Red Top.

Yale has decided upon the Ward shell for her 'varsity, and the English boat for the freshmen eight, in their respective races next Thursday. Harvard's eights will both use English-built shells. Yale has appointed Leroy Whitney to take charge of the gentlemen's eight race, and former Captain Filley and "Kip" Perkins will recruit the graduate oarsmen from the Crimson ranks. This race precedes the big race by a day, and Capt. Cutler says the contest this year will be better than ever.

Betting is even on the Yale and Harvard 'varsity eights next Thursday, all the speed trials by both crews proving that they are exceptionally fast and are evenly matched. The Crimson freshmen are looked upon as probable winners owing to the various shake-ups in the rival Eli crew since they came from New Haven.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, U. OF L., TO HOLD COMMENCEMENT.

The seventy-second annual commencement exercises of the University of Louisville Medical Department will be held at Macauley's Theater to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock. This is the first graduating class since the merging of the medical schools. One hundred and eighty-two men will receive the degree of Doctor of Medicine. The public is invited. The following is the programme of the evening:

March—"Shoulder to Shoulder" .... Klohr
Invocation, the Rev. Edmond Booth Patterson.
"Meditation" .... Morrison
Salutatory address, Cecil N. Roger, M. D.
March Medley—"Rogers Bros. in Panama." .... Hoffman
Presentation of candidates by the president of the faculty, Dr. J. M. Bodine.
Conferring of degrees, David W. Fairleigh.
Selections—From "The Red Mill" .... Herbert
Awarding of Honors, Dr. Joseph B. Marvin.
"The Waltz Dream" .... Straus
Valedictory address, Peter Taylor Grant, M. D.
March—"Here Comes an American" .... Cohan
Benediction, the Rev. Edmond Booth Patterson.
March—"The Great Divide" .... Maurice

CHARLES BECK DIES OF BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

After an illness of six weeks, Charles Beck, 31 years of age, died of Bright's disease at the home of his brother, John Beck, 823 West Broadway, at 3:10 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He became ill a little over a month ago, but was not confined to his bed until two weeks later. Some hope was entertained for his recovery by the attending physicians until yesterday morning, when he grew suddenly worse, and it was seen that he could not survive through the day. His mother and brothers and sisters were at his bedside when the end came.

Mr. Beck was a native of Louisville. He had devoted practically all of his life to the saloon and grocery business in Louisville, and at the time of his death was conducting establishments at Seventh and Grayson streets and one in South Louisville.

He is survived by his mother, four brothers and two sisters, John, Joseph, Louis and George Beck, and Mrs. Frances Stork and Mrs. Mamie Roller.

The funeral will take place from the residence of John Beck Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Burial will be in Eastern Cemetery.

CONFEDERATE VETERAN DIES AT PEWEE VALLEY.

Alfred Reamel, 83 years of age, one of the members of the Confederate Home at Pewee Valley, died of senility at an early hour yesterday morning after a long period of feebleness. Mr. Reamel was born in Kenton county, Ky., in 1826, and at the outbreak of the Civil war he enlisted in the Fifteenth Kentucky Cavalry, with which command he served until 1865.

The funeral services took place at the home at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and the burial was in the Confederate burial plot at Pewee Valley.

STATISTICS OF THE BIG COLLEGE CREWS

Figures On the Men Who Will Take Part In the Three Great Races On the Hudson.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 28.—The five crews in the intercollegiate regatta to be held here on July 2 on the Hudson River have practically concluded their long training, and the men are expectantly awaiting the contest. There will be three races, as usual, this year—the varsity eight, the varsity four-oared and the freshmen eight races. The following statistics show the relative comparisons of the ages and weights of the crews:

VARSITY EIGHTS.

College.	Age.	Weight.
Cornell	23	167¼
Columbia	22	170
Pennsylvania	21⅝	171⅛
Syracuse	22⅞	172⅛
Wisconsin	21⅝	166¾

VARSITY FOURS.

College.	Age.	Weight.
Cornell	21	162¾
Columbia	23½	167
Pennsylvania	21¾	164
Syracuse	21¼	153¾

FRESHMEN.

College.	Age.	Weight.
Cornell	20¼	164¼
Columbia	18¾	164⅞
Pennsylvania	18⅝	166⅛
Syracuse	21⅜	165⅝
Wisconsin	19⅝	171⅛

The following are statistics of the individual crew members:

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY EIGHT.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
Bow	P. Renshaw	24	169
2	A. M. Hamann	21	172
3	F. Miller	21	167
4	F. H. Saunders	23	178
5	E. S. J. Phillips	20	172
6	T. Robinson	24	178
7	L. A. Spalding	21	170
Stroke	R. K. Murphy	22	168½
Cox	W. B. Edison	19	115
	Averages	22	170

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY FOUR.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
Bow	C. P. Jordan	23	160
2	J. J. Ryan	26	179
3	L. R. Clapp	23	161
Stroke	B. P. Cerussi, captain	22	168
	Averages	23½	167

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY SUBSTITUTES.

Name.	Age.	Wt.
S. Pitt	20	163
N. B. Gatch	21	165
R. M. Keator	21	171
SUB COXSWAIN.		
N. O. Rockwood	20	115

COLUMBIA FRESHMAN EIGHT.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
Bow	R. Snevily, captain	18	161
2	M. Salsbury	19	150
3	W. Pyne	20	153
4	J. Pulleyn	17	167
5	F. Culman	16	179
6	J. J. Moore	22	175
7	J. T. Kemp	19	174
Stroke	G. Downing	19	159
Cox	E. Swazey	18	115
	Averages	18¾	164⅞

SUBSTITUTES.

Name.	Age.	Wt.
G. L. Maurer	18	160
C. Sinclair	19	167

CORNELL UNIVERSITY EIGHT.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
Bow	C. N. Seagrave	22	166½
2	L. D. Simpson	22	169½
3	F. B. Kelley	21	167
4	W. M. Aitchinson	21	180
5	S. H. Sutton	22	167½
6	P. L. Day	24	164
7	Sewell Names	27	161½
Stroke	R. W. Weed	25	156½
	Averages	23	167¼
Cocks'ain	H. J. Kimball	19	105

CORNELL UNIVERSITY FOUR.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
Bow	S. N. Bullen	22	167
2	F. E. Wurst	21	167
3	H. R. Lafferty	20	160
Stroke	G. H. Crawford, Jr.	21	155
	Averages	21	162¾

CORNELL UNIVERSITY SUBSTITUTES.

Name.	Age.	Wt.
E. A. Stevens	24	186
W. A. Backus	23	168

CORNELL FRESHMEN EIGHT.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
Bow	C. E. Carpenter	20	158
2	E. F. Bowen	21	165
3	C. B. Ferguson	21	170
4	Walter Johnson	23	164
5	G. B. Wakeley	20	169
6	W. O. Kruse	20	168
7	J. M. McDermott	19	164
Stroke	W. G. Distler	18	160
	Averages	20	164¼
Coxs'ain	C. F. Merz	17	105

FRESHMEN SUBSTITUTES.

Name.	Age.	Wt.
Alfred Bonney, Jr.	19	173
S. N. Stimson	20	167

PENNSYLVANIA UNIVERSITY EIGHT.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
Bow	A. Bennett	20	165
2	J. F. Reeves	23	165
3	L. W. Hoagland	21	170
4	R. S. Marx	23	175
5	J. P. Walton	21	178
6 (capt.)	D. Shoemaker	22	182
7	F. W. Breitinger	20	176
Stroke	F. L. Ballard	21	158
	Averages	21⅝	171⅛
Coxs'ain	B. N. Westcott	21	105

PENNSYLVANIA UNIVERSITY FOUR.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
Bow	W. D. Woodhouse	24	164
2	R. L. Smith	21	165
3	J. P. Ferguson	21	165
Stroke	E. H. Brown	21	162
	Averages	21¾	164

PENNSYLVANIA UNIVERSITY SUBSTITUTES.

Name.	Age.	Wt.
R. S. Heisler	22	168
R. E. Thompson	19	158

PENNSYLVANIA FRESHMEN EIGHT.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
Bow	J. H. Bell	19	165
2	E. L. De Long	19	171
3	R. R. Barratt	19	168
4	E. A. Stiefel	19	170
5	H. A. Pryor	19	178
6	E. H. Shoemaker	18	179
7	J. Alexander	18	156
Stroke	T. Reath	18	148
	Averages	18⅝	166⅛
Coxs'ain	J. M. Williams, capt.	19	108

PENNSYLVANIA FRESHMEN SUBSTITUTES.

Name.	Age.	Wt.
F. B. Mulford	21	155
L. B. Walton	18	158

WISCONSIN STATE UNIVERSITY.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
Bow	H. A. Sumnicht	23	160
2	S. Kerr, Jr.	21	165
3	R. N. Trane	23	160
4	K. R. Hare	21	161
5	W. O. Van Loon	24	176
6	J. W. Wilce	21	171
7	K. L. Kraatz	21	170
Stroke	E. A. Dinet (capt.)	21	163
Cox	W. D. Richardson	24	105
	Averages	21⅝	166¾

WISCONSIN UNIVERSITY SUBSTITUTES.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
	E. J. Steenberg	28	163
	L. E. Voyer	21	164

WISCONSIN FRESHMEN EIGHT.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
Bow	C. C. Fenn	19	164
2	H. H. Rogers	19	165
3	R. J. Crissey	18	169
4	J. G. Carr	20	173¾
5	W. F. Mackmiller	20	182
6	A. L. Buser	20	184½
7	P. E. Lunde	21	179½
Stroke	R. L. Bowen (capt.)	20	152
Cox	C. L. Bigford	21	113
	Averages	19⅝	171⅛

WISCONSIN FRESHMEN SUBSTITUTES.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
	W. H. Steinberg	2[illegible]	151
	F. C. Haeger	19	156

SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY EIGHT.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
Bow	B. J. Fisher	25	166
2	J. W. Guilbord	22	163
3	D. Putnam	23	178
4	W. N. Gore	22	168
5	E. O. Hemenway	22	174
6	M. C. Shimer	24	169
7	W. C. Fisher (Capt.)	24	176
Stroke	E. G. Champlin	21	176
	Averages	22⅞	172⅛
Coxs'ain	Frank Eldridge	21	117

SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY FOUR.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
Bow	K. T. Klock	20	143
2	W. W. Williams	20	154
3	R. A. Peterson	21	160
Stroke	D. E. Banks	24	158
	Averages	21¼	153¾

SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY SUBSTITUTES.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
	W. C. Pendill	21	153
	J. A. Rappeleje	20	157
Coxs'ain	F. G. Smith	21	118

SYRACUSE FRESHMEN EIGHT.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
Bow	F. H. Buckley	22	156
2	G. C. Babbitt	23	166
3	H. R. Topping	23	165
4	A. J. Grim	21	158
5	D. F. Frawley	23	179
6	H. S. Dodge	19	167
7	S. H. Camp	21	175
Stroke	H. S. Cheney	19	160
	Averages	21⅜	165⅝
Coxs'ain	H. H. Richardson	20	118

SUBSTITUTES.

Position.	Name.	Age.	Wt.
Coxs'ain	P. H. Helms	19	117
	E. L. Barron	18	157
	W. H. Jennings	20	160

DEFENDANT TAKES THE COURT FOR A RIDE

JUST TO PROVE CLIMBING ABILITY OF MACHINE.

CAN'T EXCEED TWELVE MILES PER HOUR UP HILL.

CASE UNDER SUBMISSION.

The Judge, the attorney for the prosecution, the prosecuting witness and the defendant in the case against Walter E. Glover, who is charged with having exceeded the speed limit in Cherokee Park last Wednesday morning, all went for a spin about the park yesterday afternoon. Although the machine was put through all kinds of tests by Mr. Glover and was driven at different speeds on the hills and roads in the park for two hours, Magistrate O'Connor decided to take the case under advisement and will hand down a decision later.

Mr. Glover was arrested on a warrant sworn out by Park Guard Fielding Merrifield, who charged that Mr. Glover's machine was being run on Cocoran's Hill at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour. The case was presented in Magistrate O'Connor's court yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock. It developed at the trial that Mr. Glover was not in the machine at the time the automobile is said to have been exceeding the speed limit, but the car was occupied by five children and run by the chauffeur. The defense asserted that the automobile was not traveling at a greater rate of speed than twelve miles an hour. It was argued that the hill could not be climbed by the machine at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour.

Then Mr. Glover suggested the "auto" ride to the court. Magistrate O'Connor agreed and Huston Quin, the prosecuting attorney; Park Guard Merrifield, Magistrate O'Connor and Mr. Glover climbed into the car and were whirled away to Cherokee Park. Mr. Glover ran uphill and down and on the level stretches of the park roads. For two hours the court was permitted to enjoy the beautiful scenery of Cherokee Park. While the car was running smoothly along at a moderate rate of speed Mr. Glover suddenly turned to Merrifield and asked his permission to "let it out" in order to "show" the court, and according to Magistrate O'Connor the automobile could "go some." After the "rolling evidence" the big green car returned to the Magistrate's office at Center and Jefferson streets. Following the ride Magistrate O'Connor said he was almost convinced that the machine could not climb the hill at a greater rate of speed than twelve miles an hour. He will weigh the evidence and give his decision in the case later.

PETITION DENIED.

NO RECEIVER FOR UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY.

Court, However, Criticises Election of Presidents of Rival Companies As Directors.

New York, June 28.—John L. Dudley's application for a temporary receiver for the United States Express Company was denied by Justice Guy in the Supreme Court here to-day. The court likewise denied Dudley's application for permission to examine the company's books and accounts.

Dudley, a stockholder in the company, brought suit against its officers, charging them with not properly protecting the interests of the stockholders in their management of the company's affairs. Justice Guy referred complainant to the Federal courts for action as to any alleged violation of the Federal statutes, and said that in the papers and affidavits of the case he had been unable to find "any creditable evidence of fraudulent mismanagement or of waste in the assets of the company."

He added that the proof submitted showed the accumulation of a surplus of $10,000,000, which represent the net earnings of the company from the time of its incorporation, in addition to the dividends paid.

Justice Guy's decision stated there could be no question that the election of James C. Fargo, president of the American Express Company, and Levi C. Weir, president of the Adams Express Company, as directors of the United States Express Company, was a "flagrant and defiant violation of the articles of the association" of the United States Express Company, which provide that no director should be interested in a competitive business. But it appeared, said the court, that although these men were elected directors in 1901, the stockholders of the company, including the plaintiff, acquiesced in the choice for a period of about eight years, during which time the business of the company had substantially increased.

BEGINS CRUSADE

AGAINST ALLEGED VIOLATORS OF MILK ORDINANCE.

Dr. Baker Swears Out Ten Warrants—Others May Be Issued To-day.

Dr. T. H. Baker, City Health Officer, has inaugurated a pure-milk crusade by securing warrants for a number of the larger milk consumers in which he charges that they have violated the milk ordinance by failing to wash and sterilize milk cans after they have used the milk from them. According to Dr. Baker this is only one phase of the ordinance he intends shall be strictly obeyed in the future. He said last night that no attention whatever is being paid to that most important feature of the measure, and that other provisions are being just as flagrantly violated.

The ordinance provides that when a consumer uses milk from a can the can must, before being returned to the owner, be thoroughly cleansed and sterilized by the user of the milk. Dr. Baker charges that an investigation which has been in progress for the past week shows that cans are being returned to the owners in a filthy and dangerous sanitary condition. He said that some of the cans, without being even rinsed out, stand about some of the hotels and restaurants, sometimes for several days, until the milk and butter fat clinging to them becomes putrid, and are turned over to the owners in that condition. He said it is almost impossible to thoroughly cleanse a can after it gets in that condition.

It is for those charged with having allowed milk cans and receptacles to get into such a condition that he has taken out warrants. He says he will prosecute them to the limit if it is necessary to do so to have the ordinance obeyed. Eight or ten warrants were issued yesterday and more are to follow to-day on that special phase of the ordinance.

"That ordinance, which I consider one of the most important on the books as regards health," said Dr. Baker last night, "has been a law since April, and the people have had plenty of time to know what it is. If they will not obey it without some drastic reminders we will have to give it to them."

EDWARD GUNTHER DIES AFTER TWO-WEEKS' ILLNESS.

Son of Sebastian Gunther, Former Chief of Police, Succumbs To Stomach Trouble.

Edward Gunther, a son of former Chief of Police Sebastian Gunther, died yesterday morning at 8:45 o'clock at Sts. Mary and Elizabeth Hospital of stomach trouble. He had been in the hospital for two weeks and was thought to be improving until a change for the worse set in early yesterday morning.

Mr. Gunther was 37 years of age, and was the owner of Gunther's Cafe at 1200 Rowan street. He is survived by his wife, who before their marriage was Miss Nellie Thorp; by his father and mother, Col. and Mrs. Sebastian Gunther, and by three brothers, Frank, of Cincinnati, and James and Thomas, of Louisville, employes of the Illinois Central railroad.

The funeral will be held Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence, 1200 Rowan street. Burial will be in St. Louis cemetery.

SAID TO BE INSANE.

Attorneys of Hiram Smedley Ask For An Inquisition.

Paducah, Ky., Jan 28.—Special.]—Attorneys for Hiram Smedley, former County Clerk, who is in jail awaiting trial on several indictments for alleged peculations in office, to-day made application for an inquisition into the soundness of his mind. They filed an affidavit of the jailer, who testified that Smedley is insane, and will die unless given immediate attention.

He raved all day Sunday and has been striking his head against the bars of his cell.

EN ROUTE TO MEETING OF RAILROAD COMMISSION.

John P. Haswell, Jr., New Member of Body, Arrives In Louisville From Hardinsburg.

John P. Haswell, Jr., of Hardinsburg, Ky., who was recently appointed a member of the Kentucky Railroad Commission to fill a vacancy caused by the death of the late McD. Ferguson, arrived in Louisville last night and registered at the Willard Hotel. Mr. Haswell came in over the Henderson Route at 7:35 o'clock and announced that he would depart at 8:15 o'clock this morning for Covington, where he will attend the first meeting of the commission since his appointment. He will be with his colleagues on the commission several days getting familiar with a number of important cases they have in hand.

NEGRO ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF SHOOTING.

John Manica, colored, was arrested yesterday afternoon on the charge of drunkenness, disorderly conduct and shooting without wounding. Manica, it is alleged, began shooting in the neighborhood of Lucia avenue and the Bardstown road. Several pedestrians, it is said, came near being shot.

CRAMPS CAUSE INDIANA BOY TO BE DROWNED.

Evansville, Ind., June 28.—[Special.]—Ernest Baker, aged 14 years, was drowned in the Ohio River at Rockport, Ind., to-day, while swimming. He was seized with cramps. The body has not been recovered.

Financial and Commercial

MONETARY.

Monday Evening, June 28.—In the New York market to-day call funds ruled at 1¾ per cent and time loans were easy and unchanged. No hardening of rates is looked for over the half-year. The local market was quiet to-day. The demand for credits was only fairly good. Interest rates ranged between 5 and 6 per cent.

New York exchange was quoted at 40 cents premium.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing	$1,835,160
Balance	204,277

The local market for securities was only fairly active to-day. Evansville Light common, which goes into the Union Railway, Gas and Electric Company on a share-for-share basis, was the feature of strength, closing at the Stock Exchange at 45½ bid for a large lot, a net advance for the day of 1⅛. The preferred was also strong, selling ex-dividend at 93⅛. Portland Railway, Light and Power common was steady and unchanged. West Penn common was a trifle easier. Louisville Tobacco Warehouse common was a point higher, being 65 bid. Bourbon Stockyards was in demand. The outside list was dull and steady.

At the Stock Exchange Rochester Railway and Light 5s were $1,000 offered at 98¾.

Springfield Railway and Light 5s were 97 bid for $3,000 and $2,000 offered at 97½.

St. Joe 5s were 101¼ bid for $1,000.

L., H. and St. L. 5s were $2,500 offered at 110½ and 110 bid for $1,000.

Union National Bank (ex-dividend) was four shares sold at 225 at the morning session, and was 225 bid and 235 asked, ten shares each way, at the afternoon session.

American National Bank was 142 bid for ten shares.

Avery common was 81 bid for any part of 100 shares.

Avery preferred was 89 bid and 93 asked, ten shares each way.

Bourbon Stockyards (ex-dividend) was 84½ bid and 86 asked, ten shares each way.

Columbia Gas and Electric was 26¼ bid for fifty shares.

Evansville Light common was bid up from 44 to 44½ for 250 shares and 45 bid for ten shares, and ten offered at 46½ at the morning session, and was 45½ bid for any part of 300 shares, with none offering, at the afternoon session.

Evansville Light preferred (ex-dividend) was ten shares sold at 93⅛ and fifty offered at 95.

Louisville Tobacco Warehouse common was 65 bid, an advance of a point, twenty shares wanted.

Peoria Light common was eighteen shares sold at 70½ and 70 bid for fifty.

Peoria Light preferred was 100 bid and 101¾ asked, thirty-one shares each way.

East St. Louis and Suburban common was fifty-one shares offered at 45 at the morning session, and was fifty shares offered at 45 at the afternoon session.

East St. Louis and Suburban preferred was 80 bid and 80½ asked, ten shares each way.

Louisville Traction common was ten shares sold at 95, ten offered at 95¼ and fifty offered at 95⅜ at the morning session, and was fifty shares offered at 95¼ at the afternoon session.

Portland common was 79¼ bid for fifty shares and sold, fifty more offered at 79¾ and 79¼ bid for fifty, at the morning session, and was 79 bid for fifty at the afternoon session.

Rochester Railway and Light preferred was 88½ for ten shares.

Springfield Railway and Light was 111 bid for 100 shares at the morning session and was 110¾ bid for twenty-five at the afternoon session.

St. Joe common was 54 bid and 55 asked, sixty shares each way.

St. Joe preferred was fifty shares offered at 86¼ and 85½ bid for ten.

Toledo was 8⅞ bid for ten shares.

West Penn common was 44½ bid and 45¾ asked, ten shares each way.

West Penn preferred was ten shares sold at 78⅛.

Tri-City common was 22 bid for ten shares.

St. Louis United Railways common closed in St. Louis at 22½ to 22¾, the preferred at 66⅝ to 67¼ and the 4s at 84½ to 84⅝.

Kansas City Railway and Light common was quoted in Chicago at 48 to 50.

Columbia Gas and Electric sold in Cincinnati at 26⅝ and closed at 26⅝ to 27¼.

United Railways Investment preferred sold in New York at 55 and closed at 55 to 56½. The common closed at 37 to 39.

American Tobacco closed at 435 to 445, Standard Oil at 687 to 690, Subway at 22½ to 25 and Giroux at 7⅛ to 7¾.

New Orleans Railway and Light common was quoted in New Orleans at 17⅝ to 18, the preferred at 47⅞ to 48¾ and the 4½s at 88⅝ to 88⅞.

American Cities common was quoted at 46⅛ bid and the preferred at 94½ to 95.

Stock Exchange Sales.

The following sales were made at the Stock Exchange to-day:

MORNING SESSION.

18 shares Peoria Light com	70½
10 shares Louisville Traction com	95
50 shares Portland common	79¼
4 shares Union National Bank	225
10 shares Evansville Light pref.	93⅛
AFTERNOON SESSION.	
10 shares West Penn pref.	78⅛

The following are the latest bid and asked prices made for securities at the Stock Exchange:

Bank Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
American National Bank	142	145
Continental National Bank	...	100
Citizens' National Bank	218¾	221
First National Bank	...	125
German Bank	350	...
German Insurance Bank	335	350
German Security Bank	173	175
Louisville National Banking Co.	143	145
National Bank of Commerce	182	187½
National Bank of Kentucky	192½	195
Southern National Bank	129	134
Stock Yards Bank	130	...
Third National Bank	128	...
Union National Bank	‡225	235

Trust Company Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
Columbia Trust Co	127	128
Fidelity Trust Co	331	340
Louisville Trust Co	151	154
United States Trust Co	108	110

Street Railway Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Birmingham Ry., L. and P. 4½s.	91½	...
Chattanooga Rys. Co. 5s	96¾	97½
Dallas Electric 5s	94	98
E. St. Louis and Suburban 5s	99½	100
Houston Electric 5s	...	96
Knoxville Ry. and Light 5s	94	94½
Louisville Railway 5s	107	107¾
Louisville Ry. 2d mor. 4½s.	99½	100
Memphis St. Ry. 5s	98⅝	99¼
Nashville Ry. and Light 5s	101¾	102
Nashville Ry. and Light Rfg. 5s	92	92½
New Albany St. Ry. 5s	97½	98
New Orleans Ry. and Light 4½s.	88⅝	88⅞
Paducah Trac. and Light 5s	...	90
Pascagoula St. Ry. and P. 5s	...	90
Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	98	98¾
Savannah Electric 5s	90	96
Seattle Electric 5s	105	107¼
Springfield Ry. and Light 5s	97	97½
St. Joseph Ry., L., H. and P. 5s.	101¼	102
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon 5s.	95½	98
West Penn Railway 5s	98¾	100¼

Railroad and Miscellaneous Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Fayette Home Telephone 5s	80	...
L., H. and St. L. 1st mor. 5s	110	110½
Louisville Home Telephone 5s	86½	†87
Peoria Light 5s	91	92½
Chattanooga Gas Co. first 5s	93	94½

City of Louisville Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 4s, 1910	100	100½
City 5s, old L., 1911	102½	104
City 4s, Mun. Imp., 1923	102½	103
City 4s, Mun. Imp., 1928	102¾	103¼
City 4s, Parks, 1939	102½	103
City 4s, Sewers, 1947	104	105
City 4s, refunding, 1937	103	104
City 3½s, refunding, 1940	95¾	96½
City 3½s, refunding, 1941	95¾	96½
City 3½s, refunding, 1943	96	96¾
City 3s, Sewers and Parks, 1941	...	81¼

Industrial and Miscellaneous Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
B. F. Avery & Sons com	81	91
Do preferred	89	93
Bourbon Stockyards	85	...
Central Home Telephone	⅞	1¼
Columbia Gas and Electric	26¾	27
Denver Gas and Electric	185	...
Evansville Light com	45½	46¼
Do preferred	93⅛	95
Fayette Home Telephone	35	...
Federal Chemical com	50	52½
Do preferred	...	100½
Houghton Co. Elec. Light com	16	18½
Do preferred	22¾	23½
Kentucky Wagon Works	...	136
Louisville Bridge stock	145	...
Louisville Gas stock	...	97½
Louisville Heating com	48¾	49½
Do preferred	80½	81
Louisville Home Telephone	23	30
Louisville Title Co	103	105½
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. com	65	...
Do preferred	125	130
Michigan Light com	81¼	...
Do preferred	98	99¾
New Galt House com	...	16
Do preferred	...	70
Pacific Coast Power	...	100¼
Peoria Light com	70	...
Do preferred	100	101¾
Rehm-Zeiher pref.	100	102
Seelbach Realty com	96	101
Do preferred	100	...
Turner, Day & Woolworth com	103	...
Do preferred	117	130

Street Railway Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Cities Ry. and Lt. com.	47	...
Do preferred	96	...
Birmingham Ry., L. and P. com.	57	61
Do preferred	...	95
Chattanooga Rys. com	85	87½

	Bid.	Asked.
Do preferred	80	81
Col., Dela. and Marion Ry. Co.	...	34
Dallas Electric com	20	25
Do preferred	...	50
E. St. Louis and Suburban com.	...	43½
Do preferred	80	85½
Grand Rapids com	...	75½
Do preferred	82½	85½
Lex. and Interurban Rys. Co.	6	7½
Louisville Traction com	94⅞	95¼
Do preferred	113¾	114½
Louisville and Eastern com	...	28⅛
Do preferred	12	...
Memphis Street Railway com	...	67
Do preferred	82½	...
Nashville Ry. and Light com	41½	42
Do preferred	83½	85
New Albany Street Ry. pref.	85	...
New Orleans Ry. and Light com.	16½	17½
Do preferred	46½	47½
Norfolk Railway and Light Co.	...	17
Northern Texas Electric com	46	49½
Do preferred	95	97½
Paducah Trac. and Light com	...	20
Do preferred	30	50
Portland Ry., L. and P. com	79	...
Do preferred	...	89½
Rochester Ry. and Light pref.	88½	89
Rochester Railway pref.	100	...
Savannah Electric com	13¾	19
Do preferred	...	85
Seattle Electric com	109	115
Do preferred	102	108
Springfield Railway and Light	110¾	...
St. Joseph L., H. and P. com	54	55
Do preferred	85¼	86¼
Toledo Railways and Light	8⅞	9½
Tri-City Ry. and Light com	22	23½
Do preferred	91	91½
United Railways Invest. com	39	40
Do preferred	...	68¾
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon Ry.	41½	41¾
West Penn Rys. com	44½	45¾
Do preferred	77½	78¾

†Less than $1,000 bond or ten shares stock.
‡Ex-dividend.

Large increases in gross and net earnings and surplus are reported by the Portland Railway, Light and Power Company for the month of May and the five months ending with May. During May surplus increased nearly 51 per cent., and after the preferred dividend was at the rate of 9.09 per cent. on the common, against 5.18 per cent. in May last year. Surplus for the five months increased $107,866, or 43.62 per cent., equal to a full year's dividend on the preferred and 1.05 per cent. on the common. The surplus for the year 1908, after the preferred dividend, was equal to 5.94 per cent. on the common, and indications are for between 9 and 10 per cent. this year. In quarters usually well informed it is stated that the common stock will go on a 4 per cent. dividend basis September 1. The latest statement compares as follows:

May.	1909.	Inc.	% Inc.
Gross earnings	$399,580	$43,815	12.32
Operating expenses	177,920	*402	*.23
Net earnings	$221,660	$44,217	24.91
Fixed charges	125,026	11,583	10.21
Surplus	$96,643	$32,628	50.97

Five months ending May 31:

	1909.	Inc.	% Inc.
Gross earnings	$1,842,035	$135,503	7.94
Operating expenses	877,732	[illegible] 26	...
Net earnings	$964,303	$135,477	16.35
Fixed charges	609,160	27,611	4.75
Surplus	$355,143	$107,866	43.62

*Decrease.

The Toledo Railways and Light Company reports as follows:

May.	1909.	Inc.
Gross earnings	$212,835	$13,892
Operating expenses	126,611	17,167
Net earnings	$86,224	*$3,275
Other income	320	239
Total income	$86,544	*$3,066
Charges	70,871	*848
Surplus	$15,673	*$2,218
From January 1 to May 31:		
Gross earnings	$1,085,532	$56,725
Operating expenses	621,109	46,179
Net earnings	$464,223	$10,546
Other income	908	*1,866
Total income	$465,131	$8,680
Charges	354,651	6,277
Surplus	$110,480	$2,403

*Decrease.

Gross earnings of the railway department of the Seattle Electric Company for the week ending June 12 showed an increase of $21,999.75, or 35½ per cent.

Southern Railway's gross earnings for the third week of June were $931,566, an increase of $27,840, and since July 1 last year $50,843,483, an increase of $454,819.

The American Wool and Cotton Reporter estimates that new textile mill construction in New England this year will equal fully $40,000,000, while the South's new textile construction for the year is placed at $25,000,000. Within a year, it is said, Massachusetts alone will need 15,000 to 20,000 new mill workers.

Indications are that gross earnings of the Louisville and Nashville for the fiscal year ending June 30 will be $850,000 larger than for the year ending June 30, 1908. Only one week remains to be heard from. From July 1 last year up to and including the first three weeks of June this year gross earnings amounted to $44,359,534, an increase of $802,604 compared with the preceding year. Gross for the third week of this month amounted to $814,170, an increase of $13,455, and for the first three weeks of this month $2,473,265, an increase of $110,965.

The first bale of cotton to reach Southern markets this season was sold in Texas on Thursday, June 24. That was the date on which the first bale from Texas was placed on exhibition at the New York Cotton Exchange a year ago, indicating that the season this year is fully a week later than in 1908.

Specifications for finished steel products will make a new record in June, exceeding the tonnage of May and of April by a good margin, according to Pittsburg advices. The total of actual business put on the books in these three months is far ahead of the actual production for the period, so that the position as to actual operations is greatly strengthened. New buying in the regular merchant lines has been comparatively light, as buyers are well covered by contracts recently made, and the chief interest has been in specifications.

The railroads have bought rails and cars on a liberal scale, the month's total bookings in these lines being easily the heaviest of the year, and, as deliveries are well spread out, steady consumption of steel products in this direction through the remainder of the year is promised. Steel car plants are well booked to run at their present rate for several months to come, and some large car orders are still in sight, although the size of the prospective purchases has been greatly exaggerated in some recent reports.

The report of the Texas Railroad Commission shows earnings for the first ten months of the fiscal year as follows: Freight $63,379,977, increase $4,624,421, or 9.48 per cent.; passenger $21,872,804, increase $745,885, or 3.63 per cent.; other sources $323,914, increase $58,131, or 21.87 per cent.

The largest shipment of gold ever sent from Alaska was received at Seattle, Wash., last week, according to advices received from that city, the consignment weighing six and a half tons, valued at $3,200,000.

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

Increase in Central Trust Company's stock from $1,000,000 to $3,000,000 effective to-day.

Republic Iron and Steel Company announces open shop in all its mills.

Large increase in immigration continues.

No special hardening of money rates over end of half-year.

Shipments of United States Steel Corporation from Lake Superior expected to show same as figures of 1907.

Twenty roads for the third week of June show an average gross increase of 12.37 per cent.

National City Bank shows principal gain in cash and largest reductions in loans in bank statement.

Further reduction in loans best feature of statement.

Nine banks reported less than 25 per cent. reserves, against five last week and six last year.

Regular quarterly dividend on Northern Pacific.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—Reading was the chief feature of the day and has made a good advance. Floor traders buy it because of the strength it has shown since the recent dip. There are rumors, of course, of pending good things for the stockholders, but they are very vague and of much the same character as off and on for a year or two back. It is hoped by some that the segregation of the Lackawanna coal lands will be the signal for some bonus in Reading, but the organizations of the two companies are radically different, the Reading coal lands

IT IS NOT SPRING FEVER

That causes that tired feeling. The accumulated impurities and malaria of winter are in your system, and your lack of energy shows you have either a mild form of la grippe or that it is nothing

BUT MALARIAL FEVER.

Nine people out of ten in this climate are victims of chills, dumb ague, intermittent fevers, or a mild influenza, especially this late spring. For these the most successful remedy ever known is

WINTERSMITH'S TONIC

For thirty years this old, reliable remedy has cured every form of fever and ague, dumb chills, remittent and intermittent fevers. Creates appetite, aids digestion, permanently eradicates malaria, cures grippe and it

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market as a whole is decidedly firm, but much being already in a surplus company. The less active than has been the case in the past few weeks, and seems inclined to mark time for a bit while the crops are ripening.—(Post & Flagg to John W. & D. S. Green.

New York.—The market was dull and uninteresting. The closeness of the vote on corporation tax may keep the market somewhat irregular, but there is an acknowledged scarcity of stocks at going prices, and even passage of the tax will hardly change the character of the market.—(J. S. Bache & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

New York.—We think the advance was principally on shorts. We look for a dull market, with gradually rising prices.—(Kelley, Howell & Co. to Almstedt Bros.

New York.—The market narrowed down to the transaction of the few room traders, who must be doing something all the while. Commission business became nil. London bought a few stocks, arbitrage houses estimating about 15,000 shares bought. We are very close to a long holiday and entering the most critical point of the corn-growing season. We are inclined to look for an uneventful market for the immediate future and believe whatever opportunities there will be will be of the trading variety.—(Miller & Co. to John L. Dunlap.

New York.—Stocks were stubbornly strong in a stagnant market. Better crop reports sent wheat down more than 1c in some options, but cotton made a new high record for the May option. London showed the effect of realizing sales in the American market and there were three unimportant failures in that city. Steel material has advanced more than $4 a ton from the low price established in the recent cut. It is still advancing and the market for copper metal is also growing stronger. We feel it is about time to take a very conservative position on stocks, with the idea of picking them up on weak spots, ready for a material advance when the crops are finally safe.—(Finley Barrell & Co. to E. E. Paine & Co.

New York.—The stock market exhibited a rallying tendency under the leadership of Reading, on which various reports are being circulated with reference to a segregation plan for the company's holdings of coal properties and higher prices are predicted for the issue. Activity for the most part was restricted to a few issues, and although the professional element were reported as awaiting an opportunity to engineer a selling movement the pressure from this quarter was not pronounced and the list closed with a strong tone.—(W. L. Lyons & Co.

New York.—Stocks exhibited a good deal of irregularity to-day, with the trading of small proportions. The features were few and we expect the same sort of market all the week. Reading afforded about the best chances for trading, with a moderate chance in Wabash preferred. Banking interests appeared to care for nothing except to keep the market steady. They are evidently making time on the crops and the tariff. There was little selling pressure, most of the offerings coming from the traders who are bearishly inclined. We think the short interest is somewhat increased and that any positively good news would easily put stocks higher. Continue buying on all drives.—(C. I. Hudson & Co. to S. C. Henning & Co.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, June 28.—Money on call easy at 1¾@2 per cent.; ruling rate 1¾; closing bid 1¾; offered at 1¾; time loans easy; 60 days 2@2¼ per cent.; 90 days 2¼@2½; six months 3@3½; prime mercantile paper 3½@4. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.8655@4.8660 for 60-day bills and at \$4.8810 for demand; commercial bills \$4.86@4.86⅝. Bar silver 52⅝c. Mexican dollars 44c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds steady.

The period around July 1 is one traditionally of quiet stock trading. This normal tendency was emphasized to-day by several additional circumstances which combined to throw the market into a state of stagnation not approached for many months past. The intense heat of last week drove many usually active participants in market operations away from Wall street, and with the prospect of a short week to follow with the closing of the Stock Exchange on next Saturday as well as the following Monday already decided on, there was little incentive to take up activities.

The fact that no attempt would be made to stir the market from its apathetic state became obvious very early in the session. After the first hour the market was practically idle. Some attention was paid to reports of crop conditions, but the market received no stimulus from these reports, which are not expected to be definite in their indications of the outcome of the principal crops for several weeks from this time. Advices were favorable regarding the winter wheat harvest, but some complaints were heard about the cotton prospects. The entering of the tariff bill upon the final stages of its discussion gives promise of a much-desired consummation, although the speculation and march of business have gone forward so effectively without waiting for the termination of the tariff struggle that some question arises as to the course of the speculation with actual enactment of the law.

Confidence is unimpaired that the July money settlements will offer no factor of disturbance and money markets remained in the soft and yielding state that has characterized them for some time past. Engagement of \$2,000,000 gold to-day for shipment to Europe was in spite of a show of growing abundance of money in foreign markets, which lowered the discount rate to-day both in London and Berlin. The state of the merchandise exchanges still calls for shipments of gold in payment. This continued control of the exchange market by foreign money centers, while their own abundance of money gives small inducement to exercise it, offers a condition which promises well for foreign participation in American securities issues. Further large issues are known to be in prospect, although their flotation would be arranged not to come with the half-yearly money settlements at the first of July.

The shipments of gold going on from New York are a measure of relief from a plethoric money market, due to the excess of the inflow of money from the interior over the outgo by gold exports, the amount of the latter since the first of January having risen slightly over \$60,000, while the excess of receipts from the interior over shipments at that time is estimated at no less than \$100,000,000. Deposits of Canadian funds in New York banks and the placing of Canadian loans on call in New York have expanded enormously in the year past, so that a revival of business activity would bring a call on New York from that source as well as from our own interior banks. Not the slightest sign of such a call has manifested itself yet.

This promise of the continued money abundance is a strong factor in keeping alive expectation of future speculative activity. The Wabash deal and the anthracite holding companies were made to do new duty in the day's meager speculation, but only languid interest was aroused.

Bonds were steady. Total sales (par value), \$4,647,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call.

Bank Clearings.

St. Louis, June 28.—(Special.)—Clearings \$9,870,158; balances \$913,789. Call money 4½@5 per cent. New York exchange 40c premium bid, 50c premium asked.

Chicago, June 28.—(Special.)—Clearings \$44,062,592; balances \$3,149,065. New York exchange 30c premium. Money 3¾@4¼ per cent.; 60 days 3¾@4 per cent.

Cincinnati, June 28.—(Special.)—Clearings \$4,254,550. New York exchange 25@30c premium. Collateral loans 4 per cent. Discounts 4½ per cent.

Boston, June 28.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston \$18,118,090; in New York \$166,672,113. New York funds sold at par.

Memphis, June 28.—(Special.)—Clearings \$610,154.40. Exchange \$1@1.50 discount selling, buying at par.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, June 28.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the \$150,000,000 gold reserve, shows:

Available cash balance	\$122,358,277
Gold coin and bullion	42,614,124
Gold certificates	27,638,110

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cl'sg Bid.
Allis-Chalmers pfd.	100	51½	51½	51½
Amal. Copper	5,200	81⅛	80⅝	80⅞
Am'n Agricultural	100	43½	43½	43⅝
Am'n Beet Sugar	400	43⅝	43⅛	43
American Can pfd.	300	81¾	81½	81¾
Am. Car & F'dry	400	56⅝	56¼	56
Am'n Cotton Oil	900	74⅝	74	73⅞
Am. H. and L. pf.	....	....	....	41½
Am. Ice Securities	200	39½	39¼	39¾
American Linseed	....	....	....	16⅞
Am'n Locomotive	100	59⅜	59⅜	59
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	1,300	90⅝	90⅛	90⅜
Do preferred	600	110⅝	110½	110⅞
Am. Sugar Ref'g.	1,200	124⅝	124	124⅝
Am. Tel. and Tel.	1,400	142¼	141¾	142
Am. Tobacco pfd.	100	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
American Woolen	100	34	34	33½
Ana. Mining Co.	900	48¼	47½	47¾
Atchison	3,500	115½	115	115⅛
Do preferred	600	106½	106¼	106¼
Atl. Coast Line	100	128¼	128¼	128½
B. and O.	900	117⅝	117⅛	117⅝
Do preferred	....	....	....	94
Bethlehem Steel	500	30	29½	30
Brooklyn Rapid T.	200	79⅝	79½	79½
Canadian Pacific	100	182	182	182
Central Leather	200	31	30⅞	30⅞
Do preferred	....	....	....	103½
Central of N. J.	100	288	288	285@295
C. and O.	15,200	77⅝	76⅝	77¼
C. and A.	....	....	....	67½
Chicago Gt. West.	2,500	2⅜	2⅛	2
C. and N. W.	....	....	....	182½
C., M. and St. P.	2,100	153	152½	152⅞
C., C., C. and St. L.	....	....	....	73
Col. Fuel and I.	1,800	43⅝	42⅞	43¼
Col. and Southern	300	57½	57	56¾
Do 1st pref.	200	81⅝	81⅝	81½
Do 2d pref.	100	80¼	80¼	80½
Consolidated Gas	200	140	140	139⅝
Corn Products	300	22¼	22⅞	22¾
Del. and Hudson	1,500	194⅛	192	194
D. and R. G.	400	48½	48	48⅜
Do preferred	200	86	86	85½
Dist. Securities	....	....	....	38⅞
Erie	5,600	36	35⅝	35⅞
Do 1st pref.	600	52⅝	52½	52½
Do 2d pref.	400	43½	43¼	43
Gen. Electric	....	....	....	161
Gt. Northern pref.	2,300	149	148½	148¾
Gt. Nor. Ore ctfs.	500	75⅝	75½	75⅛
Illinois Central	200	148	148	148
Interboro-Met.	9,100	17⅝	17	17
Do preferred	24,200	52⅝	51⅜	51⅞
Inter Harvester	....	....	....	84¼
Inter. Marine pfd.	400	24⅝	24½	24¾
Internat'l Paper	400	16⅜	16⅛	15⅞
Internat'l Pump	....	....	....	39⅝
Iowa Central	700	30	29⅝	29¼
K. C. Southern	4,800	46½	45	46¼
Do preferred	800	72⅝	72	72½
L. and N.	300	141¼	141	140½
Minn. and St. L.	....	....	....	55
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie	100	138⅝	138⅝	138⅝
Missouri Pacific	200	73	73	72½
M., K. and T.	1,600	40⅞	40⅝	40½
Do preferred	....	....	....	72
National Biscuit	....	....	....	103½
National Lead	700	86	85¾	85⅝
Nat'l Rys. of Mexico 1st pfd.	....	....	....	51
N. Y. Central	2,600	132⅝	132⅛	132⅞
N. Y., O. and W.	1,400	53⅛	52½	52¾
Norfolk and West.	200	90	90	89
North American	900	82⅝	81⅝	82
Northern Pacific	4,600	151½	150¼	151¼
Pacific Mail	900	32⅞	32	32
Pennsylvania	1,100	136½	136¼	136¼
People's Gas	200	113½	113½	113½
P., C., C. and St. L.	....	....	....	91⅞
Pressed Steel Car.	100	42⅝	42⅝	42½
Pullman Pal. Car.	....	....	....	187@190
Ry. Steel Spring	....	....	....	43
Reading	95,800	156⅝	151¼	156⅝
Republic Steel	600	31	30½	30½
Do preferred	400	104¼	104	103⅞
Rock Island Co.	9,200	31⅝	30⅞	31¼
Do preferred	2,900	70⅝	69⅞	70½
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	....	....	....	42½
St. L. Southwest.	200	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝
Do preferred	500	68⅝	68½	68⅝
Sloss-Sh'ff'ld Steel	....	....	....	81½
Southern Pacific	13,900	131	130⅝	130⅞
Do preferred	2,300	132⅝	132⅜	132⅝
Southern Railway	1,300	31	30⅝	31⅛
Do preferred	....	....	....	69
Tennessee Copper	100	38¼	38¼	37½
Texas and Pacific	....	....	....	34¾
T., St. L. and W.	500	48¼	45¾	46½
Do preferred	1,000	69	68	68
Union Pacific	23,300	193⅜	192¾	193
Do preferred	1,100	103	102½	102
U. S. Realty	....	....	....	80¼
U. S. Rubber	300	38⅜	38⅜	38½
U. S. Steel	20,900	66⅝	63¼	66⅜
Do preferred	2,500	124⅝	123⅝	124⅝
Utah Copper	700	49	48⅝	48½
U. S. Cast I. Pipe	....	....	....	32
Do preferred	100	85	85	84
Va.-Car. Chemical	300	55	54½	54½
Wabash	1,600	21⅞	21½	21½
Do preferred	9,000	57⅝	56⅛	57
Western Maryland	4,400	14	12⅞	13¼
West'house Elec.	....	....	....	84
Western Union	....	....	....	72
W. and L. E.	....	....	....	10
Wisconsin Central	700	55	54½	54

Total sales for the day 330,700 shares.

U. S. BONDS.

The following are the closing quotations on Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Refunding 2s, registered	101½	102
Do coupon	101½	102½
3s, registered	101½	102¼
Do coupon	101⅝	102¼
Small bonds	100	...
New 4s, registered	118	119
Do coupon	120¼	...
Panama 2s, registered	101	101½
Panama 2s, registered, 1938	101	101½
District of Columbia 3.65s	108¼	...
Philippine 4s	101	...

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, June 28.—Money was in moderate supply and good demand on the market to-day, and discounts were easy. The Bank of England secured over \$5,000,000 in gold available. Trading on the Stock Exchange was generally dull, with a drooping tendency in most departments. The announcement of three small failures, although unimportant, accentuated the dullness in the afternoon. Consols and gilt-edged securities were overshadowed by the new issues. Argentine rails were easy. Kaffirs closed lower on Paris sales, after a steady opening. American securities opened irregular. Later fair buying caused an improvement, and at midday the market was steady, with prices from ⅛ lower to ⅝ higher than Saturday's close. The dealings were entirely professional and kept the market steady till New York's fractional lower opening. Values then sagged, and the market closed dull, with a hardening tendency. Closing quotations follow: Consols for money and account 84 1-16; Anaconda 9⅝; Atchison 118¾; do preferred 109½; Baltimore and Ohio 120½; Canadian Pacific 186¾; Chesapeake and Ohio 78⅝; Chicago Great Western 2½; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 156; De Beers 14; Denver and Rio Grande 49⅛; do preferred 88; Erie 35¾; do first preferred 53¾; do second do 44; Grand Trunk 23⅝; Illinois Central 151⅛; Louisville and Nashville 144½; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 41⅝; New York Central 135½; Norfolk and Western 91½; do preferred 90; Ontario and Western 53⅝; Pennsylvania 69⅝; Rand Mines 10; Reading 79; Southern Railway 31⅝; do preferred 71; Southern Pacific 132¼; Union Pacific 197⅝; do preferred 105½; United States Steel 67⅞; do preferred 126⅝; Wabash 22; do preferred 58; Spanish 4s 97½; Amalgamated Copper 83. Bar silver steady; 24 1-16d per ounce. Money 1¼@1½ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 1⅛@1¼ per cent.; do for three months' bills 1⅛@1 11-16 per cent.

Berlin, June 28.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were weak on the unchanged political situation. Exchange on London 20 marks 43½ pfgs. for checks. Money 3 per cent. for short term. Private rate of discount 2¾ per cent.

Paris, June 28.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were heavy. Three per cent. rentes 97f 12½c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 19c for checks.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, June 28, 1909.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1909.	Ship'd 1909.	Rec'd 1908.	Ship'd 1908.
Ag'l impl'ts, lbs.	48,900	168,140	75,700	74,313
Boots and shoes, cases	146	175	494	504
Coffee, lbs.	32,275	30,490	7,010	36,273
Drugs, pkgs.	1,174	1,033	400	2,260
Dry goods, notions, etc., pkgs	1,726	2,916	1,798	3,960
Flour, bbls.	....	1,909	....	3,489
Furniture, lbs.	26,220	126,130	8,000	102,665
Corn, bush.	3,000	9,250	48,600	49,850
Oats, bush.	3,400	2,825	6,000	1,225
Wheat, bush.	....	....	5,000	....
Hardware, pkgs.	809	3,998	282	4,918
Hay, tons	94	....	99	10
Hides, lbs.	103,055	....	1,725	....
Bacon, lbs.	48,000	44,050	....	170,815
Hams, lbs.	....	100	....	1,800
Lard, lbs.	6,000	30,425	....	30,504
Pig iron, tons	364	34	200	....
Leather, lbs.	....	35,275	1,693	42,637
Nails, kegs	800	168	350	845
Cotton-seed oil, bbls.	100	68	450	240
Apples, gr., bbls.	76	....	11	20
Onions, bbls.	15	5	....	1,468
Potatoes, bbls.	....	146	10	104
Seed, grass and clover, lbs.	....	7,465	40,620	125
Soap, lbs.	....	50,455	....	44,820
Stoves, stove castings, lbs.	....	40,000	24,960	79,055
Sugar, bbls.	1,000	268	300	371
Tobacco, leaf, hds.	207	175	266	348
Tobacco, mfd., lbs.	4,210	152,880	12,110	195,275
Wagons, lbs.	....	31,120	24,000	77,240
Whisky, bbls.	353	1,270	319	1,120

LOCAL MARKETS.

The following quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city:

BEANS—North fancy Michigan \$2.85; New York French red kidney fancies \$2.50; Lima 5½c.

BUTTER—Elgin 27c in 60-lb. tubs, 27½c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 28c; renovated 25c in 30-lb. tubs, 26c in lb. prints.

CHEESE—Full cream daisies 16c; full cream long horns 16@16½c; full cream Limburger 15c; cases 14½c; full cream brick 16c; cases 15½c; domestic Swiss 18@20c; New York creams 16c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 14½@15½c; Maracaibo 12@13c; La Guayra 12½@13½c; Mocha 20@24c; Java 24@26c. Green Rios: Fancy 13½c; choice 13c; prime 12c; good 11½c; roasting grades 10c; Santos 10½@13c; Home Comfort in lb. packages 18c.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement \$1.25@1.55 per bbl.; Louisville cement 65@85c per bbl.; lime 70@85c per bbl.; plaster Paris \$1.65@2 per bbl.

CORN PRODUCTS—Corn meal \$1.80 per 100 lbs.; hominy, grits and pearl meals \$1.90 per 100 lbs.; hominy meal \$27.50 per ton; cracked corn \$31 per ton; feed meal \$30 per ton.

FIELD SEED—Choice timothy \$1.80 per bu.; clover \$6.00 per bu.; orchard grass \$1.80 per bu.; Kentucky bluegrass, fancy \$1.25 per bu.; red top, fancy 15c per lb.; English bluegrass, \$2.25; rape 7@1¾c per lb.; German millet \$1.40 per bu.; cowpeas \$1.70 per bu.; amber cane seed \$1.40 per bu.

FLOUR—Minnesota patents \$6.50@6.75 per bbl.; plain patents \$6.25; straights \$5.75; family \$5.25; low grades \$5; winter patents \$7@7.25; winter straights \$6.25; low grades \$5.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—Currants, per lb. 10@11c; raisins, London layers, per box \$1.85; Sultana raisins 10@11c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 50-lb. boxes, 6c; prunes, California new 5½@7c; peaches 8c; pears 10@11c; figs, Smyrna, layer, 14c per lb. in boxes weighing from 10 to 15 lbs.; apricots 13c; dates, new Persian, 70-lb. boxes, 6½c per lb.; evaporated apples 7½@8½c.

HAY—Following are the prices of hay in cars as it is selling to-day on its arrival: No. 1 timothy \$17; No. 2 timothy \$15.50; No. 3 timothy \$14.50; No. 1 clover, mixed \$15; No. 2 clover, mixed \$14; No. 1 clover hay \$13; No. 2 clover hay \$12; wheat straw \$5.50@6; oats straw \$5; rye straw \$7.50.

IRON AND HARDWARE—Iron bars \$1.60 for base; tool steel 9c per lb. for base; soft steel \$1.70 for base; steel roofing, corrugated, \$2.30; V-crimped \$2.45 per square; black sheets, No. 14 \$2.35; No. 16 \$2.50; No. 18 \$2.70; No. 20 \$2.70; No. 22 \$2.75; No. 24 \$2.75; No. 26 \$2.80; No. 27 \$2.85; No. 28 \$2.90; No. 30 \$3.05; wire nails \$2.05 base; cut steel nails \$2 base; plain black wire \$1.95 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.; barber wire, painted \$2.30; galvanized \$2.65 per 100 lbs.; horseshoes, No. 2 and larger, Juanita \$3.90 keg; Perkins' \$4.04½ base; Burden's \$4.20 keg; Hudson \$3.85 keg; harrow teeth \$2.85 per 100 lbs.; carriage bolts, ⅜x6 and smaller 75 per cent. discount; larger and longer 70 per cent. discount; machine bolts, ⅜x4 and smaller 75 per cent. discount; larger and longer 70 @75 per cent. discount.

MILL OFFAL—In carlots: Bran \$30; shorts \$30.50; shipstuffs \$31.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 32c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 42c; centrifugals 24@30c.

NUTS—Almonds, Tarragona 15c per lb.; filberts, Sicily 12c; California walnuts, soft shell, No. 1 13c per lb.; Texas pecans, Jumbo 13c; mixed nuts 12c; Brazil nuts 11c; French walnuts 11c; peanuts, fancy H. P. green 6c; roasted 7c; cocoanuts \$3.50 per 100; less than 100 4c each.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 88c per gallon, 90c per gallon in half barrels; No. 3 80c; linseed 65c for raw and 61c for boiled, 1c less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 67c; extra No. 1 55c; No. 1 52c; No. 2 50c; benzine 12c; straits oily 33c; black oil 9@13c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 25c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined, 50c per gallon; Peerless pastry oil 52c; coal oil, Kentucky test 10c; Indiana test 10½c; radiant 11½c; star headlight, 175 test, 12½c; turpentine 58c; wood alcohol 55c; denatured alcohol 45c in bbls. and 50c in ½ bbls.; pine tar 19c per gallon.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white lead 6¾@7½c per lb.; red 7@7½c, less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1¾c; yellow ochre 1¼c.

PROVISIONS—Hams—Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 14½@15c; heavy to medium 14⅜c. Bacon—Clear rib sides 13½c; regular clear sides 13½c; breakfast bacon 17½c; sugar-cured shoulders 11½c; bellies, light, 15c; heavy 15c. Lard—Prime steady; in tierces 9⅜c; pure lard in tierces 12½c; in tubs 13c; pure leaf lard in tierces 14c; in tubs 14¼c, in firkins 14¼c. Dried beef 15c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 4c per lb.; fancy 7c; Japan 5½c; Carolina head 7c; fancy Patna 7¼c.

SALT—Delivered in drayload lots: 7-bu. bbl. \$1.23@1.33; 5-bu. bbl. \$1.03@1.10; dairy salt \$1.50@2.40 per bbl.; freezing salt in 200-lb. sacks, 70c per sack.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list of October 1, 1903: Single 90 and 40 per cent. off list; double 90 and 45 per cent. off.

The following quotations represent the prices paid by wholesale dealers of this city:

FEATHERS—Prime white goose 40@42c per lb.; gray 30@32c; No. 1 old white 25@35c; No. 2 old white 20@24c; white duck 35c; old and mixed dark 10@18c; dry chicken feathers 3@3½c per lb.

HAY—Following are the prices of hay in cars as it is selling to-day on its arrival: No. 1 timothy \$17; No. 2 timothy \$15.50; No. 3 timothy \$14.50; No. 1 clover, mixed \$15; No. 2 clover, mixed \$14; No. 1 clover hay \$13; No. 2 clover hay \$12; wheat straw \$5.50@6; oats straw \$5; rye straw \$7.50.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides. We quote assorted lots: Dry flint 20@21c; dry salted 18@19c; green salted 12@12½c; fresh green 11@11½c; No. 1 large horse hides, green salted, mane and tail, \$3@3.25; No. 2 \$2; sheepskins with wool on 15c @\$1; shearings from 5c to 20c, according to wool and size; goatskins 25@40c.

ROOTS—Dry. All roots ought to be washed before dried and ginseng roots should not be split and strung. Indiana ginseng \$6@6.25; Kentucky ginseng \$5.50@6.25, according to size of roots; "Golden Seal" yellow root \$1.35@1.40; Seneca snake root 30c; Virginia snake root 25c; blood root 4½@5c; lady slipper 12@15c; Mayapple 5c; pink root 15c.

TALLOW—No. 1 6½c; No. 2 5c.

WOOL—Easier; dealers are quoting Kentucky and Indiana clear merchantable grease wool 28@29c; Bluegrass grease wool 31@32c; burry wool 15@25c, according to burrs; black wool 24@25c; dead sheep and seedy wool 18@20c; merino 18@20c; Southern wool from 2c to 3c lower than Kentucky and Indiana. Wool with burrs picked out and broken up is 2@3c less, dealers and mills preferring wool in fleeces. Wool should not be tied with sisal rope or twine.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

Saturday Evening, June 26.—The refined sugar market was moderately active this week. Prices remained unchanged.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Crystal dominoes	\$7 85	No. 3	\$4 75
Eagle tablets	6 85	No. 6	4 70
Cut loaf	6 25	No. 7	4 65
Cubes	5 55	No. 8	4 60
XXXX powdered	5 45	No. 9	4 55
Powdered	5 35	No. 10	4 50
No. 2 carton gran	5 45	No. 12	4 45
Diamond A	5 20	No. 14	4 40
Stand. gran., bags	5 10		

GRAIN.

WHEAT—	
No. 2 red and longberry	\$1 50
No. 3 red and longberry	1 48
CORN—	
New No. 3 white	78½
New No. 3 mixed	79
OATS—	
No. 3 white	60
No. 3 mixed	58
RYE—	
No. 1 Northwestern	95

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

COTTON.

Middling 11¼c; strict middling 11⅜c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

Wholesale dealers are paying these prices:

BUTTER—Fresh packing 18c per lb.

EGGS—Market steady; case count 18c; candled 19@19½c.

POULTRY—Hens 11½@12c per lb.; roosters 6c; young chickens 10@21c; ducks 8c; turkeys 11c.

Wholesale dealers' selling prices are:

FRUITS—Oranges: California late Valencias, extra fancy, \$3.85 box; budded fancy \$2.75 box; lemons, Messina \$4@4.50 box; California \$2.75@3 box; limes \$1.25 per 100; bananas, average about 60 to 80 lbs., bunch \$2@2.40; 50 to 60 lbs., bunch \$1.60@1.90; 40 to 50 lbs., \$1.25@1.50; 4 to 6-bunch case \$8; 2 to 3-bunch ½ case \$4; black California cherries \$1.75@2.25 box; red California cherries \$1.50@1.75 box; California apricots \$1.75@2 crate; California Clyman plums \$1.75@2 box; Georgia peaches \$2@2.25 crate; Florida watermelons 15@35c each; pineapples \$2.25 per crate.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, home-grown \$1 per crate; potatoes: new Louisiana \$3 bbl.; \$5-lb sack \$1.50; Burbanks \$2.25 per 150-lb. sack; Rurals \$2.25 per 150-lb. sack; onions: new Louisiana \$3 bbl.; new Texas Crystal Wax \$1.25 crate; new Louisiana okra \$3.50 hamper; green beans \$1 hamper; fancy green cucumbers 35c doz.; home-grown radishes 12½c doz.; beets 20c doz.; leeks, bunched, 40c doz.; parsley, curly, 30c dozen; head lettuce \$1.25 per bu.; leaf lettuce, fine, 60c bu.; eggplants, fancy, \$3 crate; kale, fine, 75c bbl.; mushrooms, fresh, 85c lb.; Texas tomatoes 85c 4 baskets; green onions 12½c doz.; turnips 20c doz.; pieplant 20c doz.; Florida squash \$1.50 crate; new peas \$1.25 hamper; asparagus \$1 doz. bunches; corn, new Louisiana \$5 per bbl.; Rockyseed cantaloupes \$2.50@3 crate; California \$5 crate; black raspberries \$2.50 crate; red raspberries \$4.50 crate; dewberries \$2.50 crate.

Wholesale dealers' buying prices are:

VEGETABLES—New potatoes \$1.60 sack; onions \$1.10 sack; beans \$2 barrel; Mississippi tomatoes 75c 4-basket crate; peas \$2.25 @4 bbl.; cherries \$2 crate; Texas onions \$1.25 @1.50 crate; cabbage 75c crate; turnips \$1.75 bbl.

NEW YORK BOND SALES.

(Reported by John L. Dunlap.)

(10 to 10:25 a. m.)
American Ice 6s.
\$4,000 80
Am. T. and T. conv. 4s.
\$15,000 ....104⅝
American Tobacco 4s.
\$2,000 .... 80¼
American Tobacco 6s.
\$2,000 ....111⅝
Armour 4½s, ctfs.
\$1,000 .... 95¼
B. and O. 4s.
\$5,000 ....100¼
Cen. Ga. 2d inc., ctfs.
\$1,000 83
\$1,000 .... 83½
Cen. Ga. 3d income.
\$5,000 80
C., B. and Q. joint 4s.
\$5,000 .... 98⅜
C., R. I. and P. ref. 4s.
\$14,000 .... 91½
Int.-Met. col. tr. 4½s.
\$32,000 .... 80¼
\$1,000 .... 80⅜
Japan 4½s.
\$25,000 .... 93⅝
N. and W. con. 4s.
\$1,000 .... 98⅜
So. Pacific 4s, receipts.
\$100,000 ....102½
So. Pacific ref. 4s.
\$3,000 .... 94½
Southern Railway 4s.
\$19,000 .... 82¾
U. P. conv. 4s.
\$5,000 ....110⅝
Union Pacific 1st 4s.
\$4,000 104
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.
\$16,000 ....105⅝
\$14,000 ....105½
Western Md. 1st 4s.
\$5,000 .... 85⅛
Western Union 4s.
\$5,000 .... 85⅞
(10:25 to 10:55 a. m.)
American Tobacco 4s.
\$1,000 ....111¾
Armour 4½s, ctfs.
\$10,000 .... 95¼
Atchison conv. 4s.
\$7,000 115
B. R. T. 4s.
\$16,000 .... 87½
Cen. Ga. 2d income.
\$1,000 83
C. and O. 4½s.
\$1,000 ....104½
C., B. and Q. joint 4s.
\$3,000 .... 98⅜
C., R. I. and P. ref. 4s.
\$1,000 .... 91⅜
Colorado Industrial 5s.
\$8,000 .... 77⅝
D. and R. G. 4s.
\$5,000 .... 97½
Hocking Valley 4½s.
\$1,000 ....105¼
Int.-Met. col. tr. 4½s.
\$182,000 .... 80¼
Missouri Pacific 4s.
\$1,000 .... 82½
Nat. Ry. of Mexico 4½s.
\$5,000 .... 91½
\$20,000 .... 94⅝
\$1,000 .... 94½
N. Y. Central 3½s.
\$2,000 93
N. Y. City 4s, 1959.
\$5,000 ....100⅞
Northern Pacific 3s.
\$1,000 .... 74⅝
So. Pacific 4s, receipts.
\$21,000 ....102⅝
\$10,000 ....102½
Third Avenue 4s, ctfs., stamped.
\$1,000 .... 71½
Wabash-Pitts. T. 1st 4s, ctfs.
\$2,000 48
(10:55 to 11:45 a. m.)
Armour 4½s, ctfs.
\$15,000 .... 95¼
\$4,000 .... 95⅛
Atchison gen. 4s.
\$22,000 ....101¼
Atch. conv. 4s (w. i.).
\$5,000 ....114⅞
\$20,000 114
Atchison adj. 4s.
\$3,000 .... 93¼
\$4,000 94
B. and O. 4s.
\$1,000 ....100⅞
Brooklyn Un. El. 5s.
\$5,000 104
Cen. Ga. 1st income.
\$4,000 .... 87¼
Cen. Ga. 3d income.
\$2,000 80
Cen. Ga. 3d income, stamped.
\$3,000 80
Central Leather 5s.
\$3,000 .... 98¼
C., B. and Q. joint 4s.
\$4,000 .... 98½
C., B. and Q. g. m. 4s.
\$3,000 .... 99¾
C., R. I. and P. R. R. 4s.
\$20,000 .... 80¼
C., R. I. and P. ref. 4s.
\$26,000 .... 91½
Colorado Industrial 5s.
\$5,000 78
Col. and South. 1st 4s.
\$2,000 .... 97⅞
D. and H. ref. 4s.
\$22,000 ....101⅝
Erie gen. 4s.
\$5,000 78
Int.-Met. col. tr. 4½s.
\$130,000 .... 80½
\$32,000 .... 80¼
\$13,000 .... 80⅜
Japan 4½s.
\$1,000 .... 93¼
Japan new 4½s.
\$1,000 .... 93¼
L. S. and M. S. 4s, 1931.
\$37,000 95
Merchant Marine 4½s.
\$2,000 .... 73⅝
Met. St. Ry. 5s.
\$6,000 .... 81⅜
Nat. Ry. of Mexico 4½s.
\$8,000 .... 94⅝
N. Y. Air Brake 6s.
\$2,000 ....115¼
N. Y. Central 3½s.
\$1,000 93
N. Y. Central 4s.
\$10,000 .... 94⅝
N. and W. con. 4s.
\$20,000 .... 90⅜
N. P. prior lien 4s.
\$1,000 ....102¼
\$5,000 ....102¼
Reading 4s.
\$1,000 100
S. A. and A. P. 4s.
\$1,000 .... 83⅜
So. Pacific 4, receipts.
\$1,000 ....102⅝
So. Pacific ref. 4s.
\$19,000 .... 94½
\$35,000 .... 94⅝
Southern Railway 4s.
\$7,000 .... 82⅞
Third Avenue 4s, ctfs., stamped.
\$4,000 .... 71¼
\$27,000 .... 71½
Union Pacific 1st 4s.
\$28,000 ....104⅛
U. P. conv. 4s.
\$67,000 ....110¼
\$5,000 ....110½
U. S. Leather 6s.
\$14,000 106
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.
\$2,000 ....105¼
\$6,000 105
\$2,000 ....105⅝
\$43,000 ....105½
Wabash 1st 5s.
\$1,000 112
Wabash ex. 4s.
\$60,000 .... 77⅝
\$116,000 .... 77⅛
\$40,000 .... 77⅛
Wabash-Pitts. T. 2d 4s.
\$9,000 .... 9¼
Western Md. 1st 4s.
\$20,000 .... 85¼
(11:45 a. m. to 12:45 p. m.)
Am. T. and T. conv. 4s.
\$5,000 ....104½
American Tobacco 6s.
\$3,000 ....111⅜
Armour 4½s, ctfs.
\$10,000 .... 95¼
Atchison conv. 5s.
\$2,000 ....115½
C., B. and Q. g. m. 4s.
\$2,000 .... 99¾
C., R. I. and P. ref. 4s.
\$1,000 .... 91½
Manhattan 4s.
\$25,000 .... 99⅝
N. Y. Central 3½s.
\$2,000 .... 92⅝
\$3,000 93
N. Y. Central 4s.
\$30,000 .... 95⅛
N. and W. con. 4s.
\$4,000 .... 98½
N. P. prior lien 4s.
\$2,000 ....102½
Northern Pacific 3s.
\$7,000 .... 74¼
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915.
\$4,000 .... 96⅝
Reading 4s.
\$5,000 ....100⅛
So. Pacific 4s, receipts.
\$10,000 ....102½
Western Md. 1st 4s.
\$21,000 .... 85¼
Wisconsin Central 4s.
\$2,000 .... 95¼
(12:45 p. m. to close.)
Allis-Chalmers 5s.
\$5,000 .... 86⅝
Am. T. and T. conv. 4s.
\$10,000 ....104⅝
American Tobacco 4s.
\$1,000 ....111⅝
Armour 4½s, ctfs.
\$5,000 .... 95¼
Atchison conv. 4s.
\$20,000 115
B. and O. 3½s.
\$3,000 .... 94¼
B. and O. S-W. 3½s.
\$20,000 .... 90½
Cen. Ga. 2d income.
\$20,000 .... 83½
\$7,000 84
Cen. Ga. 3d income, stamped.
\$1,000 79
C., B. and Q. joint 4s.
\$1,000 .... 98⅝
\$2,000 100
C., B. and Q. g. m. 4s.
C., B. and Q. Ill. Div. 4s.
\$1,000 ....101¼
C., B. and Q. Neb. ex. 4s.
\$2,000 ....100½
C., R. I. and P. R. R. 4s.
\$1,000 80
C., R. I. and P. ref. 4s.
\$1,000 .... 91⅜
Dist. Securities 5s.
\$2,000 76
Int.-Met. col. tr. 4½s.
\$145,000 .... 80⅝
\$3,000 .... 80½
\$71,000 .... 80⅜
K. C. Southern 3s.
\$15,000 .... 74½
L. and N. unified 4s.
\$1,000 100
N. and W. con. 4s.
\$5,000 .... 98⅜
Penn. conv. 3½s.
\$7,000 ....101¼
Reading 4s.
\$15,000 ....100¼
So. Pacific 4s, receipts.
\$49,000 ....102⅝
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.
\$1,000 ....105⅝
\$1,000 ....105½

Total sales (par value), \$4,755,000.

... ed the receipt of the first bale of Texas cotton and private advices from Georgia stated that the new crop would begin to move by August 10. July notices were estimated at 75,000 to 90,000 bales.

Receipts at the ports to-day were 3,682 bales, against 6,867 last week and 8,891 last year; for the week 30,000, against 33,505 last week and 57,236 last year; to-day's receipts at New Orleans 1,522, against 3,246 last year.

Spot market opened quiet; middling uplands 11.80c; do gulf 12.25c. Closed quiet and 20 points higher; middling uplands 12c; do gulf 12.25c. No sales.

Futures opened steady and closed firm. The range for the day was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.
June	.....	.....	.....	11.60
July	11.36	11.54	11.35	11.54
August	11.43	11.60	11.43	11.60
September	11.50	11.51	11.48	11.58
October	11.54	11.61	11.45	11.59
November	.....	.....	.....	11.61
December	11.56	11.63	11.50	11.64
January	11.53	11.63	11.48	11.61
March	11.54	11.64	11.48	11.61
May	11.58	11.65	11.53	11.65

New Orleans, June 28.—Cotton spots were firm at an advance of ⅛c. Sales were 100 bales on the spot and 200 to arrive. Quotations: Low ordinary 7 13-16c, nominal; ordinary 8⅝c, nominal; good ordinary 10 1-16c; low middling 10 15-16c; middling 11¼c; good middling 11⅝c; middling fair 12¼c; fair 13c, nominal. Receipts 1,522 bales; stock 111,331.

Futures opened steady, with the active months 1@5 points above the close Saturday as a result of bullish advices from abroad and unfavorable crop reports. New high levels were reached in the New Orleans future market during the early trading, when a prominent operator offered to take 10,000 of July at 11.63c. Predictions that there would be a continuation of wet weather in those sections which have already reported great damage to the crop as a result of heavy rains was another bullish factor. Profit-taking served to check somewhat the advance in prices, but the close, which was steady, found July 21 points and the other active months 12@14 points above the close Saturday. The range for the day was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening Bid.	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.
June	11.46*	.....	.....	*11.84
July	11.59	11.82	11.59	11.78
August	11.70	.....	.....	11.75
September	11.68	11.85	11.68	11.85
October	11.55	11.69	11.50	11.65
November	11.56	.....	.....	11.65
December	11.57	11.70	11.51	11.69
January	11.56	11.71	11.52	11.67
March	11.64	11.75	11.59	11.75

*Nominal.

Liverpool, June 28.—Spot cotton moderate business done; prices 6 points higher; American middling fair 6.74d; good middling 6.38d; middling 6.20d; low middling 6.02d; good ordinary 5.76d; ordinary 5.41d. The sales of the day were 7,000 bales, of which 300 were for speculation and export and included 6,300 American. Receipts 10,000 bales, including 2,900 American. Futures opened firm and closed steady.

Galveston, June 28.—Cotton firm; middling 11¼c; net and gross receipts 1,495 bales; sales 911; stock 29,540; exports to the continent 1,866; shipments coastwise 1,605.

Savannah, June 28.—Cotton steady; middling 11¼c; net receipts 121 bales; gross 124; sales 100; stock 26,597; exports to the continent 721; shipments coastwise 95.

St. Louis, June 28.—Cotton firm; middling 11⅝c; net receipts 47 bales; gross 1,300; shipments 1,300; sales 34; stock 27,128.

Memphis, June 28.—Cotton firm; middling 11⅝c; net receipts 34 bales; gross 242; shipments 829; sales 800; stock 32,854.

Boston, June 28.—Cotton quiet; middling 12c; net receipts 32 bales; gross 362.

COTTON COMMENT.

New York.—After absorbing the cotton offered the market took on a full head of steam, developing into a runaway affair, leaving another objective 11½c behind, and took the track for the 12c level with confidence of reaching the goal without pausing to oil or catch a breath.—(Hill, of Logan & Bryan, to W. L. Lyons & Co.

The crop outlook is not bright, but the worst reports are coming from the Lower Mississippi Valley, and some authorities believe that the reports are being exaggerated, although the majority of traders seem to think the present conditions point to nothing less than a crop disaster. While we expect considerable higher prices eventually, we would advise conservatism at this level, as the pace has been very rapid.—(Finley Barrell & Co. to E. E. Paine & Co.

We still advise buying cotton on all breaks and keep long.—(J. S. Bache & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

The next report by the Department of Agriculture is due on Friday, July 2, at noon. That report will be based on conditions as they exist on Friday of this week. A month ago, on May 25, the average condition was 81.1 per cent, compared with the ten-year average of 81.4 per cent. It will probably be a surprise if the condition as of June 25 does not fall somewhat below 80 per cent. The belief in a smaller supply of cotton owing to crop damages and an equally strong faith in larger demand for mill consumption are working in both directions to strengthen and advance prices. The general high level for spots, as well as for future months, indicates that these factors are not simply influential in the transition months of the year. The fact is that the trade is not favorably impressed by crop conditions, and the industry is counting on higher prices for fabrics.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, June 28.—Rapid progress of harvest operations in the Southwest prompted general selling of wheat on the Board of Trade here to-day, resulting in sharp declines in the price of all deliveries. At the close the net losses were from ¾@1⅛c. Corn, oats and provisions followed wheat and closed weak.

Domestic conditions were again the dominating factor for the majority of traders in the wheat pit, and, as nearly all the reports that drifted into the pit to-day told of the steady advance of harvest and claimed generally good yields, sentiment was decidedly bearish nearly all day. The feature of trading was liberal sales by two of the leading cash interests, which selling was based in all probability on greatly increased offerings of new wheat from the country. There was no good support in evidence at any time during the day. An advance of ⅛@⅜d at Liverpool, due, it was said, to bullish advices regarding the wheat crop of France and Argentina, caused a fair degree of firmness at the start, but before the end of the first half-hour sentiment had become bearish and the heaviness increased as trading advanced. Improved weather conditions for harvesting inspired considerable selling. The Weather Bureau reported that the unsettled weather which had prevailed over a considerable portion of the country last week is gradually passing away and clear weather is in sight. The range on the July delivery for the day was between \$1.14½ and \$1.16⅛. The market closed weak, with prices from ⅛c to ½c above the low point of the session. Final figures on July being at \$1.15.

The corn market in general was weak almost all day, although the July delivery manifested considerable strength early in the session owing to a fairly active demand by Eastern shippers for the cash grain. Practically all of the grain in store here was sold to-day to shippers, who will apply it on previous sales, and it was stated that if boats were available the entire stock of contract corn in public elevators here would be shipped out by the end of the week. Favorable crop reports and the slump in wheat were the principal bearish factors. The market closed weak at almost the bottom, with prices ⅜@¾c below Saturday's final quotations.

Oats followed the downward trend of wheat and corn, the market being subjected to general selling pressure all day. Crop reports were almost uniformly favorable except from several localities in Iowa, where some "lodging" was reported as a result of recent wind storms. The market closed weak, with prices ⅜@⅝c below the previous close.

Provisions were weak all day, notwithstanding a 5@10c advance in live hogs. The heaviness was largely due to a marked falling off in demand for the cash products. Prices at the close were unchanged to 22½c lower compared with Saturday's final figures.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open-ing.	High-est.	Low-est.	Clos-ing.
*WHEAT—				
July	\$1 15⅝	\$1 16⅛	\$1 14½	\$1 15
Sept.	1 11⅛	1 11⅛	1 09⅞	1 10⅛
Dec.	1 09⅝	1 09⅝	1 08⅛	1 08½
*CORN—				
July	70⅝	71	70⅛	70⅛
Sept.	68⅛	68⅛	67⅜	67⅜
Dec.	58⅝	58⅝	58	58
*OATS—				
July	50⅛	50⅜	49⅜	49½
Sept.	42⅞	44⅛	43⅜	43⅜
Dec.	44⅛	44⅛	43⅜	43⅞
PORK—				
July	19 92½	20 05	19 92½	19 95
Sept.	20 40	20 40	20 15	20 20
LARD—				
July	11 65	11 65	11 60	11 62½
Sept.	11 77½	11 77½	11 67½	11 67½
RIBS—				
July	11 07½	11 15	11 02½	11 07½
Sept.	11 02½	11 02½	10 92½	10 95

*For the splits on wheat, corn and oats see introduction.

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Winter patents \$6.40@6.75; straights \$6.10@6.35; spring patents \$6@6.30; straights \$4.85@5.10; bakers' \$3.40@5.20. Market firm.

Grain—Feed or mixing barley 64@66c; fair to choice malting do 65@69c; No. 1 Southwestern flaxseed \$1.54½; No. 1 Northwestern do \$1.64½; timothy seed \$3.80; clover \$10.75.

Provisions—Mess pork \$19.92½@19.95 per bbl.; lard \$11.62½ per 100 lbs.; short ribs sides, loose, \$11.07½@11.12½; short clear sides, boxed, \$11.50@11.75.

GRAIN STATISTICS.

Total clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 103,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 257,000 bushels, compared with 394,000 the corresponding day a year ago. The visible supply of wheat in the United States decreased 1,663,000 bushels for the week. The amount of breadstuff on ocean passage decreased 2,840,000 bushels.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow: Wheat 2 cars; corn 324; oats 196; hogs 14,000 head.

DAILY MOVEMENT OF PRODUCE.

Receipts—Flour 22,600 bbls.; wheat 2,450 bu.; corn 277,000; oats 217,800; rye 1,000; barley 87,000. Shipments—Flour 20,700 bbls.; wheat 129,000 bu.; corn 299,000; oats 165,500; barley 23,-

LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

(Reported by Bourbon Stock Journal, Bourbon Stockyards)

Louisville.

Louisville, June 28.—Cattle—Receipts 1,827 head; there was a very good attendance of buyers on the yards, but the demand generally seemed to be lighter than usual, and the market ruled slow; choice finished butcher cattle sold about steady, but all medium and inferior kinds were dull, draggy and unevenly lower; grassy cows and heifers as well as unfinished 900 to 1,200-lb. steers were exceptionally dull. The feeder and stocker market was dull; the best barely steady, all others lower; bulls slow to shade lower; canner and cutter trade dull; milch cows very slow sale; not many prime shipping steers here; they were slow and the medium to light shippers were dull and lower. Pens fairly well cleared; market closed slow.

Calves—Receipts 232; market about steady; bulk of best 6½@7c; medium 4@6c; common 2½@4c.

Hogs—Receipts 3,231; the market ruled mostly 5c higher on good corn-fed hogs; selected 165 lbs. and up \$7.90; 130 to 154 lbs. \$7.20; pigs \$6.65; light pigs \$5; roughs \$6.90 down. Buyers discriminating against grassy half-fat hogs and light pigs are extremely dull.

Sheep and Lambs—The receipts were 8,332 head, a good per cent. of the number being stock sheep and the lambs run largely to the medium and fair kind with a good many culls. The trade was slow and bulk of the best lambs here sold at 8@8¼c, with a few cars prime lambs as high as 8½c; in fact, the few prime lambs here changed hands more readily at 8½c than the medium and fair kinds did at 8@8¼c; seconds sold at 6@6½c; culls 3@4½c; fat sheep slow at 4c down; the stock ewe trade was rather slow; prices are so high that buyers are taking hold reluctantly, and they want only the best ewes. Common trashy sheep very dull.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, June 28.—Cattle—Receipts 19,000, including 14,000 Southerns; market for fed cattle strong to 10c higher; top \$7; market for grassers \$10@15c lower; calves 25c lower; choice export and dressed beef steers \$6.50@7; fair to good \$4.85@6.40; Western steers \$4.75@6.75; stockers and feeders \$3.75@5.50; Southern steers \$3.90@5.50; Southern cows \$2.70@4.65; native cows \$2.25@5.40; native heifers \$3.25@7; bulls \$3@5; calves \$3.75@7. Hogs—Receipts 3,500; market 5@15c higher; top \$7.95; bulk of sales \$7.45@7.90; heavy \$7.80@7.95; packers and butchers \$7.65@7.90; light \$7.40@7.77½; pigs \$5.50@7.25. Sheep—Receipts 4,000; market strong; lambs \$6.50@8.50; yearlings \$5.25@6.25; wethers \$4.25@5.10; ewes \$4@4.75; stockers and feeders \$3.25@5.10; Texas muttons \$4@4.75.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, June 28.—Cattle—Receipts 8,726, including 6,578 Texans; market steady to 15c lower; native shipping and export steers \$6.20@7.15; dressed beef and butcher steers \$5.75@6.50; steers under 1,000 lbs. \$4.50@6; stockers and feeders \$3.25@4.75; cows and heifers \$3.75@7; canners \$2.20@3; bulls \$3.70@5.10; calves \$5.50@7.50; Texas and Indian steers \$3.75@6.50; cows and heifers \$2.25@5.20. Hogs—Receipts 5,291; market 10@15c higher; pigs and lights \$5.65@7.90; packers \$7.60@7.90; butchers and best heavy \$8@8.20. Sheep—Receipts 3,280; market 15@25c lower; native muttons \$3.80@4.75; lambs \$6.10@8.35; culls and bucks \$3.50@5.50; stockers \$3.50@4.90.

New York.

New York, June 28.—Beeves—Receipts 3,081; good to choice steers steady to strong; others lower; steers \$5.50@7.25; one car extras \$7.40; bulls \$3.25@4.60; cows \$2.15@4.75; dressed beef steady. Calves—Receipts 7,572; market 50@75c lower; market slow but about all sold; veals \$5.50@8.25; culls \$4.50@5; buttermilks \$4@4.25; dressed calves easier; city-dressed veals 9@13½c per lb.; country-dressed 8@11c; dressed buttermilks 7@8c. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 18,248; sheep and lambs steady; sheep \$3@5; few choice \$5.25; culls \$2.50@2.75; lambs \$7@9.25; general market \$8@9; culls \$5.50@7. Hogs—Receipts 6,826; market higher at \$7.90@8.25.

Chicago.

Chicago, June 28.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 8,000; market strong to 10c higher; steers \$5.50@7.35; cows \$4@5.25; heifers \$3.60@6.50; bulls \$3.40@5.25; calves \$3@7.25; stockers and feeders \$3.30@5.25. Hogs—Receipts estimated at 28,000; market 5@10c higher; choice heavy \$8@8.10; butchers \$7.90@8.05; light mixed \$7.60@7.75; choice light \$7.75@7.85; packing \$7.75@7.95; pigs \$5.60@7.25; bulk of sales \$7.80@8. Sheep—Receipts estimated at 20,000; market for lambs strong; others weak; sheep \$4@5.50; lambs \$7.50@8.75; yearlings \$5@6.75.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, O., June 28.—Cattle—Receipts 741; market active and strong; 10c higher; fair to good shippers \$5.60@6.60; common \$2.25@3.75. Hogs—Receipts 2,685; market active, 10c higher; butchers and shippers \$8.15@8.20; common \$6@7. Sheep—Receipts 1,257; market steady, \$2.50@5. Lambs steady, \$4.25@8.50.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, June 28.—The cotton market had another sharp advance to-day, establishing new records for the season, with the close firm at a net gain of 15@21 points. The market opened firm at an advance of 1 point on July, generally 6@10 points higher, in response to steady cables, bullish private crop reports and a continuation of the aggressive bull support noted Saturday. At first July was held back by the circulation of notices, but it soon became evident that there was a demand for all contracts offered and that position firmed up with the rest of the list. Realizing was extremely heavy around the initial figures, and in spite of near-month firmness the market sagged off 5 or 6 points during the late forenoon, with the setback encouraged by better weather South, an idea that progress has been made toward discounting a bullish July bureau and the natural tendency to anticipate a reaction following such a sharp advance as recently experienced. There was little or no bear pressure, however, and after the market had absorbed realizing sales to an estimated extent of fully 200,000 bales the upward movement was resumed, accompanied by even greater activity and excitement than had been noted previously since the advance started. Some of the biggest trade interests were buyers of the near months and there was a general demand for late months, but after selling up to 11.66c for December realizing again set in and later fluctuations were irregular. The close was within 2 or 3 points of the best. Southern spot markets reported early were unchanged to ⅛c higher. Houston report-

400.

CARLOT RECEIPTS.

Wheat 1 car with no contract grade; corn 202 with 106 of contract grade; oats 89. Total receipts of wheat at Chicago, Minneapolis and Duluth to-day were 229 cars compared with 401 last week and 259 the corresponding day a year ago.

PRODUCE AND POULTRY.

Butter steady; creameries 22@25c; dairies 20@23½c. Eggs steady; receipts 10,577 cases; at mark, cases included, 18c; firsts 20c; prime firsts 21c. Cheese easy; daisies 14@14½c; twins 13½@13¾c; young Americas 14@14¼c; long horns 14@14¼c. Potatoes weak; choice to fancy 15@25c; fair to good 15@25c. Poultry steady; turkeys 14c; chickens 13c; springs 16@22c. Veal steady, 50 to 60-lb. wts. 7@8c; 60 to 85-lb. wts 8½@9c; 80 to 110-lb. wts 9@10½c.

Visible Supply of Grain.

New York, June 28.—The visible supply of grain in the United States on Saturday, June 26, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange, was as follows: Wheat 11,280,000 bu., decreased 1,664,000; corn 3,374,000 bu., increased 173,000; oats 6,287,000 bu., decreased 417,000; rye 170,000 bu., decreased 5,000; barley 697,000 bu., decreased 55,000.

The visible supply of wheat in Canada on Saturday, June 26, was 2,716,000 bu., a decrease of 421,000.

Foreign Crop Advices.

Crop advices cabled to Dornbusch as late as the middle of June from European countries credit Great Britain with further improvement of the excellent prospects of earlier dates, with wheat well headed in the South in channel counties. Rye harvesting has been under way in the south of France and that of wheat and oats is now beginning, with optimistic returns expected.

Roumania reports a much improved outlook after fresh rains, though conditions are less favorable in the Braila district. Austria-Hungary expects a larger crop by 11 per cent. than was estimated earlier. Asia Minor is receiving new barley and samples are good. The Anatolian plain has better quality and equal quality with that of last year. In Australia the recent rains have assured good yields.

GRAIN LETTERS.

Chicago.—The market opened steady, but immediately turned weak and showed a substantial decline on persistent selling by leading holders who fed out wheat constantly on every hard spot. While commission houses absorbed the majority of offerings on a scale down, buying power was very limited, and the market finally closed exceedingly heavy at only slightly above the low figures for the day. The local crowd, as usual, was endeavoring to follow the lines of least resistance, but were exceedingly cautious on the selling side, being inclined to accept fractional profits rather than to follow up their advantage. While we believe that our exportable surplus will prove the price barometer, would rather sell wheat on bulges for the present, as foreigners, in our opinion, will not be in a hurry to load up at present prices, at least until something develops to bring about a radical change in the crop prospects of the world. In view of the continued favorable corn outlook, and prospects of heavier movement later, we rather favor sales of September corn on all fair rallies from present prices. Oats ruled lower on brilliant crop prospects and lower cash prices. Nothing has developed in the situation to change our previous ideas, and we still believe that lower values are inevitable.—(Finley Barrell & Co. to E. E. Paine & Co.

Chicago.—The wheat market showed a marked reversal of form, which was to be expected after the radical upturn on report of export business. On the breaks think December and September will be given good support, but would not ignore profits on the long side. French news unfavorable and public and private cables from the Argentine Republic said drouth continued to the detriment of crops. The visible decreased 1,663,000 bushels, and is now down to 11,280,000 bushels, which means reserves are practically exhausted and that from now on are practically dependent on crop wheat. A large decrease in world's stocks is indicated this week. Even with a good crop in this country, if foreigners will take wheat at this level, short selling will not be a safe proposition. Corn prices on a fair trading basis.—(S. B. Chapin & Co. to S. C. Henning & Co.

Chicago.—There was a well-defined belief in the trade after the first half-hour that the recognized bull leaders had sold a certain quantity of wheat for all months during the morning, and that this started quite general selling. The new wheat has not begun to move. There is no probability that Chicago will have much of a movement from the new crop in July. Possibly a fair run during the last week or ten days of the month. Foreigners are after the new wheat in this country in competition with domestic millers. A few points in Illinois where harvest is in progress report fairly good yields. So far conditions in the Northwest are flattering for the spring crop. These constitute the bearish features of the day, and everything else was bullish. Cables brought reports of light yields and poor quality of wheat from the French crop. Drouth continues to injure the prospect of the new Argentine wheat crop. Chicago stocks decreased in public elevators 618,000 bushels for the week, leaving only 924,000, and much of this was sold to go out by July 1. This is a close finish on old wheat supplies. It looks like a strong cash wheat situation, which will make short selling of the futures at a heavy discount a risky operation. Cash sales to country mills reached 100,000 bushels. Total visible supply is down close to 11,000,000 bushels. Wet weather is becoming a serious feature over the southern half of the winter wheat belt. Kansas yield is light. Buy wheat on breaks. We prefer buying side of the heavily discounted corn months. September corn at 67½c, with No. 3 mixed selling at 72½c on the tables, looks good to buyers, especially as the country is not offering reserves freely. If any further break in oats is forced we believe investors will take hold of the late months around the 43c level as they did before.—(Logan & Bryan to W. L. Lyons & Co.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, June 28.—Wheat—Spot No. 2 red Western winter nominal; futures steady; July 8s 2⅝d; September 8s 7⅜d; December 8s 5⅛d. Corn—Spot, new American mixed (via Galveston), steady, 6s 5d; futures quiet; July 5s 8d; September 5s 8⅛d.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New York.

New York, June 28.—Butter steady to firm; creamery specials 25½@26c; official price 25½c; creamery extras 25c; do thirds to firsts 21@24½c; State, dairy, common to finest 20@25c; do process, common to special 18@23c; Western factory 18@21c; Western imitation creamery firsts 22c. Cheese easy; State full cream specials 13½@14c; do small colored and white and large colored fancy 13¼c; do common to good (new) 10@12½ skims, full to special 2@11c. Eggs stronger; receipts 8,729 cases; State, Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected white 28@29c; do fair to choice 25@27c; do brown and mixed fancy 25@26c; do fair to choice 22½@24c; Western extra firsts 22½@23c; do firsts 21@21½c; do seconds 20@20½c; Southern 17@20½c. Poultry—Alive, Western chickens, broilers 22c; fowls 15½c; turkeys 13c; dressed steady; Western chickens, broilers 18@24c; fowls 15@15½c; turkeys 11@20c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3.42c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3.92c; molasses sugar 3.17c; refined steady; crushed 5.65c; powdered 5.05c; granulated 4.95c.

Flour—Receipts 10,026 bbls.; exports 14,266; market dull and about steady. Rye flour quiet. Cornmeal barely steady; kiln-dried \$3.80. Rye dull. Barley quiet.

Wheat—Receipts 108,700 bu. Spot market easy; No. 2 red old \$1.47 nominal in elevator and f. o. b. afloat; new \$1.24½ and August f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth old \$1.38 nominal f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter old \$1.35 nominal f. o. b. afloat. Brilliant crop prospects caused a lot of long wheat to be dumped on the market to-day, filling up the crowd and breaking prices over a cent per bushel. Leading Western bulls were conspicuous sellers. Near the close slight rallies occurred and final prices were ⅝@1c net lower; July \$1.24⅛@1.25⅛, closed at \$1.24⅝; September \$1.17⅜@1.18⅜, closed at \$1.17⅝; December \$1.15⅞@1.17¼, closed at \$1.15⅞; May closed at \$1.17⅞.

Corn—Receipts 1,125 bu. Spot market easy; No. 2 old 80½c in elevator and 79c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 new 66c for winter shipment. Option market was without transactions, closing ⅛@⅜c net lower; July closed at 79c, September at 75⅜c and December at 68c.

Oats—Receipts 65,650 bu. Spot market quiet; mixed, 26@32 lbs., 60c nominal; natural white, 26@32 lbs., 59@62c; clipped white, 34@42 lbs., 60½@65½c.

Hay dull. Hops quiet. Hides firm. Leather, wool and beef steady. Cut meats firm. Lard easy; Western \$11.85@11.95; refined barely steady. Pork quiet. Tallow dull. Cottonseed oil easy; prime crude nominal; do yellow \$5.58@5.62; September \$6@6.01. Petroleum steady. Rosin quiet. Turpentine easy at 45c. Rice firm. Molasses steady.

Metals—The London tin market was lower to-day, with spot quoted at £132 7s 6d and futures at £134 2s 6d. Locally the market was steady, with spot quoted at \$29.12½@29.37½. Copper declined 5s in the London market, with spot closing at £59 2s 6d and futures at £60. Locally the market was dull and unchanged. Lake is quoted at \$13.25@13.62½, electrolytic at \$13@13.12½ and casting at \$12.75@13. Lead was a shade lower at £12 18s 9d in London. Locally the market remained quiet at \$4.35@4.45. Spelter was unchanged at £21 17s 6d in London and remained quiet at \$5.40@5.45 locally. Iron was a little lower at 48s 3d for Cleveland warrants in the London market. No change was reported in the situation locally. No. 1 foundry Northern is quoted at \$16.50@17, No. 2 do at \$16@16.50 and No. 1 foundry Southern and No. 1 Southern foundry soft at \$16.25@16.50.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, June 28.—Wheat—No. 2 red cash \$1.29@1.30 new, \$1.51 old; No. 2 hard \$1.20@1.34; July \$1.11¼@1.11⅜; September \$1.08⅝. Corn—No. 2 cash 72½c; No. 2 white 75c; July 70⅜@70½c; September 67c. Oats—No. 2 cash 51c; No. 2 white 55½c; July 47½c; September 42⅝@42½c. Lead \$4.32½. Spelter \$5.35. Poultry—Chickens 12c; springs 16@20c; turkeys 13c; ducks 9c; geese 4c. Butter—Creamery 21@25c. Eggs 15c, case count. Flour dull; red winter patents \$6.50@7; extra fancy and straight \$5.75@6.40; hard winter clears \$4.75@5.10. Timothy seed \$2.75@3.25. Cornmeal \$3.50. Bran lower; sacked on east track \$1.11@1.12. Hay weak; timothy \$11@17; prairie \$10@13. Whisky \$1.41. Iron cotton ties 80c. Bagging 7¾c. Hemp twine 7c. Pork steady; jobbing \$20.25. Lard lower; prime steam \$11.32½@11.42½. Dry salt meats steady; boxed extra shorts and clear ribs 11⅛c; short clears 11½c. Bacon steady; boxed extra short and clear ribs 12⅝c; short clears 12⅞c. Receipts—Flour 4,700 bbls.; wheat 3,000 bu.; corn 88,000; oats 91,200. Shipments—Flour 3,300 bbls.; wheat 9,600 bu.; corn 38,100; oats 53,700.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, June 28.—Wheat—Cash: No. 2 hard \$1.28@1.36; No. 2 red \$1.28@1.33. Futures: July \$1.07⅛; September \$1.04⅛; December \$1.03⅛. Corn—Cash: No. 2 mixed 66@66½c; No. 2 white 69½@70c. Futures: July 64⅞c; September 62⅝c; December 53½c. Oats—Cash: No. 2 white 53@55½c; No. 2 mixed 49½@51c. Butter—Creamery extra 23c; firsts 21c; seconds 19c; packing stock 18c. Eggs—Extras 21½c; firsts 19½c; current receipts 17½c; seconds and dirties 16c. Receipts—Wheat 16,000 bu.; corn 47,000; oats 10,000. Shipments—Wheat 4,000 bu.; corn 29,000; oats 7,000.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, June 28.—Whisky—Distillers' finished goods steady on basis of \$1.37. Butter steady. Eggs steady at 15@20½c. Poultry steady; springers 16@20c; hens 12½c; turkeys 14c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm; No. 2 red winter \$1.51@1.52. Corn dull and easy; No. 2 mixed 74½@75c. Oats barely steady; No. 2 mixed 56½@57c. Rye steady; No. 2 88@90c. Lard firm at \$11.50@11.60. Bulk meats strong at \$11.62½. Bacon firm at \$12.37½. Sugar firm.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, June 28.—Wheat—July \$1.27; September \$1.11⅛; December \$1.06⅛; cash: No. 1 hard \$1.29⅜@1.30⅛; No. 1 Northern \$1.28⅜@1.29⅛; No. 2 Northern \$1.26⅜@1.27⅛; No. 3 Northern \$1.24⅜@1.25⅜. Bran in bulk \$21.50@22. Flour—First patents \$6.30@6.50; second patents \$6.20@6.40; first clears \$5.05@5.25; second clears \$3.65@3.85.

Duluth.

Duluth, June 28.—Wheat—On track: No. 1 hard \$1.29½; No. 1 Northern \$1.28; No. 2 Northern \$1.26; July \$1.27; September \$1.11¼. Flax—On track \$1.76; July \$1.75; September \$1.47¼; October \$1.41¼. Oats—On track 51½@52½c.

Toledo.

Toledo, June 28.—Clover-seed—Cash \$6.60; October and December \$7; March \$7.10. Prime timothy \$2. Prime alsike \$7.90; August \$8.30.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, June 28.—Barley—Samples 68@71c.

COFFEE MARKET.

New York, June 28.—The market for coffee futures opened irregular at an advance of 5 points to a decline of 10 points, June being relatively steady on a little demand in the absence of sellers. Later, however, the near months were offered a little more freely and the entire list eased off under liquidation and trade selling which may have been encouraged by the increasing movement. Havre closed ¼@½f lower and the local market closed barely steady at a net decline of 5@15 points. Sales were reported of 21,750 bags, including June at 6.20c, July at 6.15@6.20c, September at 5.70@5.75c, December at 5.60@5.65c, March at 5.65@5.70c and May at 5.65@5.70c.

Spot market quiet; Rio No. 7 7⅝c; Santos No. 4 9@9½c. Mild dull; Cordova 9½@12½c.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, June 28.—Spirits of turpentine firm at 41½@42½c; sales 1,037 casks; receipts 905; shipments 427. Rosin firm; sales 1,417 bbls.; receipts 1,814; shipments 3,745; stock 123,603; B \$2.65@2.72½; D \$3; E \$3.40@3.55; F \$3.80@3.90; G \$3.80; H \$4@4.10; I \$4.20@4.25; K \$4.80@4.95; M \$5.05@5.20; N \$5.10@5.30; window glass \$5.40@5.55; water white \$5.40@5.95.

Charleston, June 28.—Spirits of turpentine quiet at 42c. Rosin quiet; A, B and C \$2.55@2.80; D \$2.95@3.10; E \$3.40@3.55; F \$3.85@3.90; G \$3.85@3.95; H \$4@4.10; I \$4.20@4.25; K \$5.05@5.20; M \$5.10@5.25; window glass \$5.40@5.55; water white \$5.40@5.60.

Wilmington, June 28.—Spirits of turpentine steady at 40½c; receipts 33 casks. Rosin steady at \$2.90; receipts 48 bbls. Tar firm at \$1.60; receipts 1 bbl. Crude turpentine firm at \$1.75, \$2.75 and \$3.50; receipts 77 bbls.

Oil Quotations.

Oil City, June 28.—Credit balances \$1.63; runs 248,256 bbls., average 154,053; shipments 280,879 bbls., average 200,004.

Toledo, June 28.—North Lima 89c; South Lima and Indiana 84c.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, June 28.—Semi-annual clearance sales in the jobbing houses gave an appearance of activity in the dry goods market at the opening. Purchases were fair, but not large, and jobbers made no push sacrifice values. The cotton goods market is very strong, a further advance of ⅛c a yard being noted in denims, and other minor advances were made. Raw silk is firm, but is not being bought freely from the new crop. Dress goods continued in good request from jobbers for fall delivery.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, June 28.—Wool weak; medium grades, combing and clothing 21½@27½c; light fine 20½@26c; heavy fine 13½@21c; tub-washed 25@36½c.

Elgin Butter.

Elgin, June 28.—Butter firm at 25c. Sales for the week 1,131,400 pounds.

London Wool Arrivals.

London, June 28.—The wool arrivals for the fourth series of sales, which will open shortly, are as follows: New South Wales 61,096 bales; Queensland 14,884; Victoria 31,410; South Australia 5,561; West Australia 1,292; Tasmania 2,538; New Zealand 100,783; Cape of Good Hope and Natal 60,905; Australasian forwarded direct to spinners 55,000; old stock brought over from previous sale 10,000; Cape of Good Hope and Natal forwarded direct to spinners 50,000. The net available for the sales is 150,050 bales.

Clarksville Tobacco Market.

Clarksville, Tenn., June 28.—The tobacco market continues active. The receipts in this market will be much larger than last year and quick sales are being made. The receipts in the independent market last week were 267 hogsheads; sales 117 hogsheads. The receipts on the loose floor amounted to about 65,000 pounds. The tobacco has nearly all been delivered, but few crops remaining in the barn. The local salesman of the Dark Tobacco Growers' Association sold during the week 1,168 hogsheads, of which the Spanish buyers took 737 hogsheads at from four to nine cents per pound. Home buyers purchased 429 hogsheads and wanted more. Following are price quoted:

Trash	\$4 00@\$4 50
Low lugs	4 75@ 5 25
Common lugs	5 25@ 5 75
Medium lugs	6 00@ 6 50
Good lugs	6 50@ 7 00
Low leaf	7 00@ 8 00
Common leaf	8 25@ 8 75
Medium leaf	9 00@10 00
Good leaf	10 50@12 00
Fine leaf	12 50@13 50
Choice selections	14 00@16 00

CANADA'S SOD HOUSES.

[New York Sun.]

If you read that a family lives in a sod house you may conclude that poverty compels it; but this is not true on the Canadian prairies, where sod houses are the advance agent of prosperity.

The homesteader who obtains a slice of that rich wheat land doesn't wait to build a regular house before starting to grow riches from the soil. Even if he were minded to build he would have difficulty in doing it, for there is no lumber handy. So it is better to wait until the locomotive catches up.

If you start out from any of the towns which are springing up almost overnight in the fertile stretches of Saskatchewan or Alberta you will strike first well ordered farms and substantial houses, but if you get away ten miles or more the sod houses will begin to appear.

It is not unusual to see signs of luxury about these sod houses. They are comfortable abiding places, cool in summer and warm in winter.

NOTICE TO

The Louisville Home Telephone

BONDHOLDERS

Coupons on The Louisville Home Telephone Bonds, due July 1, 1909, for convenience of local holders, will be paid

on JUNE 29 and 30 at

United States Trust Co.

S. W. Cor. Fifth and Main Sts., Louisville, Ky.

First and Refunding 5% Mortgage Bonds.

We offer for sale these very attractive Bonds of the Aurora, Elgin and Chicago Railroad Company, due July 1, 1946, coupons July and January, Bonds dated July 1, 1906, ever since which time the interest has been regularly and promptly paid, and regular quarterly dividends of 1¼ per cent. paid on the preferred stock, and dividends at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum have been paid on the common stock ever since October, 1907.

The present net earnings are twice the amount of the entire bond interest and taxes, and these earnings are increasing at the rate of about \$100,000 every year. Present price 93. We expect to see this price advance very soon.

Apply To

JOHN W. & D. S. GREEN ..... Louisville, Ky.

Or To

HAYDEN MILLER & CO. ..... Cleveland, Ohio

SOUTHERN NATIONAL BANK.

Security—Liberality—Courtesy.

Louisville Public Warehouse Company

(Incorporated)

Storage for Household Goods and General Merchandise

Private Compartments.

Vaults for Silver and Valuables.

Steel Felt-lined Trunks Furnished Free of Charge.

Office Brook and Main Sts.

FINANCIAL.

W. L. Lyons & Co.

BONDS FOR INVESTMENT YIELDING 5% OR BETTER.

ODD LOTS N. Y. STOCKS.

MEMBERS { New York Stock Exchange. New York Cotton Exchange. Louisville Stock Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade.

Washington Flexner & Co.

Members Louisville Stock Exchange

Bond and Stock Brokers

Private Wires to All Markets.

450 W. Main St. Louisville, Ky.

J. J. B. Hilliard & Son,

248 FIFTH ST.

STOCKS and BONDS

Investment Securities a Specialty.

Private wires to Messrs. Ex. Norton & Co. (members of the New York Stock Exchange) and all principal markets.

Louisville City Railway 6 Per Cent. Bonds,

which mature and will be paid off July 1, we will take at 100 and interest to July 1 in exchange for other securities which our clients may buy from us. Call and see us.

JOHN W. & D. S. GREEN

145 South Fifth st., Louisville, Ky. Both phones 55.

We have recently added an additional private wire to Chicago to our facilities, and are prepared to give the very best service on grain business.

S. C. Henning & Co.

116 S. Fifth Street.

MEMBERS New York Stock Exchange Chicago Board of Trade

R. Palmer Fox, Mgr. Grain Dept.

L. H. McHenry & Co.

WALKER BUILDING,

Fifth and Market Sts.

BONDS and STOCKS

For Investment.

Men's Priestley's English Cravenetted Mohair Suits. $18

The dressiest things you ever saw in featherweight clothes. Coats and trousers in light and dark patterns. Spanish Linen Suits at $10; Linen Crash Suits at $7.50; Skeleton Coats at $2.50 to $8; White Duck Trousers at $1 and $1.50; French Flannel Trousers at $5 and $6.

Levy's
Third & Market
The Bright Spot in Louisville.

Courier-Journal.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.

TUESDAY............JUNE 29, 1909

CITY FEATURES.

Summer Evening Life In New York
Has all the charms and fascinations of life in London during the "season" if one knows where to find the characteristic and delightful features peculiar to the great metropolis. The one which perhaps more than any other has all the touches of foreign social life, so much appreciated by travelers, is the delightful Summer Garden, with the adjoining Terrace, of the magnificent Hotel Plaza, at Fifth avenue and Central Park, New York. The service and cuisine, under charge of "Lattard," known on two continents, and the music by Franko's Orchestra, insure ideal conditions.

COUNTY SCHOOLS

HOLD COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES TO-MORROW NIGHT.

Fifty-eight Young Persons To Receive Diplomas At Girls' High School.

The commencement exercises of the Jefferson County Public Schools will take place to-morrow night at 8 o'clock at the Girl's High School, Fifth and Hill streets. The programme will be out to-day and it promises some interesting features for the public. Mrs. Rosa Stonestreet, superintendent of the county schools, says that there will be no admission fee and no tickets and the public is invited. The address to the class this year will be delivered by Winfield Waters, son of Lawrence Waters, County Treasurer. These commencements have been interesting features of the county school work. The graduates come from the various district schools over the county. The list of graduates follows:

Rank Alsip	Carrie Moore
Catherine Akers	Paul Miller
Lydia Lee Baker	Willie Miller
John Breitenstein	Lillian Olges
Gertrude Bell	Georgia Pectol
Bernhardt Buckle	Virginia Porter
Ethel Baker	Maude Poulter
Martin Bauer	Alice Reinstedler
Pearl Crowder	Harry Rabenecker
Lucile Crabtree	Ruth Reid
C. DeHaven Chamberlain	Elizabeth Roman
	Amy Rees
Alberta Diemer	Cleveland Swearingen
Sylvia Dwinell	
Lillian Driver	Hugh Summers
Edith Fegenbush	Nellie Singleton
Dora Farmer	George Scott
Thursa Gill	Bessie Mae Swann
Ethel Hikes	Mary Seitz
Virginia Hart	Augusta Schoening
Warre Hardy	Mamie Simcoe
John Paul Horne	Harold Stovall
Clarence Heady	Alma Schmutz
David Jones	Nora Tucker
Mary Kesler	Jesse J. Wiser
Josephine Kennedy	Newland Waters
Marie Kennedy	Chester Whistler
Henry Meier	Ethyle Wood
Caroline Meier	Mary Wittenauer
Stella May Miller	Margaret Williams

REVENUE COLLECTIONS SHOW INCREASE FOR YEAR.

The internal revenue collections for the fiscal year ending June 30 will show an increase of a quarter of a million dollars over last year. To-day and to-morrow will be the last days of the year and at present the gain is $216,416.02 with a total of $1,156,219.77. The collections yesterday were below the high average that has been maintained during the present month. They were as follows:

Lists, 11c; beer, $2,895; whisky, $26,816.06; cigars, $997.89; tobacco, $7,511.04; special tax, $3,452; bottling stamps, $338. Total, $42,210.63.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued in the County Clerk's office yesterday:

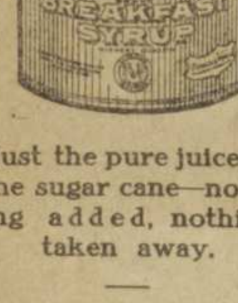
John C. Eastland and Lucy Barret Waggener.

Philip H. Quillman and Adelaide B. Wessel.

Joseph D. Tinker and Rosa A. Hemmerle.

Syrup right from Sugar Cane Land.

Old Louisiana Syrup, the Southern kind we know about.



Just the pure juice of the sugar cane—nothing added, nothing taken away.

For Sale by all Grocers

PENICK & FORD, LTD.
New Orleans, La.

AGED WOMAN

Dies At Her Home In Charlestown, Ind.

NEVER RECOVERED FROM FALL SUFFERED TWO YEARS AGO.

WAS DAUGHTER OF PIONEER CIRCUIT RIDER.

SEMI-ANNUAL SETTLEMENT.

Information rached Jeffersonville early yesterday morning of the death of Mrs. Mary Ann Shelby, who had reached the advanced age of 94 years, at her home in Charlestown, Ind., where she had resided since a child not more than 6 years old. For a long time previous to her death Mrs. Shelby had been an invalid and was looked after by her daughter, Mrs. Ella Runyan, who is a widow and who after the death of her husband went to the home of her mother to give her the personal care and comfort she required. A few years ago Mrs. Shelby sustained a fall, which resulted in one of her hips being fractured. This was the beginning of her decline.

Mrs. Shelby was a daughter of the Rev. Rezin Hammond, a pioneer circuit rider, who was born in Libertytown, Frederick county, Md., on April 15, 1788, and died at Charlestown on November 5, 1871, after having attained the age of 83 years. He was licensed to preach when 19 years old and at the age of 23 was married to Miss Ann T. Williams. Four years later, April 16, 1815, the daughter who became Mrs. Shelby was born in the vicinity of Baltimore. The family moved to Indiana in 1821, and Mr. Hammond is said to have been the first preacher of the Methodist Episcopal Church to deliver a sermon in the city of Indianapolis, which was only a hamlet at the time. In a short time Mr. Hammond located at Charlestown.

There his daughter grew up and early in life was married to Uriah B. Shelby, whose great grandfather, Isaac Shelby, was the first Governor of Kentucky. Mr. Shelby was a merchant at Charlestown for a long time, but has been dead many years. Mrs. Shelby was one of seven children born to her parents, the last of whom now living is Thomas Hammond, of Indianapolis. Besides Mrs. Runyan, Mrs. Shelby is survived by three other daughters, Mrs. James L. Jenkins, of Indianapolis; Miss Maggie Peits, of St. Louis, and Mrs. George B. Simpson, of Kansas City. Evan Shelby, a son who died many years ago, was Recorder of Clark county, Ind., at one period.

Distribute Large Sum.

Albert E. White, deputy in the office of Peter Nachand, Auditor of Clark county, yesterday in Jeffersonville began making the semi-annual settlement with the townships and corporations. The total amount to be distributed is $95,148.47, from the following sources: Additional special school revenue, $1,026.89; additional road tax, $4,219.20; road tax, $1,522.67; township revenue, $7,114.11; township poor tax, $2,066.02; special school revenue, $15,864.36; local tuition tax, $16,914.51; corporation tax, $42,881.27; library tax, $1,148.06; bridge tax, $488.68; corporation sinking fund tax, $2,417.71.

The township distributions are as follows: Jeffersonville, $4,856.33; Utica, $2,578.28; Charlestown, $5,313.14; Owen, $593.22; Bethlehem, $1,345.91; Washington, $2,288.04; Monroe, $2,617.62; Silver Creek, $3,646.47; Wood, $1,655.20; Oregon, $1,749.06; Carr, $1,300.62; Union, $1,758.91. To corporations the following amounts will be paid: Charlestown, civil $2,344.59, school $1,688.45; Port Fulton, civil $1,638.15, school $646.82; Clarksville, civil $3,892.35, school $2,544.32; Sellersburg, civil $565.22, school $811.56; Jeffersonville, civil $38,032.94, school $11,211.15; New Providence, civil $390.73, school $381.72; Claysburg, civil $172.32, school $59.04, and to the Jeffersonville township library, $1,125.30.

NOTES OF THE NEWS FROM JEFFERSONVILLE.

—William Dietrich, who went to Pekin, Washington county, and became critically ill while there, has improved considerably, and it is now believed he can be brought to his home within the next few days.

—The Associated Charities of this city will hold the annual meeting of the body in the parlors of the First Christian church this evening, and officers for the ensuing year will be named. There will be a number of reports read.

—Corporation assessments have been taken up by the Board of County Review, which began its annual session on June 7, and a number of representatives of corporate bodies will be heard during the next few days.

—A report has been filed by Thomas H. Stradley, administrator of the estate of Robert Grayson, showing that an increase of 10 per cent. on a bid for real estate had been made by Robert Grayson, Jr., the amount being $536.50, and a deed was ordered made.

—Nothing has been heard by Curtis W. Ballard, Circuit Clerk, regarding the application for the commitment of John Bernickel, on whom an inquest was held a week ago, to the Central Hospital for the Insane. He is being held at the county jail.

—The civic committee of the Jeffersonville Commercial Club will begin active duties again in the next few days, Henry A. Burtt, chairman, said yesterday, as other things that have required the attention of the members have been disposed of.

—Suit for divorce was filed in the office of Curtis W. Ballard, Circuit Clerk, yesterday by Lily Sauer against Louis Sauer on the ground of failure to provide. They were married January 2, 1893, but the date of the separation is not shown. Custody of four children is asked and $6 per week is demanded for support.

—Fry Curry, Township Trustee, is looking for a site on which to build a schoolhouse for colored children living outside of the city so that the expense of transfers can be avoided. It is his desire to find a place where all of the colored children north and west of the city can be provided for.

—Charles W. Hamilton, whose occupation was given as that of a plater, and Miss Ethel A. Pixley, both of this city, were married Sunday night by Magistrate Hay. The bridegroom is only 18 years old, while the bride became 16 last January. The parental consent of both applicants was given.

—Judge Montgomery has approved the report of Joseph A. McKee, administrator of the estate of Simeon Johnson, who was guardian of Mary S. Bonner, in which it was asked that judgment for $750 be given against the estate of Matthias Patterson, which has since been done.

—Benjamin Schaefer, an aged resident of this city, who boards at Mrs. Mary Carroll's, was badly hurt last evening by a horse he was driving becoming frightened at a car at Ninth and Spring streets. The animal ran away, smashing the buggy he was attached to against a post, throwing Schaefer out and dragging him a considerable distance.

—Cards have been received in this city announcing the marriage of Mrs. Louise Sittel, who formerly lived here, and Henry Sittel at Nashville, Tenn. The bridegroom and the first husband of the bride were cousins. Mr. Sittel is manager of the Pullman Hotel, at Nashville, and was formerly assistant chief of the fire department in that city.

—Postmaster J. R. Lancaster expects to be notified to-morrow as to who will be given the contract for carrying the mail between the post-office and the Ninth-street depot of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railway. One of the bidders is Stephen Miller, who has the contract at this time, but has become dissatisfied with the amount paid.

—In the City Court yesterday morning Oscar Hay was given a hearing on the charge of operating a lunch wagon without a license and the case was dismissed on the ground that Hay had been told by Charles A. Schimpff, City Controller, that a license used by the former owner of the wagon was transferable. It was the belief of Judge Poindexter that Hay was acting in good faith, but would have to secure another license.

Reappointed Stenographer.

J. P. Martine was appointed stenographer in the Police Court by Judge McGee yesterday morning for the fifth consecutive term to serve during the next four years. Mr. Martine's term would have expired at noon yesterday and Judge McGee anticipated this event. Mr. Martine has served in this capacity for the last twenty years under all varying administrations. The position pays $100 a month.

HYGIENIC DIET

People who prefer a vegetable diet to one of meat and who look for maximum nourishment with variety find a most unusual food in Faust Brand Spaghetti.

So admirably does it lend itself to the making of endless tempting and nourishing dishes—whether for dinner or supper—that it has taken the place of meat even in many non-vegetarian homes.

Faust Spaghetti is a food to work on. Makes blood, bone, muscle and energy—and, unlike meat, does it without taxing the digestion or overheating the blood.

Then consider the economy of it! At only five and ten cents a package it has no equal as a nourishing, sustaining food within reach of all.

And as to its adaptability—the book of recipes sent free on request merely suggests the endless number of ways of serving it—as a simple side dish, a sweet pudding, or as the best part of a substantial meal; and, what is best of all, in such appetizing and tasty forms that it is always welcome.

MAULL BROTHERS, ST. LOUIS, MO.

WAGE SCALE

ADJUSTED BY AMALGAMATED ASSOCIATION IRONWORKERS.

Mrs. Josephine Reisz Has Narrow Escape From Injury By Falling Pole.

The Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers and the Western Bar Association have adjusted the wage scale for the ensuing labor year, beginning July 1. Several days ago a conference of the committees was held at Cambridge Springs, Pa., and but slight changes were made in the scale from that of last year.

Joseph Grandidier, of New Albany, representing the Amalgamated Association, was a member of the conference committee, having served in that capacity for several preceding years. The Ohio Falls Iron Works, of New Albany, is running full time now and as orders are improving at all the mills, it is hoped they will be idle no more for months.

Has Narrow Escape.

Mrs. Josephine Reisz, an old resident of New Albany, was standing on the pavement in front of her home, 606 State street, that city, buying vegetables from a hukster wagon, when a guy wire pole fell with a crash. The pole struck the wagon, demolishing a wheel, which bounded to the pavement and hit Mrs. Reisz on the foot, which was badly bruised. That neither she nor the huckster was killed is considered a miraculous escape, as the large pole fell in front of them.

"Mikado" To-morrow Night.

Everything is in readiness for the initial performance of Mikado to-morrow night at Glenwood Park, near New Albany, by the Summer Opera Company, that has already given "Chimes of Normandy" and "Bohemian Girl" in the preceding years at the same place. But one opera is attempted each year by the excellent company, which is made up of amateurs, but so great is the pains taken with the smallest details of the work that a most finished performance is the result.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM NEW ALBANY.

—Mr. and Mrs. Watson Conner, of New York, are visiting their mother, Mrs. J. H. Conner, 313 East Elm street.

—A "Deestrick Skule" entertainment will be given to-night at the Armory by New Albany Company, U. R. K.

—Frank Cannon, of Owensboro, Ky., and Dr. H. Ray Cannon, of New York, are visiting their mother, Mrs. G. C. Cannon, East Sixth and Main streets.

—Mrs. Wallace Fullenlove and her little daughter, Mary Alleen, of Chicago, are visiting Mrs. M. V. Fullenlove, East Eleventh street, and other relatives.

—George Baker has announced himself a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Councilman in the Sixth ward and John Knauer in the Fifth.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Fawcett, 15 DePauw avenue, will leave this week for a visit in Minneapolis, Duluth and other places in Minnesota.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. E. McCulloch have returned from Martinsville, where they went to have their son treated for rheumatism.

—Dr. G. O. Ernl has returned from Detroit, where he attended the National Homeopathic Association's annual meeting.

—Margaret, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Goodman, died yesterday morning at their home, 617 East Oak street. The burial will be held in St. Mary's cemetery to-day.

—The New Albany National, the Merchants' National and the Second National Banks have declared a semi-annual dividend of 5 per cent., payable July 1, free of taxes.

—At the rectory of St. Mary's Catholic church this morning the marriage of Miss Mary A. Ritz, 431 East Fourth street, and Clarence E. Sillings, 317 East Elm street, will be solemnized. The Rev. G. C. Borries will perform the ceremony.

—Dr. Martin Hassenmiller, of West Baden Springs, is visiting relatives here, having traveled in his automobile in company with his sister, Mrs. Charles Muilineaux, of Ansonia, Conn., who is spending several weeks in New Albany.

—During the absence of the family, the residence of Sheridan Sowle, 511 East Main street, was entered by sneak thieves and a sum of money and gold watch stolen.

—Mrs. Joseph Taylor, who had been visiting Mr. and Mrs. George W. Robb at their home, "Borden Hill," eighteen miles north of the city, left yesterday for New York for a visit before returning to her home in Texas.

—Mrs. Charles Sinex, 1620 East Spring street, who was operated on yesterday for the removal of a tumor, was fairly comfortable last night at St. Joseph's Infirmary, Louisville, where she went for treatment.

—Miss Ella Vance, who has been with her aunt, Mrs. C. W. DePauw, at "Beechwood," on the Charlestown road, for a few days, left last night for Memphis, Tenn., to visit her sister, Mrs. Charles B. Brooks, who, as Miss Betty Vance, is pleasantly remembered here.

—The Altar Guild of St. Paul's Episcopal church has elected officers to serve next year as follows: President, Mrs. Charles W. McCord; vice president, Mrs. M. A. Garner; secretary, Mrs. O. A. Rose; treasurer, Mrs. J. S. Collins; director, Mrs. Evan B. Stotsenburg; assistant director, Mrs. Gertrude McCord.

—A lecture on "Washington as It Was and Is" will be delivered to-night at the Park Christian church by the Rev. A. C. Krim, of Seattle, Wash., who removed from Indiana to that State several years ago. He conducted a series of revival meetings in the Park Christian church during his residence in Indiana.

—The last special shipment of raspberries was sent out last night over the Monon, a train of three cars having gone. For two weeks the trains have gone each day, two to five cars having been filled. The next crop to be hauled will be blackberry, which is expected to be a large one this year.

—A suggestion has been sent to the Ministerial Association of this city by Judge George B. Cardwill, secretary of the Commercial Club, that sermons next Sunday, Independence day, be devoted to the moral betterment of municipalities, which, he says, "are apt to cling to old methods because of inertia and unwillingness to change."

—New Albany Chapter of the Tri-Kappas at a recent meeting elected the following officers: Miss Hettie Neat, president; Miss Josephine Reed, vice president; Miss Grace Baerd, corresponding secretary; Miss Winifred Conner, recording secretary; Miss Alma Barth, treasurer. Miss Winifred Conner will entertain the society July 9 at her home on the Silver Hills.

—Mrs. Charles D. Kelso pleasantly entertained the members of the Billiken Club at her home on the Silver Hills west of the city, serving a four-course luncheon. There were present Mesdames Frank H. Wilcox, John Ziegelbauer, Thomas M. McCulloch, J. R. Duffin, Harvey McCulloch, M. M. Brown, Harry Hopkins, Harry Kenney, Miss Delphine Croxall and Mrs. John Harbaugh, Chicago.

—A euchre will be given to-morrow afternoon and night at St. Joseph's Hall, East Eighth street, near Spring, by the Ladies' Hospital Club for the benefit of St. Edward's City Hospital. An enjoyable time is assured those attending, as twenty-five handsome prizes have been provided for distribution among the successful players in order to add to the interest of the game.

—The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Broecker, widow of Conrad Broecker, was held yesterday morning from St. Mary's Catholic church, of which she was a devout member. The Rev. George C. Borries, the associate rector, conducted the services, which were largely attended by the older residents of the city, and the burial was in the cemetery on the Charlestown road.

—The Rev. Michael Halpin, who has been the assistant of the Rev. Charles Curran, rector of Holy Trinity Catholic church, will leave to-morrow for Bradford, having been appointed rector of the Catholic church there. The Rev. Father Halpin leaves many friends here, his pleasant manner and engaging traits of character having won him a warm place in their esteem.

—During the last few days the following transfers of property have been filed for record in the office of the County Recorder at New Albany: Martin J. Insull et al. to Josephine Jolissaint, five feet of lot 12, Vincennes street, plat 453, $70; Hordon R. Jones to Israel P. Park, lots 2, 4 and 13, Park's plat, Galena, $300; N. T. DePauw to Adolph Day, lot 40, Ekin avenue, $1; Adolph Day to N. T. DePauw, lot 38, plat 359, $1; Gertrude Stroebel to Henry P. Lottich, part of lot 27 East Spring street, $750; George R. Fox to Noble C. White, land in 32-2-5, $1.

AFTER THREE YEARS RIDDELL IS ARRESTED

CHARGED WITH MAKING AWAY WITH EMPLOYER'S MONEY.

ADMITS GUILT AND SAYS HE IS SORRY.

NOW IN THE COUNTY JAIL.

After having been a fugitive for three years, Overton Riddell, aged 21 years, ventured to return to his old home at 318 North Twentieth street, a week ago. Capt. Foster and Sergt. Tully learned that the young man was in the city and Riddell's arrest followed on a charge of grand larceny. When Riddell was 18 years of age he was employed in the office of W. R. Gregg, a building contractor of Louisville. One Saturday afternoon in September, 1906, he was sent by his employer to the bank with a check for $189. Riddell was instructed to deposit $20 of the amount in a trust company and then return to the office with the $169, so the payroll of the week could be made out.

Riddell took the check to the bank, cashed it and deposited the $20 in the trust company, but never returned with the $169, it is alleged. He disappeared and Mr. Gregg never heard from him until one of Mr. Gregg's relatives was surprised to see the young man in a Louisville store making some purchases a few days ago. This information was communicated to Mr. Gregg, who discussed the case with the authorities, and Riddell's arrest followed.

From Louisville, Riddell went to Memphis, from Memphis to New Orleans, and then to San Francisco. For some time he stayed in this city and later decided to go to El Paso, Tex. A few months ago, while in that city, he was out riding with a party of young friends when he was thrown from an automobile and sustained a serious injury to his leg. This caused his thoughts, he says, to turn more frequently to his old home, and, as his family had been urging him to return, he decided to come to Louisville.

Friends, he asserted, endeavored to persuade him to seek work in Louisville, Cincinnati, Indianapolis or some other neighboring city.

"I took the money on the impulse of the moment and ever since I have regretted the act," said Riddell in discussing his arrest at the county jail yesterday afternoon. "My relatives have enough money, I believe, to return the money to my former employer if that is what he wishes, but if he wants to prosecute the case I can take my medicine like a man. I suppose I can stand two years in the penitentiary. Others have. I am sorry, but of course it's too late now."

Riddell was placed in the hospital ward at the jail, where the better class of prisoners are confined.

Mr. Gregg said last night that unless the $169 was returned to him he would prosecute the case to the full extent of the law.

$9.00 Chicago and Return —Monon Route—

E. H. Bacon, D. P. A.

July 3, 4, 5; return limit July 6. Tickets honored in parlor and sleeping cars.

GOOD ADVICE

HANDED OUT BY HEALTH OFFICER BAKER.

Calls Attention To Fourth-of-July Accidents and Cautions Against Carelessness.

Dr. T. H. Baker, City Health Officer, in the hope of preventing the usual long list of Fourth of July fatalities, has issued a bulletin in which he gives some valuable advice toward the prevention of accidents, as well as to offer some suggestions as to treating accident cases. His suggestions follow:

"The day devoted to the pursuit of tetanus is but a few days off—July 4.

"Tetanus, or lockjaw, is caused by the lodgment of the tetanus germ in a wound, often a slight and quite unnoticed wound. The germ is inactive so long as exposed to the air, but when carried beneath the skin and buried in the flesh, as in wounds from blank cartridges, percussion caps, rusty nails, etc., and the air thus excluded, it then produces a poisonous, virulent condition, deadly in the extreme.

"In an endeavor to remove any doubt as to the absolute necessity of having a physician to attend all Fourth of July wounds we cite the following necessary and most approved treatment, even in slight wounds:

"First—Freely incise every wound.

"Second—Carefully and thoroughly remove from the wound every particle of foreign matter.

"Third—Cauterize the wound thoroughly with 25 per cent. carbolic acid.

"Fourth—Apply loosely a wet pack of boric acid.

"Fifth—Give a full dose of anti-tetanic serum.

"Sixth—In no case close the wound. Allow it to heal by granulation and redress it every day.

"For the protection of the public the Health Department will carry a supply of tetanus anti-toxin for distribution during the week preceding and the four weeks following the Fourth of July. When a patient is too poor to pay for the serum it will be furnished free upon the signing of a receipt by the attending physician stating that it is to be used in a purely charity case.

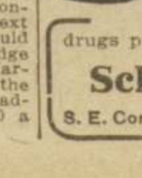
"HEALTH DEPARTMENT,
"City Hall, Louisville."

If you are one of the two people necessary to a real estate transaction, let a want ad. introduce you to the other one.

Non-committal Verdict.

An inquest into the circumstances surrounding the death of John Farrell, who was killed by a fall through the elevator shaft at the Sunny Brook distillery, Twenty-eighth street and Broadway, several days ago, was held yesterday by a Coroner's jury which returned a non-committal verdict.

Convenience



For our Patrons—Our messenger service is second to none. We call for and deliver prescriptions from any part of the city without extra charge. One call will convince you our service is the best, our drugs pure.

Schlosser Bros.
S. E. Cor. 2d & Chestnut. Both phones

EMPTY BENCH

Greets Attorneys and Litigants In First Division.

VACANT CHAIR OF JUDGE FIELD DRAPED IN MOURNING.

JUDGE KIRBY REASSIGNS CASES ON DOCKET.

IN THE COURTS YESTERDAY.

The greeting to litigants, attorneys, witnesses and jurors in the First Division of the Common Pleas branch of the Jefferson Circuit Court yesterday morning was an empty bench draped heavily in mourning, the silent ensign that the former occupant would never return. Just one week after Judge Emmet Field had been stricken down in his courtroom the wheels of justice were ready to turn again. As the courtroom began to fill people gathered in squads and began to speculate as to what would be done, as Gov. Willson had not as yet named a successor to Judge Field. It was soon rumored that there was no such thing as selecting a special judge, as all vacancies by death must be filled by the Governor.

At 10 o'clock John Page, Deputy Circuit Clerk, appeared and rapped for order. He said that within a few minutes Judge Kirby would take the bench and reassign the cases set for last week and those set for yesterday. At 10:15 o'clock Judge Kirby took the bench and in very short order disposed of the business announced. Judge Kirby reassigned the cases as he came to them on the docket. He said that he would not go further than yesterdays' docket for the reason the Governor might appoint a successor to Judge Field, who would be ready to enter upon his duties this morning. The jurors were told to go and come again at 10 o'clock this morning. At this the crowd filed out of the room and all was silent once more.

In the Criminal Court.

William Moore entered a plea of guilty yesterday in the Criminal Court to the charge of housebreaking and consented to take three years in the penitentiary, but the jury thought he ought to have four years in the penitentiary and they gave it to him. Moore broke in to the house of Henry Thomas, a negro, living in the West End about two months ago and stole a razor and a pair of trousers.

James Skinner, a negro who had previously served a term in the penitentiary, was tried in the Criminal Court on the charge of housebreaking and was given three years in the penitentiary by the jury. Skinner was charged with breaking into the house of Mrs. Mary Ansbrough and making away with a pair of shoes and other wearing apparel on May 22 last.

Silas Owens was given one year in jail in the Criminal Court by the jury on the charge of stealing a lot of laces from a wagon on Center street.

Mary Ham, a negro of the Tenderloin, was fined $75 in Criminal Court on the charge of keeping a disorderly house. The charge of operating a lottery was dismissed.

Sallie B. Moore was adjudged an idiot by a jury in the Criminal Court and an allowance of $75 a year was made for her support. Leo Lewis was appointed her committee.

Arthur Wagoner was readjudged an idiot in the Criminal Court and an allowance of $75 a year was made to his mother for his maintenance.

Wills Filed For Probate.

The will of Charles L. Hughes was filed for probate in the County Court yesterday afternoon and directs that his gold watch and chain shall go to his son, William Hughes, and his gun and hunting outfit to his son, Allen Hughes. The testator desires that his sister, Louise, be given $300 a year so long as she remains unmarried. It is directed that his sons, William and Allen Hughes, shall be given $10,000 when they attain their majority. The remainder of the property shall be divided equally between the brothers when Allen is 23 years old. If Allen proves to be wasteful of his estate he shall not receive his residue until he is 25 years of age. The Fidelity Trust Company is named as executor. Dr. Charles Hoeing, the testator's brother-in-law, is named as guardian of his two sons.

Leaves Property To Children.

Lucretia Wyatt Kendall's will was filed in the County Court yesterday in which she leaves her silverware, watch and earrings to her daughter, Lillian Kendall, and her ring to her son, William Kendall. She leaves $10 to Mrs. Mary Leichtle. The executor is instructed to sell the remainder of the property, including the home and hold the proceeds for the benefit of the two children. It is the desire of the testatrix that the two children be put in the care of the Louisville Baptist Orphans' Home until they are 18 years old. When the children has attained their majority the executor is directed to divide the property equally between them. Leonard W. Doolan is named as executor.

The will of Peter H. Heyer was filed for probate. The testator leaves all his property to his wife during her natural lifetime, and at her death it is to be equally divided among the three children, Caroline Laufer, Katherine Downs and Ida Herms. The will, however, directs that Katherine Downs and Ida Herms are each to receive $150 more than Caroline Laufer for the care they have bestowed upon their mother. J. P. Downs, son-in-law of the testator, is made executor.

Verdict For $2,500.

The jury in Judge O'Doherty's court in the case of Jacob Fried against the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for $2,500. The plaintiff alleges that he was struck by a freight train at the Magnolia-avenue crossing last September and injured in body and limbs. He sued for damages in the sum of $10,065.

Court Paragraphs.

—The grand jury only returned one indictment yesterday, that against William O'Bannon on the charge of embezzlement.

—V. B. Pulliam sued the Louisville Tobacco Warehouse Company for $222, which he claims is due him for soliciting tobacco consignments for the defendant.

—J. W. Cooper sued Idella Sutton Russell and her husband, James Russell, on a promissory note for $150 and for the sale of a certain parcel of land to satisfy claim.

—Maud White sued Andrew White for divorce on the grounds of abandonment and asks the custody of a child and alimony at the rate of $4 a week during pendency of the suit. They were married in Nashville in 1903.

—Andrew M. Sea, administrator of Robert S. Miller, sued the Michigan Mutual Life Insurance Company for $600 for a life insurance policy. William Steimele is asked to show what claim or interest he has in the policy.

—Andrew M. Sea, administrator of Robert S. Miller, sued the Germania Life Insurance Company and William Steimele for the collection of $500 said to be due on a life insurance policy. Steimele is asked to show what right he has to claim an interest in the policy.

—Charles Cargile sued the Illinois Central Railroad Company for damages in the sum of $1,999 for alleged personal injuries received a few days ago while loading stone. Plaintiff alleges a heavy stone fell on his foot and badly crushed it through the negligence of defendant's employes.

—Emilie Kramer Threedoubell sued George Threedoubell for divorce on the ground of failure to support. Plaintiff also asks for the custody of two children and $30 a month alimony. She also asked for an order restraining the defendant from molesting or interfering with her. They were married December 24, 1904, in Jeffersonville, Ind.

BODY OF LEWIS REDD IN LAST RESTING PLACE.

The funeral of Lewis B. Redd, a former superintendent of the street-cleaning department and a one-time active worker in the Democratic party, took place at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Mr. Redd died early Sunday afternoon at the city hospital, after an illness of tuberculosis. He had been taken to the institution from his room, a modest little place near Second and Jefferson streets, nearly a month ago, and he commented on the hopelessness of his case when he was placed in the hospital.

More than 60 years of age, Mr. Redd had been connected with the street-cleaning department for more than thirty years and at one time was its superintendent. Through his interest in local politics he became well-known about town, and although he was prosperous at one time, he died in reduced circumstances. He was never married.

During the six years prior to the last change of administration, while Mr. Redd was in charge of the department of street repairs, he became acquainted with the conditions of many of the destitue and needy people in various parts of the city. To these Mr. Redd took succor many times, and this quality of sympathy and charity made the man loved by those who knew him.

"Bargain Counter" Bargains At Keisker's are the greatest and best values in FINE FURNITURE that have been offered in the history of the retail furniture business of our city. ACTUAL COST OR LESS PREVAILS.

462 Fourth Avenue. Look For Removal Sale Signs.

"ANITA" SPARKLING WATER for HIGHBALLS.



"ANITA" GINGER ALE FOR HIGHBALLS

None Better—None Purer—Sold Everywhere. Ask for it.

Anita Spring Water Co.
333 WEST MAIN

The Charm of a Dainty Bathroom

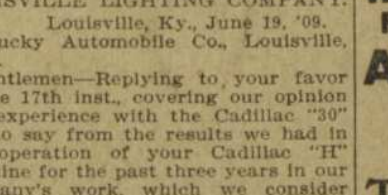


is greatly enhanced by the installation of a "STANDARD" Porcelain Enameled One-piece Lavatory. Its gracefulness of design, its snowy, lustrous whiteness make it infinitely more sanitary and attractive than any other style of washstand. With a bedroom so equipped the occupant is to a great degree independent of the bathroom. The cost is moderate—the comfort value enormous.

A very complete line of these lavatories is on exhibit in our show rooms, and we will be glad to render you expert assistance in making selections.

The Ahrens & Ott Mfg. Co.
(Incorporated)
319-323 WEST MAIN ST.

What They Say of $1,400 CADILLAC "30"



LOUISVILLE LIGHTING COMPANY.
Louisville, Ky., June 19, '09.
Kentucky Automobile Co., Louisville, Ky.

Gentlemen—Replying to your favor of the 17th inst., covering our opinion and experience with the Cadillac "30" beg to say from the results we had in the operation of your Cadillac "H" machine for the past three years in our company's work, which we consider the most severe that an automobile can stand up under, and after canvassing the market thoroughly this spring we concluded the best value we could secure was the purchase of your Cadillac "30," in comparison with other machines which we saw. This machine was placed in service during the month of March, and I am pleased to state that it has given thus far the most satisfactory results, and we feel that we have made no mistake in our purchase of same.
Yours Very Truly,
A. M. WORTHINGTON,
General Manager.

Kentucky Automobile Co.
(Incorporated.)
951 Third St., Near Breckinridge.

6 HOOSIER FLYERS Daily to Indianapolis
7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m.; 1:30, 4:30, 6:30 p. m.
HOTEL to HOTEL 4 Hours
Depot, Third st., near Walnut— Louisville and Indianapolis Electric.
LOUISVILLE, JEFFERSONVILLE, SELLERSBURG, SCOTTSBURG, CROTHERSVILLE, SEYMOUR, COLUMBUS, EDINBURG, FRANKLIN, GREENWOOD, INDIANAPOLIS

WE CARRY A COMPLETE STOCK OF LUMBER And Manufacture Sash, Doors, Blinds and Finish.
Hardwood Veneered Doors and Trim Our Specialty
THE FREY PLANING MILL CO.
Successors to LORTZ & FREY PLANING MILL CO.

THE "NAME" COUNTS.



The name ANCHOR on a Gas Stove COUNTS because it is known as the only absolute safe Gas Stove made. There are many so-called safe Gas Ranges, though none but the ANCHOR have the Patent Safety Inside Oven Lighter and Oven Cock Locks. Therefore none are safe but the ANCHOR.
ANCHOR STOVE & RANGE CO.
(Incorporated.)

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$10.00 and upwards
ANY REASONABLE AMOUNT
Merchants, Companies, Corporations and Banks borrow money. Everybody borrows from somebody when in need. Now, if you need any money come in and let us explain the fairest, easiest and best system of loaning money to housekeepers and others that has ever been attempted. No advance charges or annoying investigations.
Call, write or phone Home 1421.
Fidelity Loan Co.
402 S. Fourth St.
Over Kirby's 10c Store.

THE BEST WALL PLASTER IS ATLAS
Hardens Quickly. Made of the Highest Class Materials. Costs No More Than Inferior Plasters.
Made by Atlas Wall Plaster Co. (Incorporated.)
Office and Factory, Thirtieth and Greenwood. Telephone 8655.
Wm. Mielke, President. G. E. Stopher, V. Pres. A. Bower, Sec. & Treas.



SELLING COAL IS A BLACK BUSINESS
Yet will treat you white if you become a customer of ours. Order at least a trial ton of our JELLICO BLOCK at Summer Prices—$3.75 a ton. No dirt—no slack.
J. K. LEAHY & SON
243 FIFTH ST. Both Phones.



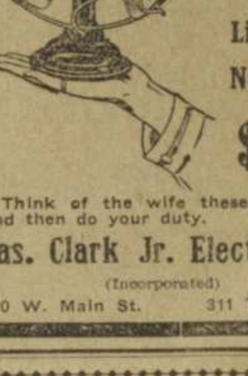
You're Going Camping?
We can supply you with tents made of extra heavy duck and strongly roped by hand. We are the largest manufacturers in the South and carry a complete line at all times. Mail orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed. Our service will please you.
Southern Tent & Awning Co.
We Sell or Rent.
219 W. MARKET STREET
Both Phones 1184.

Years Of Experience
Have proven that the first requisite of a good refrigerator is in the packing of its walls. We claim that our NORTH STAR REFRIGERATOR with cork insulation, cannot be excelled.
GEHER & SON
215 Market St., Near Second.

Remember The Klauber Sale
It will continue during the summer months.
KLAUBER,
222 Fourth Avenue

MORPHINE and other drug habits are positively cured by HABITINA. For hypodermic or internal use. Sample sent to any drug habitue by mail. Regular price $2.00 per bottle—FREE at your druggist or by mail in plain wrapper.
Delta Chemical Co., St. Louis, Mo.
For sale by Taylor-Isaacs Drug Co. (Incorporated.)

The Baldwin Piano Player.
"An achievement of unlimited musical possibilities."
Represents the most advanced development in player construction. Possesses every facility for musical expression, combined with the greatest ease in manipulation.
"It seems very human," says De Pachmann.
Its splendid resources make it indispensable to every music-loving home. Inspection invited.
The Baldwin Co.
(Incorporated)
425 S. Fourth St.
MANUFACTURERS.



Electric Fans 4½ Lbs. Light and Noiseless $8.50
Think of the wife these hot days and then do your duty.
Jas. Clark Jr. Electric Co.
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520 W. Main St. 311 Third Ave.

Money to Loan ON REAL ESTATE
Louisville Title Co.
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